Quick setup guide

Radar sensor for continuous level measurement of liquids and bulk solids



VEGAPULS 6X

Four-wire 4 ... 20 mA/HART 9.6 ... 48 V DC, 20 ... 42 V AC, 50/60 Hz

i

Document ID: 1023776







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Information: i

This quick setup guide enables quick setup and commissioning of your instrument.

You can find supplementary information in the corresponding, more detailed Operating Instructions Manual as well as the Safety Manual that comes with instruments with SIL qualification. These manuals are available on our homepage.

Operating instructions VEGAPULS 6X - Four-wire 4 ... 20 mA/ HART 9,6 ... 48 V DC, 20 ... 42 V AC, 50/60 Hz: Document-ID 1023774

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1 For your safety

1.1 Authorised personnel

All operations described in this documentation must be carried out only by trained, qualified personnel authorised by the plant operator.

During work on and with the device, the required personal protective equipment must always be worn.

1.2 Appropriate use

VEGAPULS 6X is a sensor for continuous level measurement.

You can find detailed information about the area of application in chapter "*Product description*".

Operational reliability is ensured only if the instrument is properly used according to the specifications in the operating instructions manual as well as possible supplementary instructions.

1.3 Warning about incorrect use

Inappropriate or incorrect use of this product can give rise to application-specific hazards, e.g. vessel overfill through incorrect mounting or adjustment. Damage to property and persons or environmental contamination can result. Also, the protective characteristics of the instrument can be impaired.

1.4 General safety instructions

This is a state-of-the-art instrument complying with all prevailing regulations and directives. The instrument must only be operated in a technically flawless and reliable condition. The operator is responsible for the trouble-free operation of the instrument. When measuring aggressive or corrosive media that can cause a dangerous situation if the instrument malfunctions, the operator has to implement suitable measures to make sure the instrument is functioning properly.

The safety instructions in this operating instructions manual, the national installation standards as well as the valid safety regulations and accident prevention rules must be observed by the user.

For safety and warranty reasons, any invasive work on the device beyond that described in the operating instructions manual may be carried out only by personnel authorised by the manufacturer. Arbitrary conversions or modifications are explicitly forbidden. For safety reasons, only the accessory specified by the manufacturer must be used.

To avoid any danger, the safety approval markings and safety tips on the device must also be observed.

The low transmitting power of the radar sensor is far below the internationally approved limits. No health impairments are to be expected with intended use. The band range of the measuring frequency can be found in chapter "*Technical data*".



1.5 Mode of operation - Radar signal

Country specific settings for the radar signals are determined via the mode. The operating mode must be set in the operating menu via the respective operating tool at the beginning of the setup.



Caution:

Operating the device without selecting the relevant mode constitutes a violation of the regulations of the radio approvals of the respective country.

1.6 Installation and operation in the USA and Canada

This information is only valid for USA and Canada. Hence the following text is only available in the English language.

Installations in the US shall comply with the relevant requirements of the National Electrical Code (ANSI/NFPA 70).

Installations in Canada shall comply with the relevant requirements of the Canadian Electrical Code

A Class 2 power supply unit has to be used for the installation in the USA and Canada.



2 Product description

2.1 Configuration

Type label

The type label contains the most important data for identification and use of the instrument:



Fig. 1: Layout of the type label (example)

- 1 Device type, order code, radar frequency
- 2 Field for approvals, product code
- 3 Technical data
- 4 QR-code for VEGA Tools app
- 5 Reminder to observe the instrument documentation
- 6 Field for conformity logos

Serial number - Instru-
ment searchThe type label contains also the serial number of the instrument. With
it you can find the following instrument data on our homepage:

- Product information
- Device configuration
- Related documentation
- Further documents

Move to "www.vega.com" and enter in the search field the serial number of your instrument.

Alternatively, you can access the data via your smartphone:

- Download the VEGA Tools app from the " Apple App Store" or the " Google Play Store"
- · Scan the QR-code on the type label of the device or
- Enter the serial number manually in the app



Prepare

Setup - the most important steps 3

What?	How?
Identify sensor	Scan QR code on type label, check sensor data
Hade to domain and the Contract of the Contrac	

Mount and connect sensor

Liquids	Bulk solids

Connection technology



Select adjustment

Display and adjustment module	VEGA Tools app ¹⁾
₽	

Parameterize sensor

Liquids	Bulk solids	
Enter medium type, application, vessel height, adjustment and mode		

Check measured value

Indicators	Output	
2.085 _{Sensor}		

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¹⁾ Download via Apple App Store, Google Play Store, Baidu Store



4 Mounting

4.1 Mounting instructions

Polarisation

Radar sensors for level measurement emit electromagnetic waves. The polarisation is the direction of the electrical share of these waves. It is identifiable by a mark on the housing, see the following drawing:

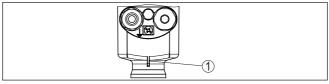


Fig. 2: Position of the polarisation

1 Nose for marking the direction of polarisation

Turning the housing changes the polarisation and thus also the effect of false echoes on the measured value.



Note:

Therefore, pay attention to the position of the polarisation when mounting or when making subsequent changes. Fix the housing to prevent a change in the metrological properties (see chapter "*Housing features*").

Mounting position liquids When mounting the device, keep a distance of at least 200 mm (7.874 in) from the vessel wall. If the device is installed in the center of dished or round vessel tops, multiple echoes can arise. However, these can be suppressed by an appropriate adjustment (see chapter "*Setup*").

Note:

If you cannot maintain this distance, you should carry out a false signal suppression during setup. This applies especially if buildup on the vessel wall is to be expected.²⁾

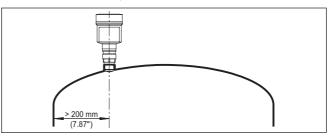


Fig. 3: Mounting of the radar sensor on round vessel tops

In vessels with conical bottom it can be advantageous to mount the device in the centre of the vessel, as measurement is then possible down to the bottom.

²⁾ In this case, it is recommended to repeat the false signal suppression at a later time with existing buildup.



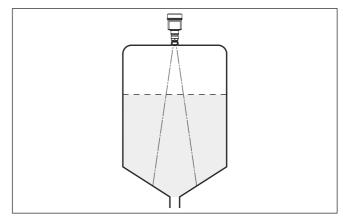


Fig. 4: Mounting of the radar sensor on vessels with conical bottom

Mounting position - bulk solids

Mount the instrument at least 200 mm (7.874 in) away from the vessel wall.

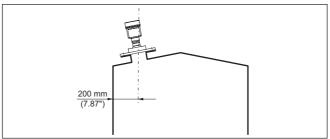


Fig. 5: Mounting the radar sensor on the vessel top



Note:

If you cannot maintain this distance, you should carry out a false signal suppression during setup. This applies especially if buildup on the vessel wall is to be expected. $^{\rm 3)}$



5 Connecting to power supply

5.1 Connecting

Connection technology

The voltage supply and signal output are connected via the springloaded terminals in the housing.

Connection to the display and adjustment module or to the interface adapter is carried out via contact pins in the housing.

Information: The terminal b

The terminal block is pluggable and can be removed from the electronics. To do this, lift the terminal block with a small screwdriver and pull it out. When reinserting the terminal block, you should hear it snap in.

Connection procedure

Proceed as follows:

- 1. Unscrew the housing lid
- 2. Loosen compression nut of the cable gland and remove blind plug
- Remove approx. 10 cm (4 in) of the cable mantle (signal output), strip approx. 1 cm (0.4 in) insulation from the ends of the individual wires
- 4. Insert the cable into the sensor through the cable entry



Fig. 6: Connection steps 5 and 6

5. Insert the wire ends into the terminals according to the wiring plan

Information:

Solid cores as well as flexible cores with wire end sleeves are inserted directly into the terminal openings. In case of flexible cores without end sleeves, press the terminal from above with a small screwdriver, the terminal opening is then free. When the screwdriver is released, the terminal closes again.

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- 6. Check the hold of the wires in the terminals by lightly pulling on them
- 7. Connect the cable screening to the internal ground terminal, connect the outer ground terminal to potential equalisation in case of power supply via low voltage
- Connect the lead cable for voltage supply in the same way according to the wiring plan, in addition connect the ground conductor to the inner ground terminal when powered with mains voltage.
- 9. Tighten the compression nut of the cable entry gland. The seal ring must completely encircle the cable
- 10. Screw the housing lid back on

The electrical connection is finished.

Information:

The terminal blocks are pluggable and can be removed from the housing insert. To do this, lift the terminal block with a small screwdriver and pull it out. When inserting the terminal block again, you should hear it snap in.

5.2 Wiring plan, double chamber housing



The following illustrations apply to the non-Ex as well as to the Ex-d version.

Electronics compartment

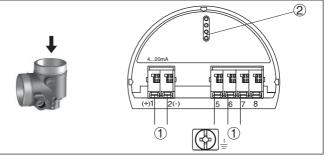


Fig. 7: Electronics compartment - double chamber housing

- 1 Internal connection to the connection compartment
- 2 For display and adjustment module or interface adapter

Information:

The connection of an external display and adjustment unit is not possible with the Ex d version.



Connection compartment with low voltage

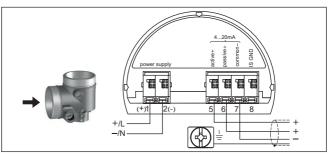


Fig. 8: Connection compartment with double chamber housing with low voltage

Terminal	Function	Polarity
1	Voltage supply	+/L
2	Voltage supply	-/N
5	4 20 mA output (active)	+
6	4 20 mA output (passive)	+
7	Mass - output	-
8	Function ground when in- stalling according to CSA (Canadian Standards Asso- ciation)	

5.3 Switch-on phase

After connection of the device to power supply, the device first carries out a self-test:

- Internal check of the electronics
- Indication of the status message " *F 105 Determine measured value*" on the display or PC
- The output signal jumps briefly to the set fault current

Then the actual measured value is output to the signal cable. The value takes into account settings that have already been carried out, e.g. default setting.



6 Set up with the display and adjustment module

6.1 Insert display and adjustment module

The display and adjustment module can be inserted into the sensor and removed again at any time. You can choose any one of four different positions - each displaced by 90°. It is not necessary to interrupt the power supply.

Proceed as follows:

- 1. Unscrew the housing lid
- 2. Place the display and adjustment module on the electronics in the desired position and turn it to the right until it snaps in.
- 3. Screw housing lid with inspection window tightly back on

Disassembly is carried out in reverse order.

The display and adjustment module is powered by the sensor, an additional connection is not necessary.



Fig. 9: Installing the display and adjustment module in the double chamber housing



Note:

If you intend to retrofit the instrument with a display and adjustment module for continuous measured value indication, a higher lid with an inspection glass is required.

6.2 Parameterization

6.2.1 Lock/Unlock adjustment

thorized or unintentional modifications.

Lock/Unlock adjustment (non-SIL)



Information:

The non-SIL version of the device is delivered without activated access protection. If necessary, the access protection can be activated and the device locked.

In this menu item you safeguard the sensor parameters against unau-



Look adjustment Setup Access protection Reset Extended settings	Operation Release Block now?	Device code
Bedienung Gesperrt		

Jetzt freigeben?

When the adjustment is blocked, only the following adjustment functions are possible without entering the device code:

- Select menu items and show data
- · Read data from the sensor into the display and adjustment module



Caution:

When the adjustment is blocked, the adjustment via PACTware/DTM and other systems is also blocked.

Releasing the sensor adjustment is also possible in any menu item by entering the device code.

Lock/Unlock adjustment (SIL)

In this menu item you safeguard the sensor parameters against unauthorized or unintentional modifications.



Information:

The SIL version of the device is delivered in locket state.

Safe parameterization:

To avoid possible errors during parameterization in a non-safe user environment, a verification procedure is used that makes it possible to detect parameterization errors reliably. For this, safety-relevant parameters must be verified before they are stored in the device. In normal operating condition, the instrument is also locked against parameter changes through unauthorized access.







Operation

Release Verify and lock



Information:

If the device code has been changed and forgotten, the enclosed information sheet " *Access Protection*" provides an emergency device code.

Character string comparison and serial number:

You first have to carry out the character string comparison. This is used to check the character respresentation.



Confirm if the two character strings are identical. The verification texts are provided in German and in the case of all other menu languages, in English.

Afterwards you confirm that the serial number of your instrument was carried over correctly. This is used to check device communication.



In the next step, the instrument checks the data of the measurement and decides by means of the evaluation results if a functions test is required. If a function test is necessary, the following message is displayed.

SIL parameters	Non-SIL parameters
1/1	1/1
Parameter OK?	Parameter OK?

In this case, you have to carry out a function test.

Function test:

During a function test, you have to test the safety function of the instrument in the vessel with the original medium.



You can find the detailed sequence of the function test in chapter " *Functional safety (SIL)*" of the operating instructions.

Verify parameter:

All safety-relevant parameters must be verified after a change. After the function test, all modified, safety-relevant parameters will be listed. Confirm the modified values one after the other.



If the described process of parameter adjustment was run through completely and correctly, the instrument will be locked and hence ready for operation.

Bedienung	
Gesperrt	
Jetzt freigeben?	

Otherwise the instrument remains in the released and hence unsafe condition.



Note:

When the adjustment is blocked, the adjustment via PACTware/DTM and other systems is also blocked.

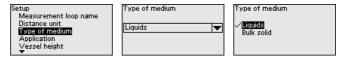


6.2.2 Setup

Type of medium

This menu item allows you to adapt the sensor to the different measuring conditions of the media " *Liquid*" or " *Bulk solid*".

The corresponding application is selected in the following menu item "*Application*".

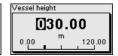


Vessel height

Through this selection the operating range of the sensor is adapted to the vessel height. Hence the measurement reliability is increased considerably under different basic conditions.



Vessel height	
30.00	m



Note:

Regardless of this, the min. adjustment must also be carried out (see following section).

Adjustment

Since the radar sensor is a distance measuring instrument, it is the distance from the sensor to the medium surface that is measured. To indicate the actual level, the measured distance must be assigned to a certain height percentage (min./max. adjustment).

During adjustment, enter the respective measuring distance when the vessel is full and empty (see the following examples):



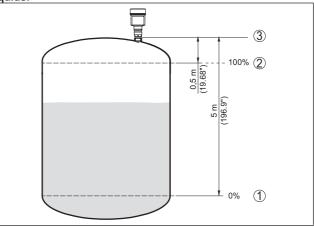


Fig. 10: Parameterisation example min./max. adjustment - liquids

- 1 Min. level = max. meas. distance (distance B)
- 2 Max. level = min. meas. distance (distance A)
- 3 Reference plane



Bulk solids:

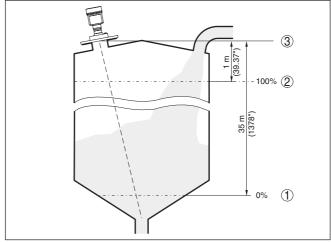


Fig. 11: Parameterisation example min./max. adjustment - bulk solids

- 1 Min. level = max. meas. distance (distance B)
- 2 Max. level = min. meas. distance (distance A)
- 3 Reference plane

If these values are not known, and adjustment can for example be carried out with the distances of 10 % and 90 %.

The starting point for these distance specifications is always the reference plane, e.g. the sealing surface of the thread or flange. Information on the reference plane can be found in the chapters " *Mounting instructions*" resp. " *Technical data*". The actual filling height is then calculated on the basis of these entries.

The actual product level during this adjustment is not important, because the min./max. adjustment is always carried out without changing the product level. These settings can be made ahead of time without the instrument having to be installed.

Distance A (max. value) Proce

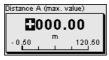
Proceed as follows:

 Select with [->] the menu item Distance A (max. value) and confirm with [OK].



- Edit the distance value with [OK] and set the cursor to the requested position with [->].
- Adjust the requested distance value for 100 % with [+] and store with [OK].





4. Move with [ESC] and [->] to the min. adjustment

Distance B (min. value)

Proceed as follows:

 Select with [->] the menu item "Distance B (min. value)" and confirm with [OK].



- Edit the distance value with [OK] and set the cursor to the requested position with [->].
- Set the requested distance value for 0 % (e.g. distance from the sensor up to the vessel bottom) with [+] and save with [OK]. The cursor now jumps to the distance value.



6.2.3 Reset

During a reset, parameter settings made by the user are reset to the values of the factory settings. You can fined the values in chapter " *Menu overview*".





Information:

The language and Bluetooth access code are not reset, a currently running simulation however is aborted.

Reset - Factory settings:

- · Restoring the factory and order-specific parameter settings
- Resetting a user-set measuring range to the recommended measuring range (see chapter " *Technical data*")
- Deleting a created false signal suppression, a user-programmable linearisation curve as well as the measured value and echo curve memory ⁴)

Reset - Restart:

Is used to restart the device without switching off the operating voltage.

⁴⁾ The event and parameter change memories are maintained.

Reset

Mode





Note:

For the duration of the reset, the device changes its behaviour from the normal measuring operation. Therefore, observe the following for downstream systems:

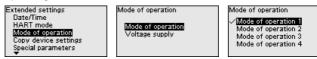
- The current output outputs the set false signal
- The Asset-Management function outputs the message " Maintenance" aus

6.2.4 Extended settings

This menu item contains operational settings of the sensor.

Mode:

Country specific settings for the radar signals are determined via the operating mode.



- Mode 1: EU, Albania, Andorra, Azerbaijan, Australia, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canada, Liechtenstein, Moldavia, Monaco, Montenegro, New Zealand, Northern Macedonia, Norway, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey, Ukraine, United Kingdom, USA
- Mode of operation 2: Brazil, Japan, South Korea, Taiwan, Thailand
- Mode of operation 3: India, Malaysia, South Africa
- Mode of operation 4: Russia, Kazakhstan

Note:

Depending on the operating mode, metrological properties of the device can change (see chapter "*Technical data, input variable*").

Voltage supply:

The power supply determines whether the sensor is in operation permanently or only in accordance with certain requirements.

Mode of operation Voltage supply	
Mode of operation VPermanent voltage supp	Лy
Voltage supply Non-perm. supply	



7 Setup with smartphone/tablet (Bluetooth)

7.1 Preparations

System requirements

Make sure that your smartphone/tablet meets the following system requirements:

- Operating system: iOS 8 or newer
- Operating system: Android 5.1 or newer
- Bluetooth 4.0 LE or newer

Download the VEGA Tools app from the " *Apple App Store*", " *Goog-le Play Store*" or " *Baidu Store*" to your smartphone or tablet.

Make sure that the Bluetooth function of the display and adjustment module is activated. For this, the switch on the bottom side must be set to "On".

Factory setting is " On".

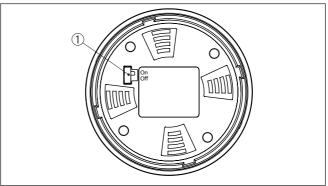


Fig. 12: Activate Bluetooth

1

Switch On = Bluetooth active Off = Bluetooth not active

7.2 Connecting

authentication query.

Start the adjustment app and select the function "*Setup*". The smartphone/tablet searches automatically for Bluetooth-capable instruments in the area.

The message " Connecting ... " is displayed.

The devices found are listed and the search is automatically continued.

When establishing the connection for the first time, the operating tool and the sensor must authenticate each other. After the first correct authentication, each subsequent connection is made without a new

Select the requested instrument in the device list.

Authenticate

Connecting

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Enter Bluetooth access code	For authentication, enter the 6-digit Bluetooth access code in the next menu window. You can find the code on the information sheet " <i>Pins and Codes</i> " in the device packaging.
	For the very first connection, the adjustment unit and the sensor must authenticate each other.
	Bluetooth access code OK
	Enter the 6 digit Bluetooth access code of your Bluetooth instrument.
	Fig. 13: Enter Bluetooth access code
i	Note: If an incorrect code is entered, the code can only be entered again after a delay time. This time gets longer after each incorrect entry.
	The message " <i>Waiting for authentication</i> " is displayed on the smart-phone/tablet.
Connected	After connection, the sensor adjustment menu is displayed on the respective adjustment tool.
	If the Bluetooth connection is interrupted, e.g. due to a too large distance between the two devices, this is displayed on the adjustment tool. The message disappears when the connection is restored.
Change device code	Parameter adjustment of the device is only possible if the parameter protection is deactivated or the adjustment released. When delivered, parameter protection is deactivated by default and can be activated at any time.
	It is recommended to enter a personal 6-digit device code. To do this, go to menu " <i>Extended functions</i> ", " <i>Access protection</i> ", menu item " <i>Protection of the parameter adjustment</i> ".
	7.3 Parameterization
Enter parameters	The sensor adjustment menu is divided into two areas, which are arranged next to each other or one below the other, depending on the adjustment tool. • Navigation section
	Menu item display

The selected menu item can be recognized by the colour change.



●●○○○ Telekom.de 😤			09:46	\$64 % 🗖
< Instrument list	VEGAPULS 64	?	Adjustment	
Setup			Set distances for level percentages	
🦪 Setup		\rightarrow	Sensor reference plane	
Application		>	Max. adjustment	
Adjustment		>		
Oamping		>	Min. adjustment	
Gurrent outp	ut	>		
Display			Max. adjustment in %	
Display		>	100.00 % Distance A	
Diagnostics			0.000 m Min. adjustment in %	
Se Diagnostics		\rightarrow	0.00 %	
L. Echo curve		>	Distance B 5.000 m	>
😌 Status signal	s	\rightarrow		
Additional settings				
Reset		>		
Scaling		>		
Gurrent outp	ut (adiustment)	\rightarrow		

Fig. 14: Example of an app view - Setup measured values

Enter the requested parameters and confirm via the keyboard or the editing field. The settings are then active in the sensor.

Close the app to terminate connection.



8 Menu overview

8.1 Display and adjustment module

Setup

Menu item	Parameter	Selection	Default setting
Measurement loop name			Sensor
Distance unit	Distance unit	mm, m, in, ft	m
Type of medium	Type of medium	Liquid	Liquid 5)
		Bulk solid	Bulk solid 6)
Application	Application - liquid	Storage tank, agitator tank, dosing tank, standpipe, tank/collection basin, plastic tank (measurement through tank top), mo- bile plastic tank (IBC), level measurement in waters, flow measurement flume/overflow, pump station/pump shaft, combined sewer overflow, demonstration	Storage tank 7)
	Application - bulk solid	Silo, bunker, crusher, heap, demonstration	Silo ⁸⁾
Vessel height			Recommended meas. range, see chapter " <i>Technical</i> <i>data</i> "
Distance A (max. value)	Max. value		Max. adjustment 100 % corresponds to 0,000 m
Distance B (min. value)	Min. value		Min. adjustment 0 % corresponds to 120,000 m

Extended settings

Menu item	Parameter	Selection	Default setting
Temperature unit		°C, °F, K	°C
Damping	Integration time	0 999 s	0 s

- 6) Flange with lens antenna
- ⁷⁾ Plastic horn antenna, thread with integrated antenna system, flange with encapsulated antenna system
- ⁸⁾ Flange with lens antenna



Menu item	Parameter	Selection	Default setting			
Current output	Output value	Percent, linearized percent, filling height, distance, scaled, measurement reliabili- ty, electronics temperature, measuring rate, operating voltage	Percent			
	Output character-	0 100 % correspond to 4 20 mA	0 100 % corre-			
	istics	0 100 % correspond to 20 4 mA	spond to 4 20 mA			
	Current range	4 20 mA	4 20 mA			
		3.8 20.5 mA				
	Reaction when mal- functions occur	\leq 3.6 mA, \geq 21 mA, last valid measured value	≤ 3.6 mA			
Linearisation	Linearization type - liquid	Linear, cylindrical tank, spherical tank, Venturi, trapezoidal weir, rectangular weir, Palmer-Bowlus flume, V-Notch, triangu- lar overfall	Linear			
	Linearization type - bulk solids	Linear, conical bottom, pyramid bottom, sloping bottom	Linear			
	Intermediate height "h"					
Scaling	Scaling size	Scaling size (dimensionless, mass, volume, height, pressure, flow, others)	Dimensionless			
		Scaling unit (unit selection depending on scaling size, user-defined)	-			
	Scaling format	#, #.#, #.###, #.####	#			
	Scaling	Scaling	100 % correspond to			
			0 % correspond to			
Indication	Menu language	German, English, French, Spanish, Portu- guese, Italian, Dutch, Russian, Chinese, Japanese, Turkish, Polish, Czech	Language is set with the first operation.			
	Presentation	One measured value, measured value and bargraph, two measured values	One measured value			
	Displayed values 1, 2	Percent, linearized percent, filling height, distance, scaled, measurement reliability, electronics temperature, current output, cur- rent output 2	Percent			
	Backlight	On, Off	On			
False signal sup- pression	False signal sup- pression	Create new, expand, delete all	-			
Date/Time	Date/Time	Date	Actual date			
		Format: 24 h, 12 h	24 h			
		Time	Actual time			
HART mode	HART address	063	0			
	Output mode	Analogue current output with HART, fix cur- rent (4 mA) with HART	Analogue current output with HART			



Menu item	Parameter	Selection	Default setting						
Mode	Mode	Mode 1: EU, Albania, Andorra, Azerbaijan, Australia, Belarus, Bosnia and Herzegovina, Canada, Liechtenstein, Morocco, Moldavia, Monaco, Montenegro, New Zealand, North- ern Macedonia, Norway, San Marino, Saudi Arabia, Serbia, Switzerland, Turkey, Ukraine, United Kingdom, USA	Mode 1						
		Mode of operation 2: Brazil, Japan, South Korea, Taiwan, Thailand							
		Mode of operation 3: India, Malaysia, South Africa							
		Mode 4: Russia							
	Voltage supply	Permanent voltage supply	Permanent voltage						
		Not permanent voltage supply	supply						
Copy instrument set- tings		Read from sensor, store in sensor	-						
Special parameters	See separate menu overview at the end oc the chapter " <i>Menu overview</i> " of the operating instructions.								

Reset

Menu item	Parameter	Selection	Default setting
Reset	Reset	Reset to factory settings, Restart	-



9 Supplement

9.1 Technical data

Note for approved instruments

The technical data in the respective safety instructions which are included in delivery are valid for approved instruments (e.g. with Ex approval). These data can differ from the data listed herein, for example regarding the process conditions or the voltage supply.

All approval documents can be downloaded from our homepage.

Electromechanical data

Options of the cable entry

- Cable entry
- Cable gland
- Blind plug
- Closing cap

M20 x 1.5; 1⁄2 NPT

M20 x 1.5; 1/2 NPT (cable ø see below table)

M20 x 1.5; 1/2 NPT

1⁄2 NPT

Material ca- ble gland	Material seal	Cable diameter													
	insert	4.5 8.5 mm	5 9 mm	6 12 mm	7 12 mm	10 14 mm									
PA	NBR	-	•	•	-	•									
Brass, nickel- plated	NBR	•	•	•	-	-									
Stainless steel	NBR	-	•	•	-	•									

(U_B - U_{min})/0.022 A

Wire cross-section (spring-loaded terminals)

- Massive wire, stranded wire
- Stranded wire with end sleeve

0.2 ... 2.5 mm² (AWG 24 ... 14)

. . .

0.2 ... 1.5 mm² (AWG 24 ... 16)

(24 V - 12 V)/0.022 A = 545 Ω

Voltage supply Operating voltage

9.6 ... 48 V DC, 20 ... 42 V AC, 50/60 Hz

Reverse voltage protection Integrated

Load resistor (4 ... 20 mA/HART - passive)

- Calculation
- Example U_R= 24 V DC

Load resistor (4 ... 20 mA/HART - active) $< 500 \Omega$

Max. power consumption 4 VA; 2.1 W





Printing date:



All statements concerning scope of delivery, application, practical use and operating conditions of the sensors and processing systems correspond to the information available at the time of printing.

Subject to change without prior notice

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