

Operating Instructions

Capacitive double rod electrode for level measurement

VEGACAL 69

For connection to a controller



Document ID: 31181



VEGA

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1 About this document

1.1 Function

This operating instructions provides all the information you need for mounting, connection and setup as well as important instructions for maintenance, fault rectification, the exchange of parts and the safety of the user. Please read this information before putting the instrument into operation and keep this manual accessible in the immediate vicinity of the device.

1.2 Target group

This operating instructions manual is directed to trained personnel. The contents of this manual must be made available to the qualified personnel and implemented.

1.3 Symbols used



Document ID

This symbol on the front page of this instruction refers to the Document ID. By entering the Document ID on www.vega.com you will reach the document download.



Information, tip, note

This symbol indicates helpful additional information.



Caution: If this warning is ignored, faults or malfunctions can result.



Warning: If this warning is ignored, injury to persons and/or serious damage to the instrument can result.



Danger: If this warning is ignored, serious injury to persons and/or destruction of the instrument can result.



Ex applications

This symbol indicates special instructions for Ex applications.



SIL applications

This symbol indicates instructions for functional safety which must be taken into account particularly for safety-relevant applications.

- **List**

The dot set in front indicates a list with no implied sequence.

- **Action**

This arrow indicates a single action.

- 1 **Sequence of actions**

Numbers set in front indicate successive steps in a procedure.



Battery disposal

This symbol indicates special information about the disposal of batteries and accumulators.

2 For your safety

2.1 Authorised personnel

All operations described in this documentation must be carried out only by trained, qualified personnel authorised by the plant operator.

During work on and with the device, the required personal protective equipment must always be worn.

2.2 Appropriate use

VEGACAL 69 is a sensor for continuous level measurement.

You can find detailed information about the area of application in chapter " *Product description*".

Operational reliability is ensured only if the instrument is properly used according to the specifications in the operating instructions manual as well as possible supplementary instructions.

2.3 Warning about incorrect use

Inappropriate or incorrect use of this product can give rise to application-specific hazards, e.g. vessel overfill through incorrect mounting or adjustment. Damage to property and persons or environmental contamination can result. Also, the protective characteristics of the instrument can be impaired.

2.4 General safety instructions

This is a state-of-the-art instrument complying with all prevailing regulations and directives. The instrument must only be operated in a technically flawless and reliable condition. The operator is responsible for the trouble-free operation of the instrument. When measuring aggressive or corrosive media that can cause a dangerous situation if the instrument malfunctions, the operator has to implement suitable measures to make sure the instrument is functioning properly.

The safety instructions in this operating instructions manual, the national installation standards as well as the valid safety regulations and accident prevention rules must be observed by the user.

For safety and warranty reasons, any invasive work on the device beyond that described in the operating instructions manual may be carried out only by personnel authorised by the manufacturer. Arbitrary conversions or modifications are explicitly forbidden. For safety reasons, only the accessory specified by the manufacturer must be used.

To avoid any danger, the safety approval markings and safety tips on the device must also be observed.

2.5 EU conformity

The device fulfils the legal requirements of the applicable EU directives. By affixing the CE marking, we confirm the conformity of the instrument with these directives.

The EU conformity declaration can be found on our homepage.

2.6 Installation and operation in the USA and Canada

This information is only valid for USA and Canada. Hence the following text is only available in the English language.

Installations in the US shall comply with the relevant requirements of the National Electrical Code (ANSI/NFPA 70).

Installations in Canada shall comply with the relevant requirements of the Canadian Electrical Code.

2.7 Safety instructions for Ex areas

For Ex applications, only devices with corresponding Ex approval may be used. Observe the Ex-specific safety instructions. These are an integral part of the operating instructions and are enclosed with every device with Ex approval.

2.8 Environmental instructions

Protection of the environment is one of our most important duties. That is why we have introduced an environment management system with the goal of continuously improving company environmental protection. The environment management system is certified according to DIN EN ISO 14001.

Please help us fulfil this obligation by observing the environmental instructions in this manual:

- Chapter " *Packaging, transport and storage* "
- Chapter " *Disposal* "

3 Product description

3.1 Configuration

Scope of delivery

The scope of delivery encompasses:

- Level sensor VEGACAL 69

The further scope of delivery encompasses:

- Documentation
 - Operating instructions VEGACAL 69
 - Instructions for optional instrument features
 - Ex-specific "*Safety instructions*" (with Ex versions)
 - If necessary, further certificates



Information:

Optional instrument features are also described in this operating instructions manual. The respective scope of delivery results from the order specification.

Scope of this operating instructions

This operating instructions manual applies to the following instrument versions:

- Hardware from 1.0.0
- Software from 1.3.0
- Only for instrument versions without SIL qualification

Constituent parts

The VEGACAL 69 consists of the components:

- Process fitting with probe
- Housing with electronics
- Housing cover, optionally available with display and adjustment module

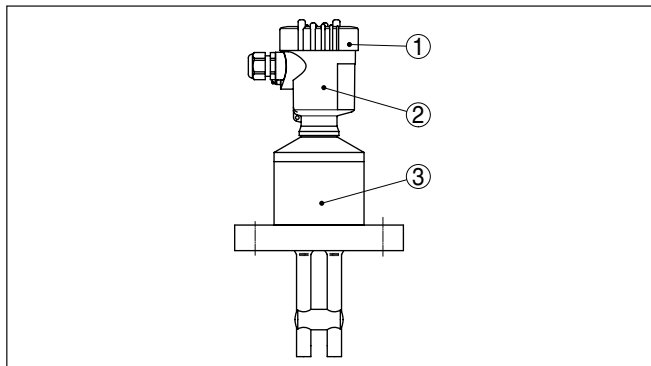


Fig. 1: VEGACAL 69 - double rod probe with plastic housing

- 1 Housing lid with integrated display and adjustment module (optional)
- 2 Housing with electronics
- 3 Process fitting

Type label

The type label contains the most important data for identification and use of the instrument:

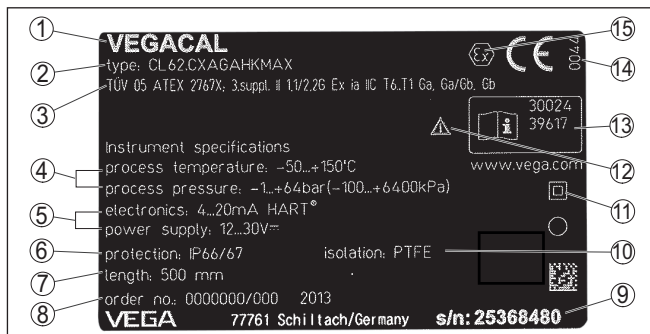


Fig. 2: Layout of the type label (example)

- 1 Instrument type
- 2 Product code
- 3 Approvals
- 4 Process and ambient temperature, process pressure
- 5 Power supply and signal output, electronics
- 6 Protection rating
- 7 Probe length
- 8 Order number
- 9 Serial number of the instrument
- 10 Material wetted parts
- 11 Symbol of the device protection class
- 12 Reminder to observe the instrument documentation
- 13 ID numbers, instrument documentation
- 14 Notified authority for CE marking
- 15 Approval directives

With the serial number, you can access the delivery data of the instrument via "www.vega.com", "Search". You can find the serial number on the inside of the instrument as well as on the type label on the outside.

Serial number - Instrument search

The type label contains the serial number of the instrument. With it you can find the following instrument data on our homepage:

- Product code (HTML)
- Delivery date (HTML)
- Order-specific instrument features (HTML)
- Operating instructions and quick setup guide at the time of shipment (PDF)
- Order-specific sensor data for an electronics exchange (XML)
- Test certificate (PDF) - optional

Move to "www.vega.com" and enter in the search field the serial number of your instrument.

Alternatively, you can access the data via your smartphone:

- Download the VEGA Tools app from the "Apple App Store" or the "Google Play Store"
- Scan the DataMatrix code on the type label of the instrument or
- Enter the serial number manually in the app

Application area

3.2 Principle of operation

VEGACAL 69 is a level sensor for continuous level measurement of liquids in non-conductive vessels or of corrosive liquids.

The double rod probe is fully insulated and highly resistant.

Functional principle

Probes and measured product form an electrical capacitor. The capacitance is influenced by three main factors.

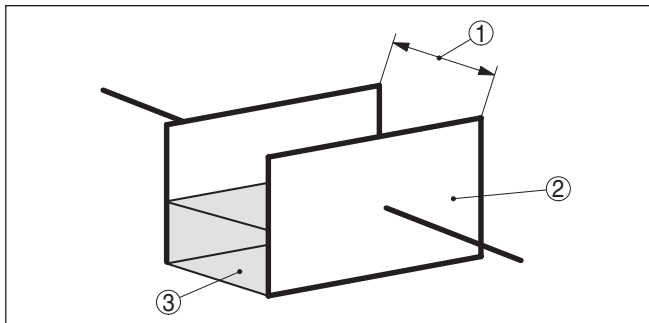


Fig. 3: Functional principle - Plate capacitor

- 1 Distance between the electrode surfaces
- 2 Size of the electrode surfaces
- 3 Type of dielectric between the electrodes

The two probes are the capacitor plates. The measured product is the dielectric. Due to the higher dielectric constant of the product compared to air, the capacitance increases as the material gradually covers the probe.

The capacitance as well as the resistance change are converted by the electronics module into a level-proportional signal.

Voltage supply

4 ... 20 mA two-wire electronics for voltage supply and measured value transmission on the same cable.

The supply voltage range can differ depending on the instrument version.

The data for power supply are specified in chapter "Technical data".

3.3 Adjustment

VEGACAL 69 measurement signals can be evaluated with the following:

- With a VEGAMET controller

The measuring range must be selected on the electronics module of the probe.

The full and empty adjustment can be carried out on a VEGAMET controller or the analogue input card of a PLC.

3.4 Packaging, transport and storage

Packaging

Your instrument was protected by packaging during transport. Its capacity to handle normal loads during transport is assured by a test based on ISO 4180.

The packaging of standard instruments consists of environment-friendly, recyclable cardboard. For special versions, PE foam or PE foil is also used. Dispose of the packaging material via specialised recycling companies.

Transport

Transport must be carried out in due consideration of the notes on the transport packaging. Nonobservance of these instructions can cause damage to the device.

Transport inspection

The delivery must be checked for completeness and possible transit damage immediately at receipt. Ascertained transit damage or concealed defects must be appropriately dealt with.

Storage

Up to the time of installation, the packages must be left closed and stored according to the orientation and storage markings on the outside.

Unless otherwise indicated, the packages must be stored only under the following conditions:

- Not in the open
- Dry and dust free
- Not exposed to corrosive media
- Protected against solar radiation
- Avoiding mechanical shock and vibration

Storage and transport temperature

- Storage and transport temperature see chapter " *Supplement - Technical data - Ambient conditions* "
- Relative humidity 20 ... 85 %

Lifting and carrying

With instrument weights of more than 18 kg (39.68 lbs) suitable and approved equipment must be used for lifting and carrying.

3.5 Accessories

The instructions for the listed accessories can be found in the download area on our homepage.

VEGACONNECT

The interface adapter VEGACONNECT enables the connection of communication-capable instruments to the USB interface of a PC.

VEGADIS 81

The VEGADIS 81 is an external display and adjustment unit for VEGA plics® sensors.

VEGADIS 82

VEGADIS 82 is suitable for measured value indication and adjustment of sensors with HART protocol. It is looped into the 4 ... 20 mA/HART signal cable.

PLICSMOBILE T81

The PLICSMOBILE T81 is an external GSM/GPRS/UMTS radio unit for transmission of measured values and for remote parameter adjustment of HART sensors.

External housing

If the standard sensor housing is too big or in case of strong vibrations, an external housing can be used.

Then the sensor housing is made of stainless steel. The electronics is located in the external housing which can be mounted in a distance of up to 10 m (32.8 ft) to the sensor by using a connection cable.

Three different external sensor housings are available.

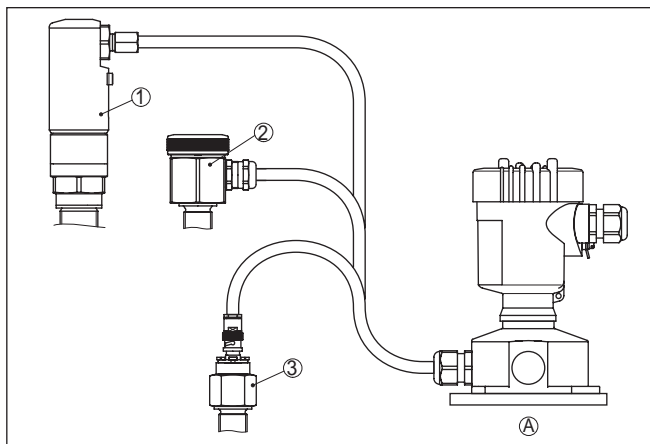


Fig. 4: External housing

A Instrument housing

1 Sensor housing, stainless steel (316L), IP68 (10 bar)

2 Sensor housing, stainless steel (316L), IP67

3 Sensor housing, stainless steel (316L), BNC plug IP54

Protective cover

The protective cover protects the sensor housing against soiling and intense heat from solar radiation.

Flanges

Screwed flanges are available in different versions according to the following standards: DIN 2501, EN 1092-1, BS 10, ASME B 16.5, JIS B 2210-1984, GOST 12821-80.

4 Mounting

4.1 General instructions

Process conditions



Note:

For safety reasons, the instrument must only be operated within the permissible process conditions. You can find detailed information on the process conditions in chapter " *Technical data*" of the operating instructions or on the type label.

Hence make sure before mounting that all parts of the instrument exposed to the process are suitable for the existing process conditions.

These are mainly:

- Active measuring component
- Process fitting
- Process seal

Process conditions in particular are:

- Process pressure
- Process temperature
- Chemical properties of the medium
- Abrasion and mechanical influences

Installation position

Select such a mounting location that the instrument is within easy reach for mounting and connecting. For this purpose the housing can be rotated by 330° without any tools being required.

Screwing in

Devices with threaded fitting are screwed into the process fitting with a suitable wrench via the hexagon.

See chapter " *Dimensions*" for wrench size.



Warning:

The housing or the electrical connection may not be used for screwing in! Depending on the device version, tightening can cause damage, e. g. to the rotation mechanism of the housing.

Welding work

Before beginning the welding work, remove the electronics module from the sensor. By doing this, you avoid damage to the electronics through inductive coupling.

Ground the probe before welding directly on the rod or cable.

Protection against moisture

Use the recommended cables (see chapter " *Connecting to power supply*") and tighten the cable gland.

You can give your instrument additional protection against moisture penetration by leading the connection cable downward in front of the cable gland. Rain and condensation water can thus drain off. This applies mainly to outdoor mounting as well as installation in areas where high humidity is expected (e.g. through cleaning processes) or on cooled or heated vessels.

To maintain the housing protection, make sure that the housing lid is closed during operation and locked, if necessary.

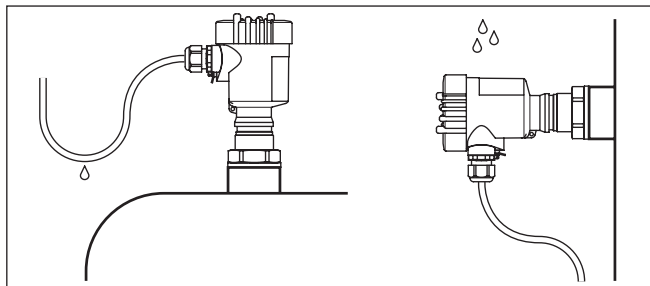


Fig. 5: Measures against moisture ingress

Pressure/Vacuum

The process fitting must be sealed if there is gauge or low pressure in the vessel. Before use, check if the sealing material is resistant against the measured product and the process temperature.

The max. permissible pressure is specified in chapter " *Technical data*" or on the type label of the sensor.

Cable entries - NPT thread Cable glands

Metric threads

In the case of instrument housings with metric thread, the cable glands are screwed in at the factory. They are sealed with plastic plugs as transport protection.

You have to remove these plugs before electrical connection.

NPT thread

In the case of instrument housings with self-sealing NPT threads, it is not possible to have the cable entries screwed in at the factory. The free openings for the cable glands are therefore covered with red dust protection caps as transport protection.

Prior to setup you have to replace these protective caps with approved cable glands or close the openings with suitable blind plugs.

4.2 Mounting instructions

Inflowing medium

If the instrument is mounted in the filling stream, unwanted false measurement signals can be generated. For this reason, mount the instrument at a position in the vessel where no disturbances, e.g. from filling openings, agitators, etc., can occur.

This applies particularly to instrument versions with a longer probe.

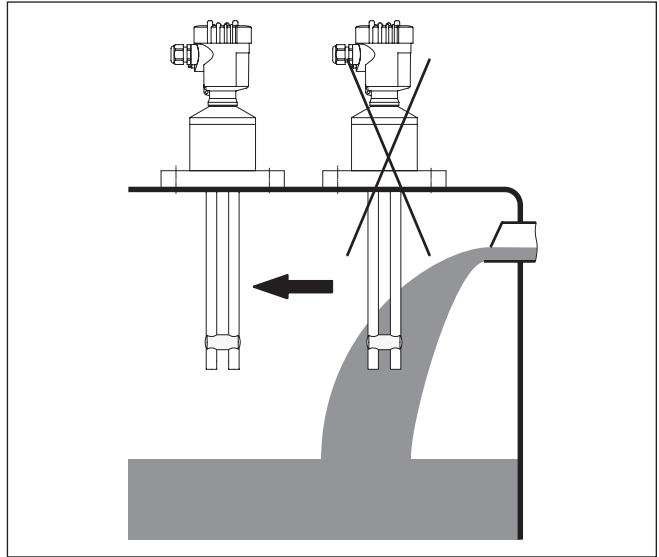


Fig. 6: Inflowing medium

5 Connecting to power supply

5.1 Preparing the connection

Safety instructions

Always keep in mind the following safety instructions:

- Carry out electrical connection by trained, qualified personnel authorised by the plant operator
- If overvoltage surges are expected, overvoltage arresters should be installed



Warning:

Only connect or disconnect in de-energized state.

Voltage supply

Power supply and current signal are carried on the same two-wire cable. The operating voltage can differ depending on the instrument version.

The data for power supply are specified in chapter " *Technical data*".

Provide a reliable separation between the supply circuit and the mains circuits according to DIN EN 61140 VDE 0140-1.

Power the instrument via an energy-limited circuit acc. to IEC 61010-1, e.g. via Class 2 power supply unit.

Keep in mind the following additional factors that influence the operating voltage:

- Lower output voltage of the power supply unit under nominal load (e.g. with a sensor current of 20.5 mA or 22 mA in case of fault)
- Influence of additional instruments in the circuit (see load values in chapter " *Technical data*")

Connection cable

The instrument is connected with standard two-wire cable without shielding. If electromagnetic interference is expected which is above the test values of EN 61326-1 for industrial areas, shielded cable should be used.

Use cable with round cross section for instruments with housing and cable gland. Use a cable gland suitable for the cable diameter to ensure the seal effect of the cable gland (IP protection rating).

We generally recommend the use of shielded cable for HART multidrop mode.

Cable glands

Metric threads

In the case of instrument housings with metric thread, the cable glands are screwed in at the factory. They are sealed with plastic plugs as transport protection.



Note:

You have to remove these plugs before electrical connection.

NPT thread

In the case of instrument housings with self-sealing NPT threads, it is not possible to have the cable entries screwed in at the factory. The free openings for the cable glands are therefore covered with red dust protection caps as transport protection.

**Note:**

Prior to setup you have to replace these protective caps with approved cable glands or close the openings with suitable blind plugs.

On plastic housings, the NPT cable gland or the Conduit steel tube must be screwed into the threaded insert without grease.

Max. torque for all housings, see chapter " *Technical data*".

Cable screening and grounding

If shielded cable is required, we recommend connecting the cable screening on both ends to ground potential. In the sensor, the cable screening must be connected directly to the internal ground terminal. The ground terminal on the outside of the housing must be connected to the ground potential (low impedance).



In Ex systems, the grounding is carried out according to the installation regulations.

In electroplating plants as well as plants for cathodic corrosion protection it must be taken into account that significant potential differences exist. This can lead to unacceptably high currents in the cable screen if it is grounded at both ends.

**Note:**

The metallic parts of the instrument (process fitting, sensor, concentric tube, etc.) are connected with the internal and external ground terminal on the housing. This connection exists either directly via the conductive metallic parts or, in case of instruments with external electronics, via the screen of the special connection cable.

You can find specifications on the potential connections inside the instrument in chapter " *Technical data*".

5.2 Connection procedure

Proceed as follows:

1. Unscrew the housing lid
2. Loosen compression nut of the cable gland and remove blind plug
3. Remove approx. 10 cm (4 in) of the cable mantle, strip approx. 1 cm (0.4 in) of insulation from the ends of the individual wires
4. Insert the cable into the sensor through the cable entry
5. Lift the opening levers of the terminals with a screwdriver (see following illustration)
6. Insert the wire ends into the open terminals according to the wiring plan
7. Press down the opening levers of the terminals, you will hear the terminal spring closing
8. Check the hold of the wires in the terminals by lightly pulling on them
9. Connect the shielding to the internal ground terminal, connect the external ground terminal to potential equalisation

10. Tighten the compression nut of the cable entry gland. The seal ring must completely encircle the cable

11. Screw the housing lid back on

The electrical connection is finished.

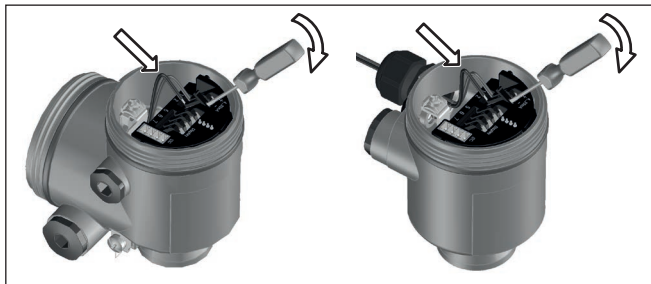


Fig. 7: Connection steps 6 and 7

5.3 Wiring plan, single chamber housing



The following illustrations apply to the non-Ex as well as to the Ex-ia version.

Housing overview

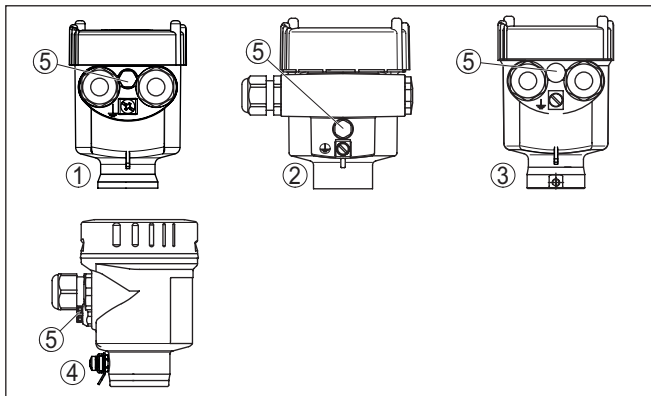


Fig. 8: Material versions, single chamber housing

- 1 Plastic
- 2 Aluminium
- 3 Stainless steel (precision casting)
- 4 Stainless steel (electro-polished)
- 5 Filter element for air pressure compensation of all material versions. Blind plug with version IP66/IP68, 1 bar for Aluminium and stainless steel

Electronics and connection compartment

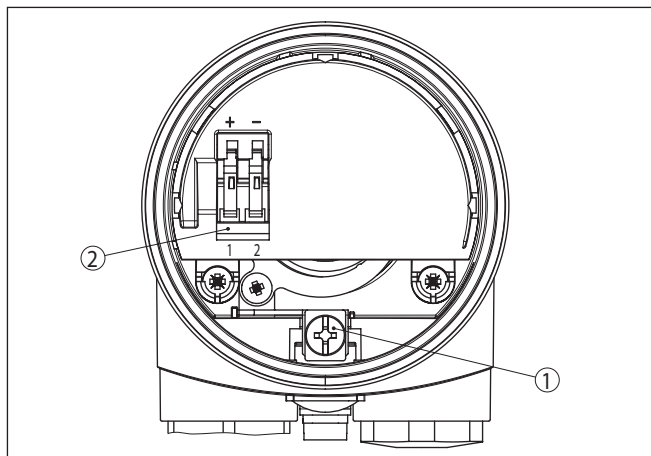


Fig. 9: Electronics and connection compartment - single chamber housing

- 1 Ground terminal for connection of the cable screening
- 2 Spring-loaded terminals for voltage supply

Wiring plan

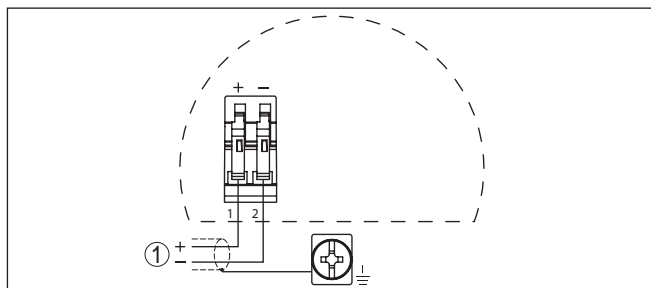


Fig. 10: Wiring plan - single chamber housing

- 1 Voltage supply/Signal output

Wire assignment, connection cable

5.4 Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68, 1 bar

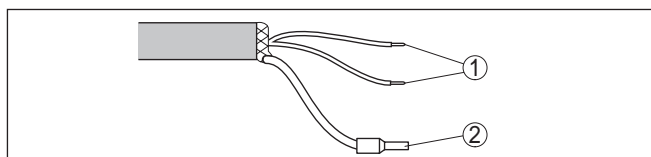


Fig. 11: Wire assignment, connection cable

- 1 Brown (+) and blue (-) to power supply or to the processing system
- 2 Shielding

6 Setup with a controller

6.1 General information

Function/Configuration

During setup, the probe must be calibrated with the medium that will later be measured. To adjust the probe, open the housing cover. You can select the sensitivity range on the electronics module by means of the measuring range selection switch.

- range 1: 0 ... 120 pF
- Range 2: 0 ... 600 pF
- Range 3: 0 ... 3000 pF

The adjustment is described in the operating instructions manual of the respective controller.

6.2 Adjustment system

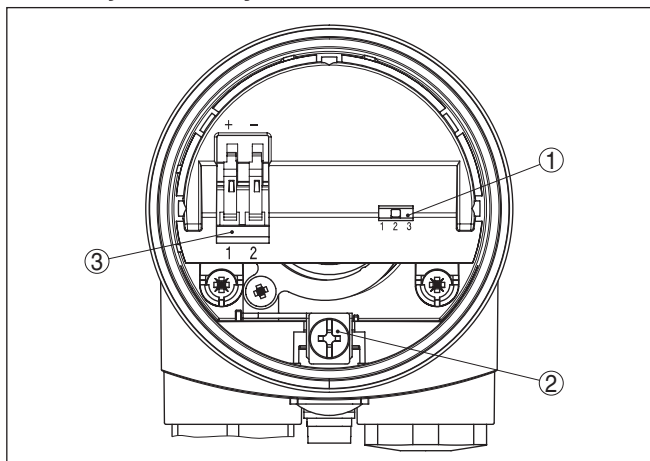


Fig. 12: Display and adjustment elements - Oscillator

- 1 DIL switch for measuring range selection
- 2 Ground terminal
- 3 Connection terminals

Measuring range selection switch (1)

With the measuring range selection switch (1) you can adapt the sensitivity of the probe to the electrical properties of the measured medium and the conditions in the vessel. This is necessary to ensure that the output current range is as big as possible. The resolution of the probe is thus also correspondingly increased.

Due to this, the probe can for example also detect products with very low or very high dielectric constant reliably.

- range 1 (sensitive): 0 ... 120 pF
- range 2 (standard): 0 ... 600 pF
- range 3 (less sensitive): 0 ... 3000 pF

6.3 Continuous level measurement

General information

Continuous measurement requires a constant dielectric value, i.e. the measured product should have constant properties.

Select the stage with the measuring range selection switch on the electronics module of the probe according to the following table.

Look in the row that corresponds to your product and select an appropriate range according to the length of your probe.

The listed lengths do not completely correspond to those of the actually available measuring probes. If the product has a dielectric constant that lies between the values stated in the table, the max. permissible probe length for each range must be calculated accordingly. For longer lengths or if there is no information available in the chart, select range 3. If you are not sure, always set the measuring range selection switch to the next higher stage.

	VEGACAL 69
non-conductive and dielectric constant = 2	0 - 5.5 m = range 1
non-conductive and dielectric constant = 10	0 - 0.8 m = range 1 0 - 4.5 m = range 2
conductive or dielectric constant > 50	range 3

Tab. 1: Range setting



Tip:

For min. adjustment the vessel should be as empty as possible, and for max. adjustment, as full as possible. If the vessel is already full, start with max. adjustment.

Analogue input card of a PLC

1. Set range changeover switch on the capacitive probe according to the above table
2. When connecting to an analogue input card of a PLC, take note of the operating instructions manual of the input card. The vessel must be as empty as possible for empty adjustment and as full as possible for full adjustment.

If the indication cannot be set to 100 %, proceed as follows:

- If the indication does not reach 100 %, you have to set the range selection switch on the probe one stage lower.
- If the indication exceeds 100 % and cannot be reset, you have to set the range selection switch of the probe to the next higher stage. In both cases you have to repeat the adjustment.

VEGAMET series 300, 600 controller

1. Set range changeover switch on the capacitive probe according to the above table
2. Carry out the adjustment on the controller (see operating instructions manual of the controller: "Adjustment with medium")

When connecting to an analogue input card of a PLC, take note of the operating instructions manual of the input card. The vessel must be as empty as possible for empty adjustment and as full as possible for full adjustment.

If the indication cannot be set to 100 %, proceed as follows:

- If the indication does not reach 100 %, you have to set the range selection switch on the probe one stage lower.
- If the indication exceeds 100 % and cannot be reset, you have to set the range selection switch of the probe to the next higher stage. In both cases you have to repeat the adjustment.

7 Maintenance and fault rectification

7.1 Maintenance

Maintenance

If the device is used properly, no special maintenance is required in normal operation.

Cleaning

The cleaning helps that the type label and markings on the instrument are visible.

Take note of the following:

- Use only cleaning agents which do not corrode the housings, type label and seals
- Use only cleaning methods corresponding to the housing protection rating

7.2 Rectify faults

Reaction when malfunction occurs

The operator of the system is responsible for taking suitable measures to rectify faults.

Causes of malfunction

The device offers maximum reliability. Nevertheless, faults can occur during operation. These may be caused by the following, e.g.:

- Sensor
- Process
- Voltage supply
- Signal processing

Fault rectification

The first measure to take is to check the output signal. In many cases, the causes can be determined this way and the faults quickly rectified.

24 hour service hotline

Should these measures not be successful, please call in urgent cases the VEGA service hotline under the phone no. **+49 1805 858550**.

The hotline is manned 7 days a week round-the-clock. Since we offer this service worldwide, the support is only available in the English language. The service is free, only standard call charges are incurred.

Checking the current signal

Disconnect the signal cable and connect a multimeter with a suitable measuring range.

Error	Cause	Rectification
Current signal not stable	Level fluctuations	Adjust damping in the controller or process control system
Current signal missing	Wrong connection to voltage supply	Check connection according to chapter " <i>Connection steps</i> " and if necessary, correct according to chapter " <i>Wiring plan</i> "
	No power supply	Check cables for breaks; repair if necessary
	Operating voltage too low or load resistance too high	Check, adapt if necessary

Error	Cause	Rectification
Current signal >22 mA	Probe insulation damaged, short-circuit due to permeating, conductive medium	Exchange the instrument or send it in for repair
	Shortcircuit in the probe, e.g. because of moisture in the housing	Remove the electronics module. Check the resistance between the marked plug connections. See the following instructions.
	Electronics module defective	Exchange the instrument or send it in for repair

Check the resistance in the probe

Remove the electronics module. Check the resistance between the two plug connections.

There must no longer be a connection (high impedance). If there is still a connection, exchange the instrument or return it for repair

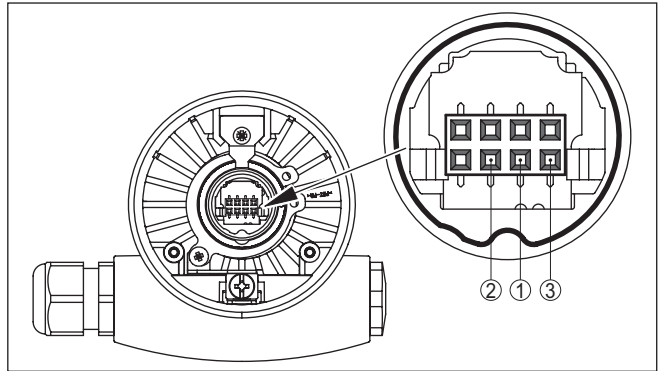


Fig. 13: Check the resistance in the probe

- 1 Shielding
- 2 Measuring probe
- 3 Ground potential



In Ex applications, the regulations for the wiring of intrinsically safe circuits must be observed.

Reaction after fault rectification

Depending on the reason for the fault and the measures taken, the steps described in chapter "Set up" may have to be carried out again.

7.3 Exchanging the electronics module

If the electronics module is defective, it can be replaced by the user.



In Ex applications, only instruments and electronics modules with appropriate Ex approval may be used.

If there is no electronics module available on site, one can be ordered from the VEGA agency serving you.

Assignment

The electronics modules are adapted to the respective sensor. You can find a suitable electronics module in the following overview.

- CL-E60ZX (without approvals)

7.4 How to proceed if a repair is necessary

You can find an instrument return form as well as detailed information about the procedure in the download area of our homepage: www.vega.com.

By doing this you help us carry out the repair quickly and without having to call back for needed information.

If a repair is necessary, please proceed as follows:

- Print and fill out one form per instrument
- Clean the instrument and pack it damage-proof
- Attach the completed form and, if need be, also a safety data sheet outside on the packaging
- Please contact the agency serving you to get the address for the return shipment. You can find the agency on our home page www.vega.com.

8 Dismount

8.1 Dismounting steps

**Warning:**

Before dismounting, be aware of dangerous process conditions such as e.g. pressure in the vessel or pipeline, high temperatures, corrosive or toxic media etc.

Take note of chapters "*Mounting*" and "*Connecting to voltage supply*" and carry out the listed steps in reverse order.

8.2 Disposal

The instrument consists of materials which can be recycled by specialised recycling companies. We use recyclable materials and have designed the electronics to be easily separable.

WEEE directive

The instrument does not fall in the scope of the EU WEEE directive. Article 2 of this Directive exempts electrical and electronic equipment from this requirement if it is part of another instrument that does not fall in the scope of the Directive. These include stationary industrial plants.

Pass the instrument directly on to a specialised recycling company and do not use the municipal collecting points.

If you have no way to dispose of the old instrument properly, please contact us concerning return and disposal.

9 Supplement

9.1 Technical data

Note for approved instruments

The technical data in the respective safety instructions which are included in delivery are valid for approved instruments (e.g. with Ex approval). These data can differ from the data listed herein, for example regarding the process conditions or the voltage supply.

All approval documents can be downloaded from our homepage.

General data

Material 316L corresponds to 1.4404 or 1.4435

Materials, wetted parts

- | | |
|--------------------------------|------------|
| – Process fitting - flange | PP or PTFE |
| – Insulation (fully insulated) | FEP |

Materials, non-wetted parts

- | | |
|-------------------------------------------------------------|---------------------------------------------------------------------------------------|
| – Probe - double rod fully insulated:
ø 14 mm (0.551 in) | 316L |
| – Plastic housing | Plastic PBT (Polyester) |
| – Aluminium die-cast housing | Aluminium die-casting AlSi10Mg, powder-coated (Basis: Polyester) |
| – Stainless steel housing (precision casting) | 316L |
| – Stainless steel housing (electropolished) | 316L |
| – Seal between housing and housing lid | Silicone |
| – Inspection window in housing cover (optional) | Plastic housing: Polycarbonate (UL746-C listed)
Metal housing: Glass ¹⁾ |
| – Ground terminal | 316L |
| – Cable gland | PA, stainless steel, brass |
| – Sealing, cable gland | NBR |
| – Blind plug, cable gland | PA |

Process fittings

- | | |
|-----------|------------------------------|
| – Flanges | DIN from DN 50, ASME from 2" |
|-----------|------------------------------|

Weight ²⁾

- | | |
|----------------------------------|----------------------------------|
| – Instrument weight | 0.8 ... 4 kg (0.18 ... 8.82 lbs) |
| – Rod weight: ø 14 mm (0.551 in) | 2000 g/m (22 oz/ft) |

Sensor length (L)	0.2 ... 4 m (0.656 ... 13.12 ft)
-------------------	----------------------------------

Max. lateral load	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)
-------------------	--------------------

Torque for NPT cable glands and Conduit tubes

- | | |
|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|
| – Plastic housing | max. 10 Nm (7.376 lbf ft) |
| – Aluminium/Stainless steel housing | max. 50 Nm (36.88 lbf ft) |

¹⁾ Aluminium, stainless steel precision casting and Ex d housing

²⁾ Flange weight not considered

Output variable

Output signal	in the range of 4 ... 20 mA
Suitable controllers	e.g. VEGAMET 141, 381, 391, 624, 841, 842, 861, 862
Fault message	> 22 mA
Current limitation	28 mA
Load	see load diagram under Power supply
Damping (63 % of the input variable)	0.1 s
Met NAMUR recommendation	NE 43

Input variable

Measured variable	Level of liquids preferably in non-conductive vessels
Measuring principle	phase-selective admittance processing (PSA)
Measuring range	
– range 1	0 ... 120 pF
– range 2	0 ... 600 pF
– range 3	0 ... 3000 pF
Measuring frequency	430 kHz

Measurement accuracy (according to DIN EN 60770-1)

Reference conditions according to DIN EN 61298-1

– Temperature	+18 ... +30 °C (+64 ... +86 °F)
– Relative humidity	45 ... 75 %
– Air pressure	+860 ... +1060 mbar/+86 ... +106 kPa (+12.5 ... +15.4 psig)

Temperature error

– < 120 pF	< 1 pF
– > 120 pF	1 % of the current measured value
Linearity error	< 0.25 % of the complete measuring range

Ambient conditions

Ambient, storage and transport temperature -40 ... +80 °C (-40 ... +176 °F)

Process conditions

For the process conditions, please also note the specifications on the type label. The lowest value always applies.

Process pressure	-1 ... 2 bar/-100 ... 200 kPa (-14.5 ... 29 psig)
Process temperature	
– Flange of PTFE	-40 ... +100 °C (-40 ... +212 °F)
– Flange of PP	0 ... +60 °C (+32 ... +140 °F)

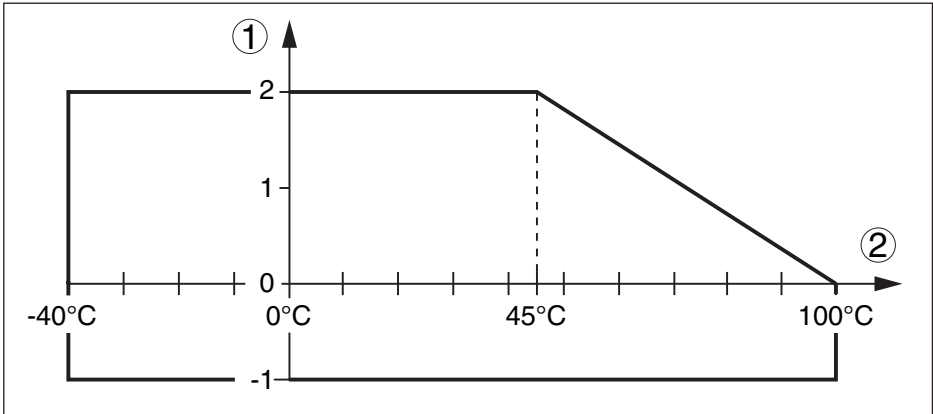


Fig. 14: Process pressure - Process temperature (flange of PTFE)

- 1 Process pressure
2 Process temperature

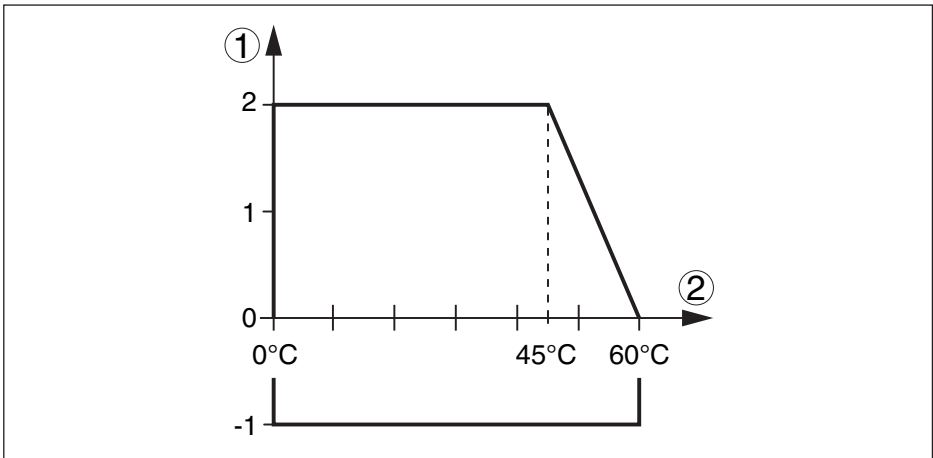


Fig. 15: Process pressure - Process temperature (flange of PP)

- 1 Process pressure
2 Process temperature

Dielectric constant ≥ 1.5

Electromechanical data - version IP66/IP67 and IP66/IP68; (0.2 bar)

Options of the cable entry

- Cable entry M20 x 1.5; ½ NPT³⁾
- Cable gland M20 x 1.5; ½ NPT
- Blind plug M20 x 1.5; ½ NPT
- Closing cap ½ NPT

³⁾ Depending on the version M12 x 1, according to ISO 4400, Harting, 7/8" FF.

Wire cross-section (spring-loaded terminals)

- Massive wire, stranded wire 0.2 ... 2.5 mm² (AWG 24 ... 14)
- Stranded wire with end sleeve 0.2 ... 1.5 mm² (AWG 24 ... 16)

Electromechanical data - version IP66/IP68 (1 bar)

Cable entry

- Single chamber housing
 - 1 x IP68 cable gland M20 x 1.5; 1 x blind plug M20 x 1.5
 - or:
 - 1 x closing cap ½ NPT, 1 x blind plug ½ NPT

Voltage supply

Operating voltage 12 ... 36 V DC

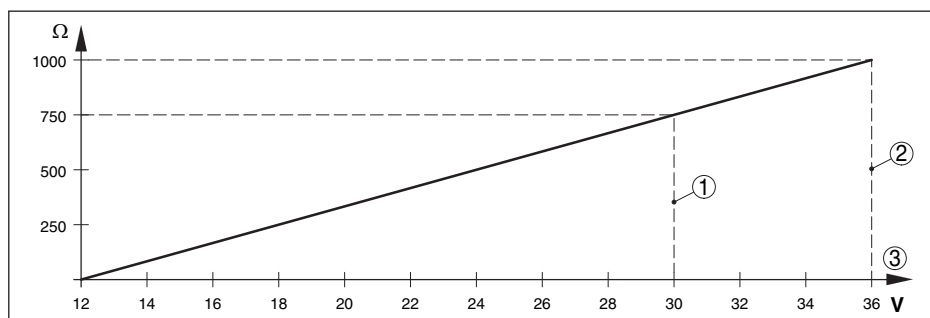


Fig. 16: Voltage diagram

- 1 Voltage limit Ex-ia instrument
- 2 Voltage limit non-Ex
- 3 Operating voltage

Permissible residual ripple

- < 100 Hz $U_{ss} < 1 V$
- 100 Hz ... 10 kHz $U_{ss} < 10 mV$

Load see diagram

Potential connections and electrical separating measures in the instrument

Electronics	Not non-floating
Reference voltage ⁴⁾	500 V AC
Conductive connection	Between ground terminal and metallic process fitting

Electrical protective measures

Protection rating

Housing material	Version	IP-protection class	NEMA protection
Plastic	Single chamber	IP66/IP67	Type 4X
	Double chamber	IP66/IP67	Type 4X

⁴⁾ Galvanic separation between electronics and metal housing parts

Housing material	Version	IP-protection class	NEMA protection
Aluminium	Single chamber	IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar) IP68 (1 bar)	Type 6P Type 6P
	Double chamber	IP66/IP67 IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar) IP68 (1 bar)	Type 4X Type 6P Type 6P
Stainless steel (electro-polished)	Single chamber	IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar)	Type 6P
Stainless steel (precision casting)	Single chamber	IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar) IP68 (1 bar)	Type 6P Type 6P
	Double chamber	IP66/IP67 IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar) IP68 (1 bar)	Type 4X Type 6P Type 6P

Connection of the feeding power supply unit Networks of overvoltage category III

Altitude above sea level

- by default up to 2000 m (6562 ft)
- with connected overvoltage protection up to 5000 m (16404 ft)

Pollution degree⁵⁾ 4

Protection class	II (IEC 61010-1)
------------------	------------------

Approvals

Instruments with approvals can have different technical specifications depending on the version.

For that reason the associated approval documents of these instruments have to be carefully noted. They are part of the delivery or can be downloaded by entering the serial number of your instrument into the search field under www.vega.com as well as in the general download area.

9.2 Dimensions

The following dimensional drawings represent only an extract of all possible versions. Detailed dimensional drawings can be downloaded at www.vega.com/downloads under "Drawings".

5) When used with fulfilled housing protection

Housing in protection IP66/IP67 and IP66/IP68; 0.2 bar

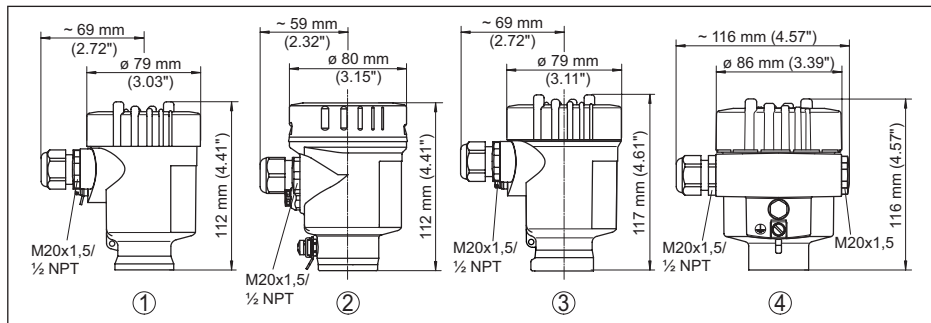


Fig. 17: Housing versions in protection IP66/IP67 and IP66/IP68; 0.2 bar

- 1 Plastic single chamber (IP66/IP67)
- 2 Stainless steel single chamber (electropolished)
- 3 Stainless steel single chamber (precision casting)
- 4 Aluminium - single chamber

Housing in protection IP66/IP68, 1 bar

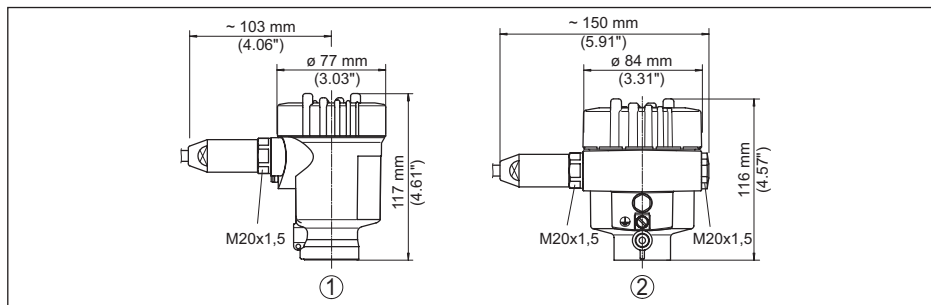


Fig. 18: Housing versions with protection rating IP66/IP68, 1 bar

- 1 Stainless steel single chamber
- 2 Aluminium - single chamber

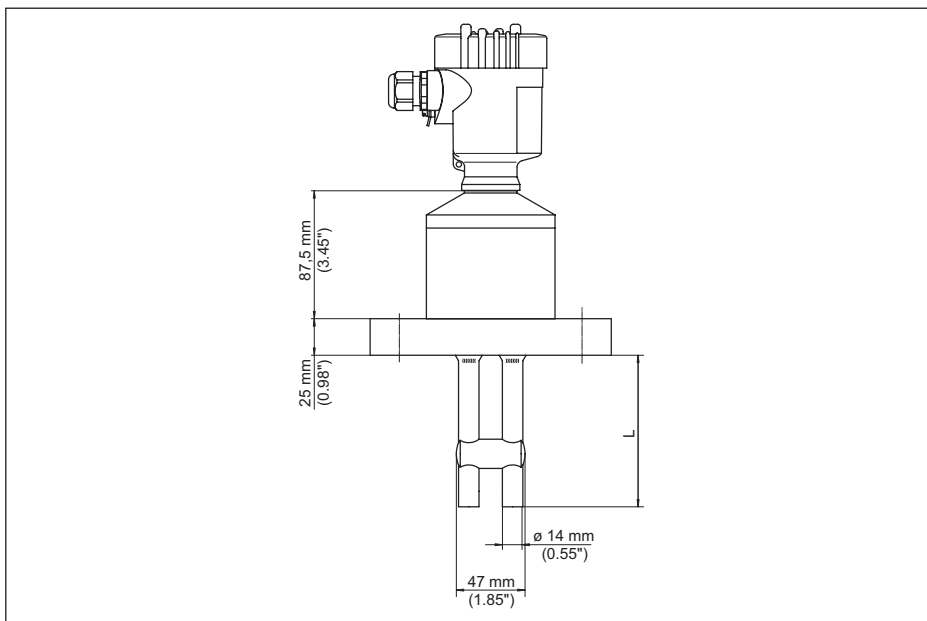


Fig. 19: VEGACAL 69

L Sensor length, see chapter "Technical data"

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9.4 Trademark

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Printing date:

VEGA

All statements concerning scope of delivery, application, practical use and operating conditions of the sensors and processing systems correspond to the information available at the time of printing.

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