

# Operating Instructions

Vibrating level switch for liquids

## VEGASWING 61

Relay (DPDT)



Document ID: 29224



**VEGA**

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**Safety instructions for Ex areas**

Take note of the Ex specific safety instructions for Ex applications. These instructions are attached as documents to each instrument with Ex approval and are part of the operating instructions.

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# 1 About this document

## 1.1 Function

This operating instructions provides all the information you need for mounting, connection and setup as well as important instructions for maintenance, fault rectification, the exchange of parts and the safety of the user. Please read this information before putting the instrument into operation and keep this manual accessible in the immediate vicinity of the device.

## 1.2 Target group

This operating instructions manual is directed to trained personnel. The contents of this manual must be made available to the qualified personnel and implemented.

## 1.3 Symbols used



### Document ID

This symbol on the front page of this instruction refers to the Document ID. By entering the Document ID on [www.vega.com](http://www.vega.com) you will reach the document download.



### Information, tip, note

This symbol indicates helpful additional information.



**Caution:** If this warning is ignored, faults or malfunctions can result.



**Warning:** If this warning is ignored, injury to persons and/or serious damage to the instrument can result.



**Danger:** If this warning is ignored, serious injury to persons and/or destruction of the instrument can result.



### Ex applications

This symbol indicates special instructions for Ex applications.



### SIL applications

This symbol indicates instructions for functional safety which must be taken into account particularly for safety-relevant applications.



### List

The dot set in front indicates a list with no implied sequence.



### Action

This arrow indicates a single action.



### Sequence of actions

Numbers set in front indicate successive steps in a procedure.



### Battery disposal

This symbol indicates special information about the disposal of batteries and accumulators.

## 2 For your safety

### 2.1 Authorised personnel

All operations described in this documentation must be carried out only by trained, qualified personnel authorised by the plant operator.

During work on and with the device, the required personal protective equipment must always be worn.

### 2.2 Appropriate use

The VEGASWING 61 is a sensor for point level detection.

You can find detailed information about the area of application in chapter "*Product description*".

Operational reliability is ensured only if the instrument is properly used according to the specifications in the operating instructions manual as well as possible supplementary instructions.

For safety and warranty reasons, any invasive work on the device beyond that described in the operating instructions manual may be carried out only by personnel authorised by the manufacturer. Arbitrary conversions or modifications are explicitly forbidden.

### 2.3 Warning about incorrect use

Inappropriate or incorrect use of this product can give rise to application-specific hazards, e.g. vessel overflow through incorrect mounting or adjustment. Damage to property and persons or environmental contamination can result. Also, the protective characteristics of the instrument can be impaired.

### 2.4 General safety instructions

This is a state-of-the-art instrument complying with all prevailing regulations and directives. The instrument must only be operated in a technically flawless and reliable condition. The operator is responsible for the trouble-free operation of the instrument. When measuring aggressive or corrosive media that can cause a dangerous situation if the instrument malfunctions, the operator has to implement suitable measures to make sure the instrument is functioning properly.

During the entire duration of use, the user is obliged to determine the compliance of the necessary occupational safety measures with the current valid rules and regulations and also take note of new regulations.

The safety instructions in this operating instructions manual, the national installation standards as well as the valid safety regulations and accident prevention rules must be observed by the user.

For safety and warranty reasons, any invasive work on the device beyond that described in the operating instructions manual may be carried out only by personnel authorised by the manufacturer. Arbitrary conversions or modifications are explicitly forbidden. For safety reasons, only the accessory specified by the manufacturer must be used.

To avoid any danger, the safety approval markings and safety tips on the device must also be observed and their meaning read in this operating instructions manual.

## 2.5 Safety label on the instrument

The safety approval markings and safety tips on the device must be observed.

## 2.6 EU conformity

The device fulfils the legal requirements of the applicable EU directives. By affixing the CE marking, we confirm the conformity of the instrument with these directives.

The EU conformity declaration can be found on our homepage.

## 2.7 SIL conformity

VEGASWING 61 fulfills the requirements of functional safety according to IEC 61508 resp. IEC 61511. You can find further information in the Safety Manual "*VEGASWING series 60*".

## 2.8 Installation and operation in the USA and Canada

This information is only valid for USA and Canada. Hence the following text is only available in the English language.

Installations in the US shall comply with the relevant requirements of the National Electrical Code (ANSI/NFPA 70).

Installations in Canada shall comply with the relevant requirements of the Canadian Electrical Code.

## 2.9 Safety instructions for Ex areas

For Ex applications, only devices with corresponding Ex approval may be used. Observe the Ex-specific safety instructions. These are an integral part of the operating instructions and are enclosed with every device with Ex approval.

## 2.10 Environmental instructions

Protection of the environment is one of our most important duties. That is why we have introduced an environment management system with the goal of continuously improving company environmental protection. The environment management system is certified according to DIN EN ISO 14001.

Please help us fulfil this obligation by observing the environmental instructions in this manual:

- Chapter "*Packaging, transport and storage*"
- Chapter "*Disposal*"

## 3 Product description

### 3.1 Configuration

#### Scope of delivery

The scope of delivery encompasses:

- VEGASWING 61 point level switch
- Documentation
  - This operating instructions manual
  - Safety Manual "*Functional safety (SIL)*" (optional)
  - Supplementary instructions manual "*Plug connector for level sensors*" (optional)
  - Ex-specific "*Safety instructions*" (with Ex versions)
  - If necessary, further certificates

#### Constituent parts

The VEGASWING 61 consists of the components:

- Housing lid
- Housing with electronics
- Process fitting with tuning fork

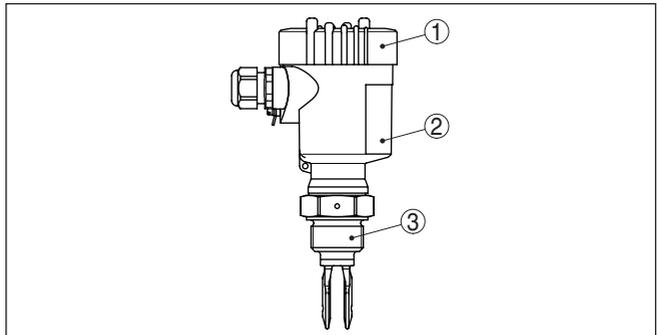


Fig. 1: VEGASWING 61

- 1 Housing lid
- 2 Housing with electronics
- 3 Process fitting

#### Type label

The type label contains the most important data for identification and use of the instrument:

- Article number
- Serial number
- Technical data
- Article numbers, documentation
- SIL identification (with SIL rating ex works)

With the serial number, you can access the delivery data of the instrument via "[www.vega.com](http://www.vega.com)", "*Search*". You can find the serial number on the inside of the instrument as well as on the type label on the outside.

	<h3>3.2 Principle of operation</h3>
<p><b>Application area</b></p>	<p>VEGASWING 61 is a point level sensor with tuning fork for point level detection.</p> <p>It is designed for industrial use in all areas of process technology and can be used in liquids.</p> <p>Typical applications are overflow and dry run protection. With its tuning fork of only 40 mm length, VEGASWING 61 can also be mounted e.g. in pipelines from DN 32. The small tuning fork allows use in vessels, tanks and pipes. Thanks to its simple and robust measuring system, VEGASWING 61 is virtually unaffected by the chemical and physical properties of the liquid.</p> <p>It functions even under difficult conditions such as turbulence, air bubbles, foam generation, buildup, strong external vibration or changing products.</p> <p><b>Function monitoring</b></p> <p>The electronics module of VEGASWING 61 continuously monitors the following criteria via frequency evaluation:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>● Strong corrosion or damage on the tuning fork</li> <li>● Loss of vibration</li> <li>● Line break to the piezo drive</li> </ul> <p>If a malfunction is detected or in case of voltage supply, the electronics takes on a defined switching status, i.e. the relay deenergises (safe state).</p>
<p><b>Functional principle</b></p>	<p>The tuning fork is piezoelectrically energised and vibrates at its mechanical resonance frequency of approx. 1200 Hz. The piezos are fixed mechanically and are hence not subject to temperature shock limitations. The frequency changes when the tuning fork is covered by the medium. This change is detected by the integrated electronics module and converted into a switching command.</p>
<p><b>Voltage supply</b></p>	<p>VEGASWING 61 is a compact instrument, i.e. it can be operated without external evaluation system. The integrated electronics evaluates the level signal and outputs a switching signal. With this switching signal, a connected device can be operated directly (e.g. a warning system, a pump etc.).</p> <p>The data for power supply are specified in chapter "<i>Technical data</i>".</p>

### 3.3 Adjustment

The switching condition of VEGASWING 61 with plastic housing can be checked when the housing is closed (signal lamp). With the basic setting, products with a density  $\geq 0.7 \text{ g/cm}^3$  (0.025 lbs/in<sup>3</sup>) can be detected. The instrument can be adapted if products with lower density are to be measured.

On the electronics module you will find the following display and adjustment elements:

- Signal lamp for indication of the switching condition (green/red)
- DIL switch for sensitivity adjustment

- Mode adjustment for selection of the switching condition (A/B)

### 3.4 Storage and transport

#### Packaging

Your instrument was protected by packaging during transport. Its capacity to handle normal loads during transport is assured by a test based on ISO 4180.

The packaging of standard instruments consists of environment-friendly, recyclable carton material. The sensing element is additionally protected with a cardboard cover. For special versions, PE foam or PE foil is also used. Please dispose of the packaging material through specialised recycling companies.

#### Transport

Transport must be carried out in due consideration of the notes on the transport packaging. Nonobservance of these instructions can cause damage to the device.

#### Transport inspection

The delivery must be checked for completeness and possible transit damage immediately at receipt. Ascertained transit damage or concealed defects must be appropriately dealt with.

#### Storage

Up to the time of installation, the packages must be left closed and stored according to the orientation and storage markings on the outside.

Unless otherwise indicated, the packages must be stored only under the following conditions:

- Not in the open
- Dry and dust free
- Not exposed to corrosive media
- Protected against solar radiation
- Avoiding mechanical shock and vibration

#### Storage and transport temperature

- Storage and transport temperature see chapter "*Supplement - Technical data - Ambient conditions*"
- Relative humidity 20 ... 85 %

#### Lifting and carrying

With instrument weights of more than 18 kg (39.68 lbs) suitable and approved equipment must be used for lifting and carrying.

### 3.5 Accessories

#### PLICSLED

The pluggable display module PLICSLED is used for clearly visible indication of the switching status. It can be attached to the electronics of the sensor and removed at any time.

You can find further information in the operating instructions "*PLICSLED*" (Document-ID 47885).

#### Flanges

Screwed flanges are available in different versions according to the following standards: DIN 2501, EN 1092-1, BS 10, ASME B 16.5, JIS B 2210-1984, GOST 12821-80.

**Electronics module**

The electronics module SW E60 is a replacement part for level switches VEGASWING 61.

You can find information in the operating instructions manual of the electronics module.

**Plug connector**

For connecting the sensors with a separator to voltage supply or signal processing, the sensors are also available with plug connectors.

The following plug connectors are available:

- M12 x 1
- ISO 4400
- Harting HAN 7D
- Harting HAN 8D
- Amphenol-Tuchel

## 4 Mounting

### 4.1 General instructions

**Suitability for the process conditions**

Make sure that all parts of the instrument coming in direct contact with the process, especially the sensor element, process seal and process fitting, are suitable for the existing process conditions, such as process pressure, process temperature as well as the chemical properties of the medium.

You can find the specifications in chapter "*Technical data*" and on the nameplate.

**Suitability for the ambient conditions**

The instrument is suitable for standard and extended ambient conditions acc. to DIN/EN/IEC/ANSI/ISA/UL/CSA 61010-1.

**Switching point**

In general, VEGASWING 61 can be installed in any position. The instrument only has to be mounted in such a way that the tuning fork is at the height of the desired switching point.

The tuning fork has lateral markings (notches) that indicate the switching point with vertical mounting. The switching point applies to water in conjunction with the basic setting of the density switch  $\geq 0.7 \text{ g/cm}^3$  ( $0.025 \text{ lbs/in}^3$ ). When mounting VEGASWING 61, make sure that this marking is at the height of the requested switching point. Keep in mind that the switching point of the instrument will shift if the medium has a density other than water - water is  $1 \text{ g/cm}^3$  ( $0.036 \text{ lbs/in}^3$ ). For products  $\leq 0.7 \text{ g/cm}^3$  ( $0.025 \text{ lbs/in}^3$ ) and  $\geq 0.5 \text{ g/cm}^3$  ( $0.018 \text{ lbs/in}^3$ ) the density switch must be set to  $\geq 0.5 \text{ g/cm}^3$ .

Keep in mind that foams with a density  $\geq 0.45 \text{ g/cm}^3$  ( $0.016 \text{ lbs/in}^3$ ) are detected by the sensor. This can lead to erroneous switchings, particularly when the sensor is used for dry run protection.

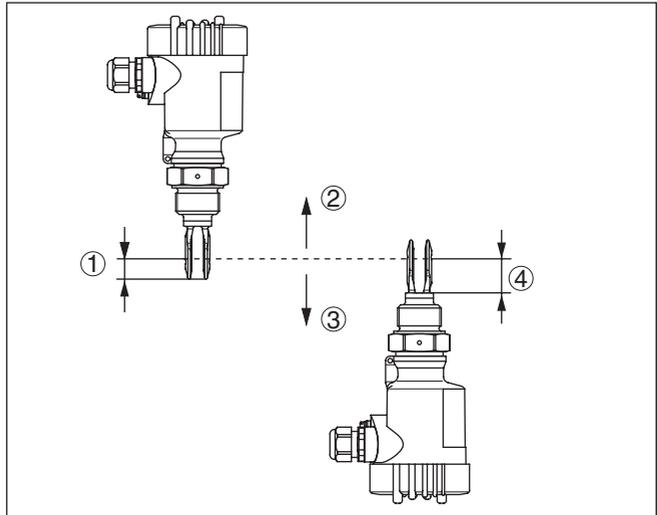


Fig. 2: Vertical mounting

- 1 Switching point approx. 13 mm (0.51 in)
- 2 Switching point with lower density
- 3 Switching point with higher density
- 4 Switching point approx. 27 mm (1.06 in)

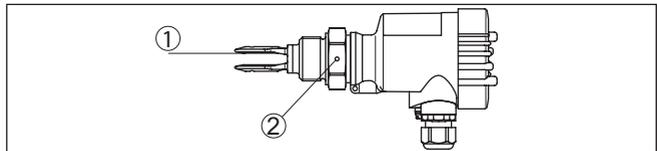


Fig. 3: Horizontal mounting

- 1 Switching point
- 2 Marking with screwed version, facing up

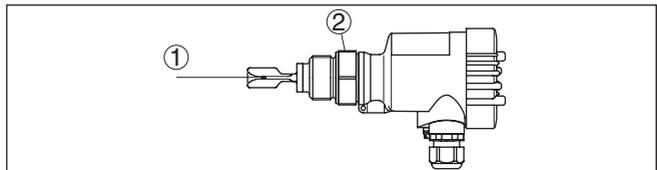


Fig. 4: Horizontal installation (recommended mounting position, particularly for adhesive products)

- 1 Switching point
- 2 Marking with screwed version, facing up

In the case of flange versions, the fork is aligned as follows.

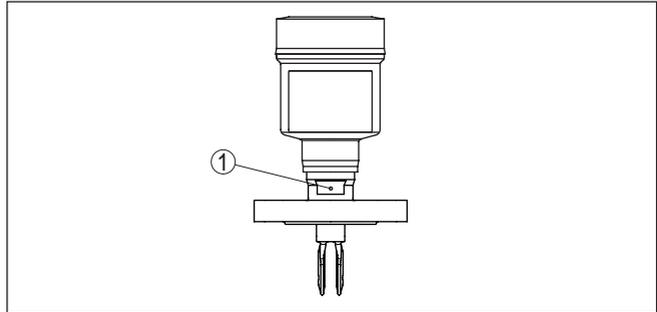


Fig. 5: Fork position with flange versions

1 Marking with flange version, facing up

**Moisture**

Use the recommended cables (see chapter "Connecting to power supply") and tighten the cable gland.

You can give your instrument additional protection against moisture penetration by leading the connection cable downward in front of the cable gland. Rain and condensation water can thus drain off. This applies mainly to outdoor mounting as well as installation in areas where high humidity is expected (e.g. through cleaning processes) or on cooled or heated vessels.

To maintain the housing protection, make sure that the housing lid is closed during operation and locked, if necessary.

Make sure that the degree of contamination specified in chapter "Technical data" meets the existing ambient conditions.

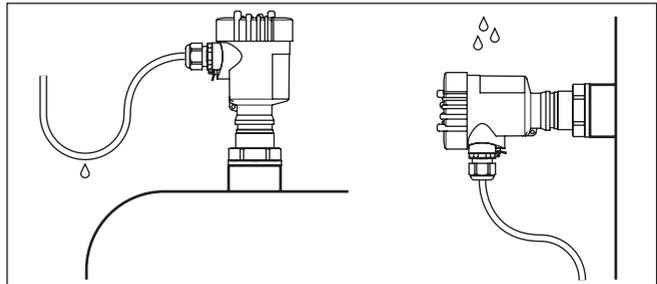


Fig. 6: Measures against moisture ingress

**Transport**



**Caution:**

Do not hold VEGASWING 61 on the tuning fork. Particularly with flange or tube versions, the tuning fork can be damaged just by the weight of the instrument. Transport coated instruments very carefully and avoid touching the tuning fork.

Remove the packaging or the protective cover just before mounting.

**Pressure/Vacuum**

The process fitting must be sealed if there is gauge or low pressure in the vessel. Before use, check if the seal material is resistant against the measured product and the process temperature.

The max. permissible pressure is specified in chapter "*Technical data*" or on the type label of the sensor.

**Handling**

The vibrating level switch is a measuring instrument and must be treated accordingly. Bending the vibrating element will destroy the instrument.

**Warning:**

The housing must not be used to screw the instrument in! Applying tightening force can damage internal parts of the housing.

Use the hexagon above the thread for screwing in.

**Cable entries - NPT  
thread  
Cable glands**
**Metric threads**

In the case of instrument housings with metric thread, the cable glands are screwed in at the factory. They are sealed with plastic plugs as transport protection.

You have to remove these plugs before electrical connection.

**NPT thread**

In the case of instrument housings with self-sealing NPT threads, it is not possible to have the cable entries screwed in at the factory. The free openings for the cable glands are therefore covered with red dust protection caps as transport protection.

Prior to setup you have to replace these protective caps with approved cable glands or close the openings with suitable blind plugs.

## 4.2 Mounting instructions

**Welded socket**

VEGASWING 61 has a defined thread starting point. This means that every VEGASWING 61 is in the same fork position after being screwed in. Remove therefore the supplied seal from the thread of VEGASWING 61. This seal is not required when using a welded socket with O-ring in front.

Keep in mind that this welded socket is not suitable for coated instrument versions.

Screw VEGASWING 61 completely into the welded socket. The later position can be determined already before welding. Mark the appropriate position of the welded socket. Before welding, unscrew VEGASWING 61 and remove the rubber ring from the welded socket. The welded socket has a marking (notch). Weld the socket with the notch facing upward, or in case of pipelines (DN 32 up to DN 50), aligned with the direction of flow.

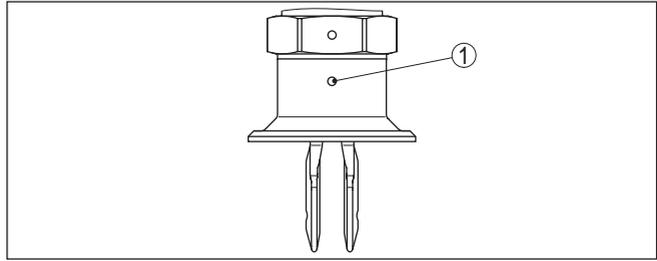


Fig. 7: Marking on the welded socket

1 Marking

### Adhesive products

In case of horizontal mounting in adhesive and viscous products, the surfaces of the tuning fork should be vertical in order to reduce buildup on the tuning fork. On the screwed version you will find a marking on the hexagon. With this you can check the position of the tuning fork when screwing it in. When the hexagon touches the seal, the thread can still be turned by approx. half a turn. This is sufficient to reach the recommended installation position.

In the case of flange versions, the fork is aligned with the flange holes.

When used in adhesive and viscous products, the tuning fork should protrude into the vessel to avoid buildup. For that reason, sockets for flanges and mounting bosses should be avoided when mounting horizontally.

### Inflowing medium

If VEGASWING 61 is mounted in the filling stream, unwanted false measurement signals can be generated. For this reason, mount VEGASWING 61 at a position in the vessel where no disturbances, e.g. from filling openings, agitators, etc., can occur.

### Product flow

To make sure the tuning fork of VEGASWING 61 generates as little resistance as possible to product flow, mount the sensor so that the surfaces are parallel to the product movement.

### Enamel coating

Instruments with enamel coating should be treated very carefully and shocks should be avoided. Unpack VEGASWING 61 directly before installation. Insert VEGASWING 61 carefully into the vessel opening and avoid touching any sharp vessel parts.

### Gas-tight leadthrough

The second seal of the gas-tight leadthrough (option) prevents an uncontrolled leakage of the medium. The service life of the gas-tight leadthrough depends on the chemical resistance of the materials. See "Technical data".



### Caution:

If it is determined (e.g. via an error message from VEGASWING 61) that medium has already penetrated into the vibrating element, the instrument must be exchanged immediately.

## 5 Connecting to power supply

### 5.1 Preparing the connection

**Note safety instructions** Always keep in mind the following safety instructions:



**Warning:**

Connect only in the complete absence of line voltage.

- The electrical connection must only be carried out by trained, qualified personnel authorised by the plant operator.
- Always switch off power supply, before connecting or disconnecting the instrument.



**Note:**

Install a disconnecting device for the instrument which is easy to access. The disconnecting device must be marked for the instrument (IEC/EN 61010).

**Take note of safety instructions for Ex applications**



In hazardous areas you must take note of the respective regulations, conformity and type approval certificates of the sensors and power supply units.

**Voltage supply**

Connect the voltage supply according to the connection diagrams. The electronics module with relay output is designed in protection class I. To maintain this protection class, it is absolutely necessary that the earth conductor be connected to the inner earth conductor terminal. Keep the general installation regulations in mind. Take note of the corresponding installation regulations for hazardous areas with Ex applications.

The data for power supply are specified in chapter "*Technical data*".

**Connection cable**

The instrument is connected with standard three-wire cable without screen. If electromagnetic interference is expected which is above the test values of EN 61326 for industrial areas, screened cable should be used.

Make sure that the cable used has the required temperature resistance and fire safety for max. occurring ambient temperature

Use cable with round cross-section. A cable outer diameter of 5 ... 9 mm (0.2 ... 0.35 in) ensures the seal effect of the cable gland. If you are using cable with a different diameter or cross-section, exchange the seal or use a suitable cable gland.



In hazardous areas, use only approved cable connections for VEGASWING 61.

**Connection cable for Ex applications**



Take note of the corresponding installation regulations for Ex applications.

Cover all housing openings conforming to standard according to EN 60079-1.

### 5.2 Connection procedure



With Ex instruments, the housing cover may only be opened if there is no explosive atmosphere present.

Proceed as follows:

1. Unscrew the housing lid
  2. Loosen compression nut of the cable gland and remove blind plug
  3. Remove approx. 10 cm (4 in) of the cable mantle, strip approx. 1 cm (0.4 in) of insulation from the ends of the individual wires
  4. Insert the cable into the sensor through the cable entry
  5. Open the terminals with a screwdriver
  6. Insert the wire ends into the open terminals according to the wiring plan
  7. Tighten the terminals with a screwdriver
  8. Check the hold of the wires in the terminals by lightly pulling on them
  9. Tighten the compression nut of the cable entry gland. The seal ring must completely encircle the cable
  10. Screw the housing lid back on
- The electrical connection is finished.

### 5.3 Wiring plan, single chamber housing



The following illustrations apply to the non-Ex as well as to the Ex-d version.

#### Housing overview

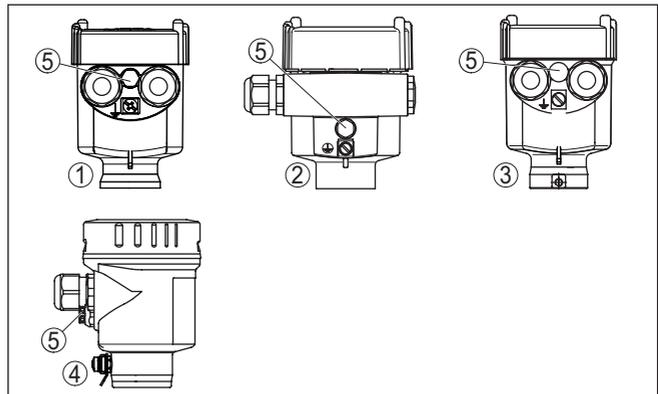


Fig. 8: Material versions, single chamber housing

- 1 Plastic (not with Ex d)
- 2 Aluminium
- 3 Stainless steel (not with Ex d)
- 4 Stainless steel, electropolished (not with Ex d)
- 5 Filter element for pressure compensation or blind plug with version IP66/ IP68, 1 bar (not with Ex d)

## Electronics and connection compartment

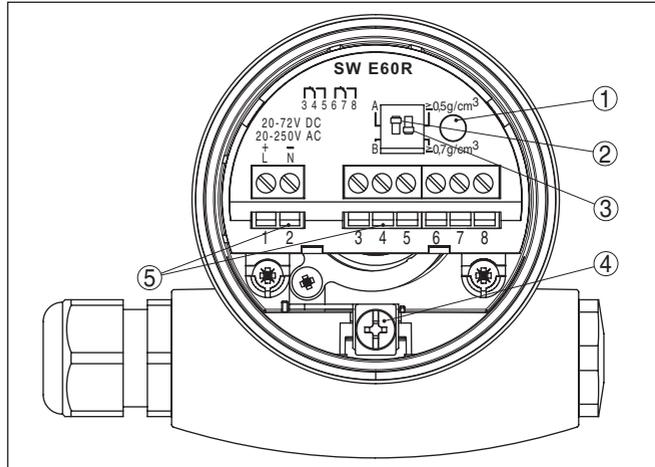


Fig. 9: Electronics and connection compartment, single chamber housing

- 1 Control lamp
- 2 DIL switch for mode adjustment
- 3 DIL switch for switching point adaptation
- 4 Ground terminal
- 5 Connection terminals

## Wiring plan

We recommend connecting VEGASWING 61 in such a way that the switching circuit is open when there is a level signal, line break or failure (safe state).



### Information:

The relays are always shown in non-operative condition.

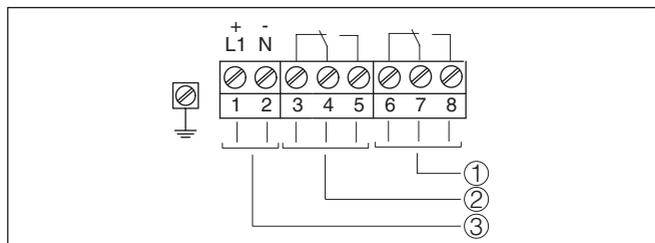


Fig. 10: Wiring plan, single chamber housing

- 1 Relay output
- 2 Relay output
- 3 Voltage supply

## Connection to a PLC

If inductive loads or stronger currents are switched through, the gold plating on the relay contact surface will be permanently damaged. The contact is then no longer suitable for switching low-voltage circuits.

Inductive loads also result from the connection to a PLC input or output and/or in combination with long cables. It is imperative that you take measures to extinguish sparks to protect the relay contact (e.g. Z diode) or use an electronic version with transistor output.

## 6 Setup

### 6.1 General information

The figures in brackets refer to the following illustrations.

#### Function/Configuration

With plastic housings, the switching condition of the electronics can be checked when the housing cover is closed (control lamp). With the basic setting, products with a density  $\geq 0.7 \text{ g/cm}^3$  ( $0.025 \text{ lbs/in}^3$ ) can be detected. For products with lower density, the switch must be set to  $\geq 0.5 \text{ g/cm}^3$  ( $0.018 \text{ lbs/in}^3$ ).

On the electronics module you will find the following display and adjustment elements:

- Signal lamp (1)
- DIL switch for mode adjustment - A/B (2)
- DIL switch for adjustment of the density range (3)



#### Note:

Always immerse the tuning fork of VEGASWING 61 in a liquid to test its function. Do not test the function of VEGASWING 61 with your hand. This can damage the sensor.

### 6.2 Adjustment elements

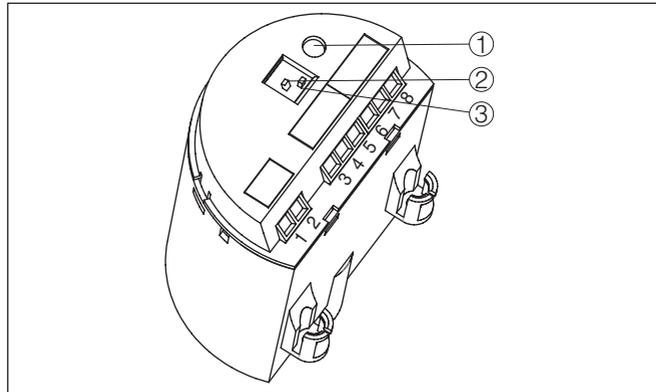


Fig. 11: Oscillator SWE60R - Relay output

- 1 Control lamp (LED)
- 2 DIL switch for mode adjustment
- 3 DIL switch for adjustment of the density range

#### Signal lamp (1)

Control lamp for indication of the switching status

- green = relay energized
- red = relay deenergized
- red (flashing) = failure

#### Mode adjustment (2)

With the mode adjustment (A/B) you can change the switching condition of the relay. You can set the required mode according to the

"Function table" (A - max. detection or overflow protection, B - min. detection or dry run protection).

**Adjustment of the density range (3)**

With this DIL switch (3) you can set the switching point to liquids having a density between 0.5 and 0.7 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (0.018 and 0.025 lbs/in<sup>3</sup>). With the basic setting, liquids with a density of ≥ 0.7 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (0.025 lbs/in<sup>3</sup>) can be detected. In liquids with lower density, you must set the switch to ≥ 0.5 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (0.018 lbs/in<sup>3</sup>). The specifications for the position of the switching point relate to water - density value 1 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (0.036 lbs/in<sup>3</sup>). In products with a different density, the switching point will shift in the direction of the housing or tuning fork end depending on the density and type of installation.



**Note:**

Keep in mind that foams with a density ≥ 0.45 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (0.016 lbs/in<sup>3</sup>) are detected by the sensor. This can lead to erroneous switchings, particularly when the sensor is used for dry run protection.

**6.3 Function table**

The following table provides an overview of the switching conditions depending on the set mode and the level.

	Level	Switching status	Control lamp
Mode A Overflow protection		 Relay energized	 Green
Mode A Overflow protection		 Relay deenergized	 Red
Mode B Dry run protection		 Relay energized	 Green
Mode B Dry run protection		 Relay deenergized	 Red
Failure of the supply voltage (mode A/B)	any	 Relay deenergized	 Off

	Level	Switching status	Control lamp
Fault	any	 Relay deenergized	 flashes red

## 7 Maintenance and fault rectification

### 7.1 Maintenance

#### Maintenance

If the device is used properly, no special maintenance is required in normal operation.

#### Cleaning

The cleaning helps that the type label and markings on the instrument are visible.

Take note of the following:

- Use only cleaning agents which do not corrode the housings, type label and seals
- Use only cleaning methods corresponding to the housing protection rating

### 7.2 Rectify faults

#### Reaction when malfunction occurs

The operator of the system is responsible for taking suitable measures to rectify faults.

#### Causes of malfunction

The device offers maximum reliability. Nevertheless, faults can occur during operation. These may be caused by the following, e.g.:

- Sensor
- Process
- Voltage supply
- Signal processing

#### Fault rectification

The first measure to take is to check the output signal. In many cases, the causes can be determined this way and the faults quickly rectified.

#### 24 hour service hotline

Should these measures not be successful, please call in urgent cases the VEGA service hotline under the phone no. **+49 1805 858550**.

The hotline is manned 7 days a week round-the-clock. Since we offer this service worldwide, the support is only available in the English language. The service is free, only standard call charges are incurred.

## Checking the switching signal

Error	Cause	Rectification
VEGASWING 61 signals "covered" without being submerged (overflow protection) VEGASWING 61 signals "uncovered" when being submerged (dry run protection)	Operating voltage too low	Check operating voltage
	Electronics defective	Press the mode switch. If the instrument then changes the mode, the vibrating element may be covered with buildup or mechanically damaged. Should the switching function in the correct mode still be faulty, return the instrument for repair.
		Press the mode switch. If the instrument then does not change the mode, the electronics module may be defective. Exchange the electronics module.
	Unfavourable installation location	Mount the instrument at a location in the vessel where no dead zones or air bubbles can form.
	Buildup on the vibrating element	Check the vibrating element and the sensor for buildup and remove the buildup if there is any.
Wrong mode selected	Set the correct mode with the mode switch (overflow protection, dry run protection). Wiring should be carried out according to the closed-circuit principle.	
Signal lamp flashes red	Error on the vibrating element	Check if the vibrating element is damaged or extremely corroded.
	Interference on the electronics module	Exchanging the electronics module
	instrument defective	Exchange the instrument or send it in for repair

### Reaction after fault rectification

Depending on the reason for the fault and the measures taken, the steps described in chapter "Set up" may have to be carried out again.

### 7.3 Exchanging the electronics

If the electronics module is defective, it can be replaced by the user.



In Ex applications only an electronics module with respective Ex approval may be used.

You can find all the information you need to carry out an electronics exchange in the handbook of the new electronics module.

In general, all electronics modules of series SW60 can be interchanged. If you want to use an electronics module with a different signal output, you carry out the complete setup. You find the necessary, suitable operating instruction on our homepage.

**Note:**

Keep in mind that enamelled instrument versions need special electronics modules. These electronics modules are called SW60E or SW60E1.

## 7.4 How to proceed if a repair is necessary

You can find an instrument return form as well as detailed information about the procedure in the download area of our homepage: [www.vega.com](http://www.vega.com).

By doing this you help us carry out the repair quickly and without having to call back for needed information.

If a repair is necessary, please proceed as follows:

- Print and fill out one form per instrument
- Clean the instrument and pack it damage-proof
- Attach the completed form and, if need be, also a safety data sheet outside on the packaging
- Please contact the agency serving you to get the address for the return shipment. You can find the agency on our home page [www.vega.com](http://www.vega.com).

## 8 Dismount

### 8.1 Dismounting steps

**Warning:**

Before dismantling, be aware of dangerous process conditions such as e.g. pressure in the vessel, high temperatures, corrosive or toxic products etc.

Take note of chapters "*Mounting*" and "*Connecting to voltage supply*" and carry out the listed steps in reverse order.



With Ex instruments, the housing cover may only be opened if there is no explosive atmosphere present.

### 8.2 Disposal

The instrument consists of materials which can be recycled by specialised recycling companies. We use recyclable materials and have designed the electronics to be easily separable.

**WEEE directive**

The instrument does not fall in the scope of the EU WEEE directive. Article 2 of this Directive exempts electrical and electronic equipment from this requirement if it is part of another instrument that does not fall in the scope of the Directive. These include stationary industrial plants.

Pass the instrument directly on to a specialised recycling company and do not use the municipal collecting points.

If you have no way to dispose of the old instrument properly, please contact us concerning return and disposal.

## 9 Supplement

### 9.1 Technical data

#### Note for approved instruments

The technical data in the respective safety instructions which are included in delivery are valid for approved instruments (e.g. with Ex approval). These data can differ from the data listed herein, for example regarding the process conditions or the voltage supply.

All approval documents can be downloaded from our homepage.

#### General data

Material 316L corresponds to 1.4404 or 1.4435

##### Materials, wetted parts

- Process fitting - thread 316L, Alloy C22 (2.4602)
- Process fitting - flange 316L, 316L with Alloy C22 (2.4602) coating, steel enamelled, 316L with ECTFE coating, 316L with PFA coating
- Process seal Klingersil C-4400
- Tuning fork 316L, Alloy C22 (2.4602), Alloy C4 (2.4610) enamelled
- Extension tube:  $\varnothing$  21.3 mm (0.839 in) 316L, Alloy C22 (2.4602), Alloy C22 (2.4602) enamelled, 316L with ECTFE coating, 316L with PFA coating

##### Materials, non-wetted parts

- Plastic housing Plastic PBT (Polyester)
- Aluminium die-cast housing Aluminium die-casting AlSi10Mg, powder-coated (Basis: Polyester)
- Stainless steel housing (precision casting) 316L
- Stainless steel housing (electropolished) 316L
- Seal between housing and housing lid Silicone SI 850 R
- Seal between housing and housing cover (lacquer-compatible version) EPDM
- Optical fibre in housing cover PMMA (Makrolon)
- Ground terminal 316L
- Cable gland PA, stainless steel, brass
- Sealing, cable gland NBR
- Blind plug, cable gland PA
- Temperature adapter (optional) 316L

##### Second Line of Defense resp. gas-tight leadthrough (optional)

- The Second Line of Defense (SLOD) is a second level of the process separation in the form of a gas-tight feedthrough in the lower part of the housing, preventing product from penetrating into the housing.
- Supporting material 316L

– Glass potting	Borosilicate glass (Schott no. 8421)
– Contacts	1.4101
– Helium leak rate	$< 10^{-6}$ mbar l/s
– Pressure resistance	PN 64
Sensor length	
– Length VEGASWING 61	See chapter " <i>Dimensions</i> "
Instrument weight (depending on process fitting)	0.8 ... 4 kg (0.18 ... 8.82 lbs)
Layer thickness	
– Enamel	600 $\mu\text{m}$ $\pm 200$ $\mu\text{m}$ (0.024 in $\pm 0.008$ in)
– ECTFE	500 $\mu\text{m}$ +500/-200 $\mu\text{m}$ (0.02 in +0.02/-0.008 in)
– PFA	600 $\mu\text{m}$ +500/-300 $\mu\text{m}$ (0.024 in +0.02/-0.012 in)
Surface quality	
– Standard	$R_a < 3$ $\mu\text{m}$ (1.18 <sup>-4</sup> in)
– Hygienic version (3A)	$R_a < 0.8$ $\mu\text{m}$ (3.15 <sup>-5</sup> in)
– Hygienic version (3A)	$R_a < 0.3$ $\mu\text{m}$ (1.18 <sup>-5</sup> in)
Process fittings	
– Pipe thread, cylindrical (DIN 3852-A)	G $\frac{3}{4}$ , G1
– Pipe thread, conical (ASME B1.20.1)	$\frac{3}{4}$ NPT, 1 NPT
– Flanges	DIN from DN 25, ASME from 1"
– hygienic fittings	Slotted nut DN 40 PN 40, Clamp 1" DIN 32676 ISO 2852/316L, Clamp 2" DIN 32676 ISO 2852/316L, conus DN 25 PN 40, Tuchenhagen Varivent DN 50 PN 10
Max. torque - process fitting	
– Thread G $\frac{3}{4}$ , $\frac{3}{4}$ NPT	75 Nm (55 lbf ft)
– Thread G1, 1 NPT	100 Nm (73 lbf ft)
Torque for NPT cable glands and Conduit tubes	
– Plastic housing	max. 10 Nm (7.376 lbf ft)
– Aluminium/Stainless steel housing	max. 50 Nm (36.88 lbf ft)
Gas-tight leadthrough (optional)	
– Leakage rate	$< 10^{-6}$ mbar l/s
– Pressure resistance	PN 64
High voltage test (enamel)	$< 5$ KV

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**Output variable**


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Output	Relay output (DPDT), 2 floating spdts
Switching voltage	max. 253 V AC/DC With circuits $> 150$ V AC/DC, the relay contacts must be in the same circuit.
Switching current	max. 3 A AC (cos phi $> 0.9$ ), 1 A DC

Breaking capacity

- Min. 50 mW
- Max. 750 VA AC, 40 W DC (at U < 40 V DC)

If inductive loads or stronger currents are switched through, the gold plating on the relay contact surface will be permanently damaged. The contact is then no longer suitable for switching low-level signal circuits.

Contact material (relay contacts)

AgNi or AgSnO<sub>2</sub> each with 3 µm gold plating

Modes (switchable)

- A Max. detection or overflow/overflow protection
- B Min. detection or dry run protection

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**Measurement accuracy (according to DIN EN 60770-1)**

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Reference conditions and influencing variables (according to DIN EN 61298-1)

- Ambient temperature +18 ... +30 °C (+64 ... +86 °F)
- Relative humidity 45 ... 75 %
- Air pressure 860 ... 1060 mbar/86 ... 106 kPa (12.5 ... 15.4 psig)
- Product temperature +18 ... +30 °C (+64 ... +86 °F)
- Product density 1 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (0.036 lbs/in<sup>3</sup>) (water)
- Product viscosity 1 mPa s
- Superimposed pressure 0 kPa
- Sensor installation Vertically from top
- Density selection switch ≥ 0.7 g/cm<sup>3</sup>

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**Measurement accuracy**

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Deviation ± 1 mm (0.04 in)

**Influence of the process temperature on the switching point**

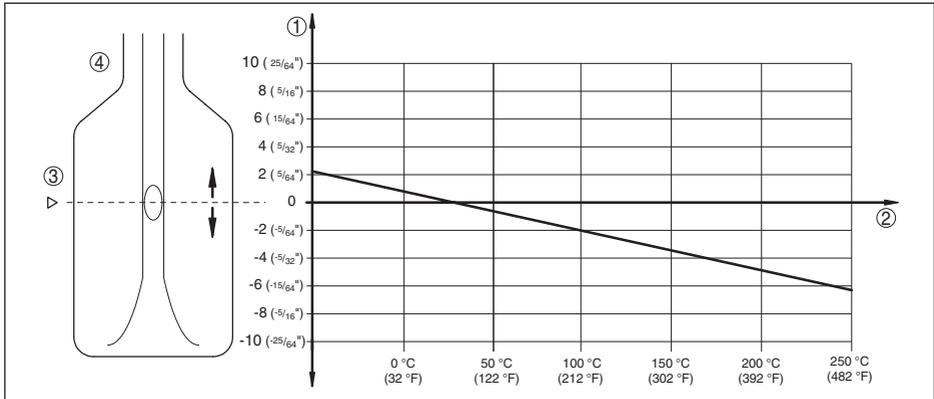


Fig. 12: Influence of the process temperature on the switching point

- 1 Shifting of the switching point in mm (in)
- 2 Process temperature in °C (°F)
- 3 Switching point at reference conditions (notch)
- 4 Tuning fork

**Influence of the product density on the switching point**

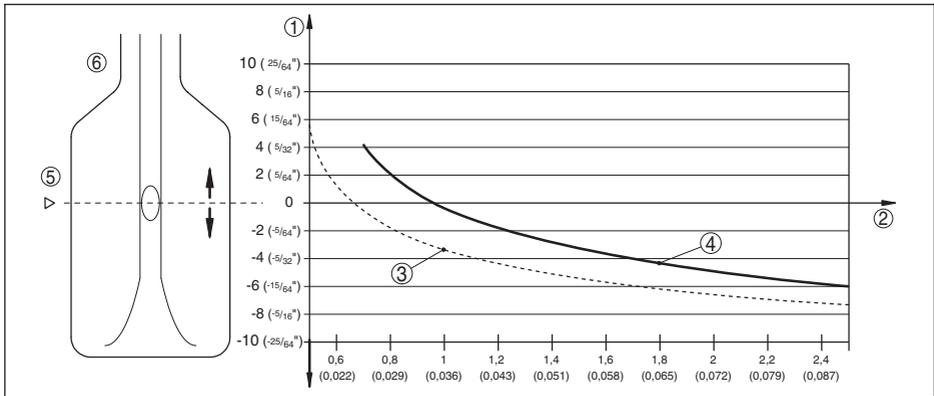


Fig. 13: Influence of the product density on the switching point

- 1 Shifting of the switching point in mm (in)
- 2 Product density in g/cm³ (lb/in³)
- 3 Switch position  $\geq 0.5 \text{ g/cm}^3$  (0.018 lb/in³)
- 4 Switch position  $\geq 0.7 \text{ g/cm}^3$  (0.025 lb/in³)
- 5 Switching point at reference conditions (notch)
- 6 Tuning fork

**Influence of the process pressure to the switching point**

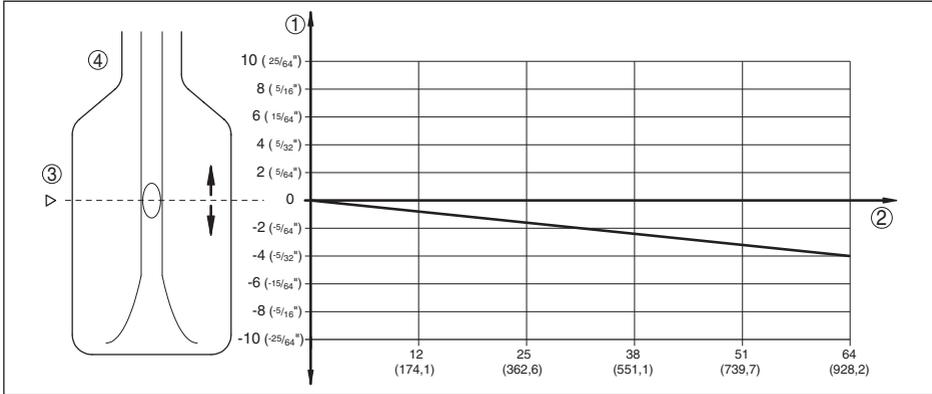


Fig. 14: Influence of the process pressure to the switching point

- 1 Shifting of the switching point in mm (in)
- 2 Process pressure in bar (psig)
- 3 Switching point at reference conditions (notch)
- 4 Tuning fork

Non-repeatability	0.1 mm (0.004 in)
Hysteresis	approx. 2 mm (0.08 in) with vertical installation
Switching delay	approx. 500 ms (on/off)
Measuring frequency	approx. 1200 Hz

**Ambient conditions**

Ambient temperature on the housing	-40 ... +70 °C (-40 ... +158 °F)
Storage and transport temperature	-40 ... +80 °C (-40 ... +176 °F)

**Process conditions**

Measured variable	Limit level of liquids
Process pressure	-1 ... 64 bar/-100 ... 6400 kPa (-14.5 ... 928 psig) The process pressure is dependent on the process fitting, for example Clam p or flange (see the following diagrams)
Maximum allowable operating pressure	100 bar/10000 kPa (1450 psig) or 1.5 times process pressure The function of the instrument is ensured up to an operating pressure of 100 bar/10000 kPa (1450 psig) at a maximum process temperature of +50 °C (+122 °F) (only with threaded versions).
Process temperature (thread or flange temperature)	
- VEGASWING 61 of 316L/Alloy C22 (2.4602)	-50 ... +150 °C (-58 ... +302 °F)

Process temperature (thread or flange temperature) with temperature adapter (option)

- VEGASWING 61 of 316L/Alloy C22 (-58 ... +250 °C (-58 ... +482 °F) (2.4602)
- VEGASWING 61 enamelled (-50 ... +200 °C (-58 ... +392 °F)
- VEGASWING 61 with ECTFE coating (-50 ... +150 °C (-58 ... +302 °F)
- VEGASWING 61 with PFA coating (-50 ... +250 °C (-58 ... +482 °F)
- VEGASWING 61 with PFA coating (-50 ... +150 °C (-58 ... 302 °F) (with FDA approval)

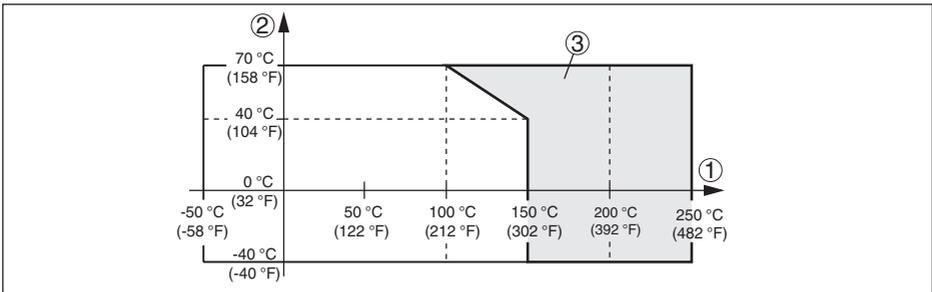


Fig. 15: Ambient temperature - Process temperature

- 1 Process temperature in °C (°F)
- 2 Ambient temperature in °C (°F)
- 3 Temperature range with temperature adapter

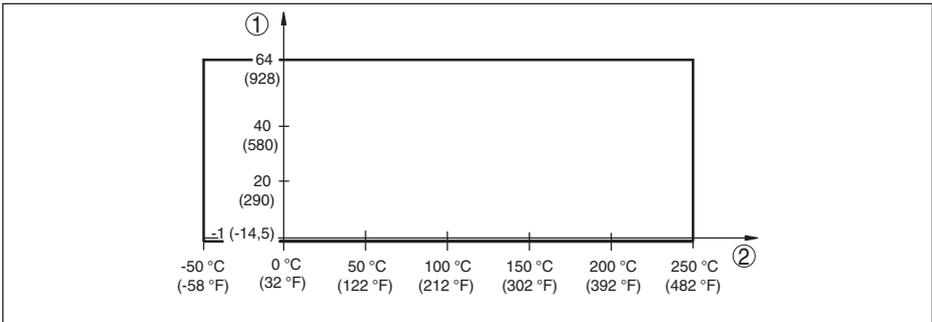


Fig. 16: Process temperature - Process pressure with switch position  $\geq 0.7 \text{ g/cm}^3$  (sensitivity switch)

- 1 Process pressure in bar (psig)
- 2 Process temperature in °C (°F)

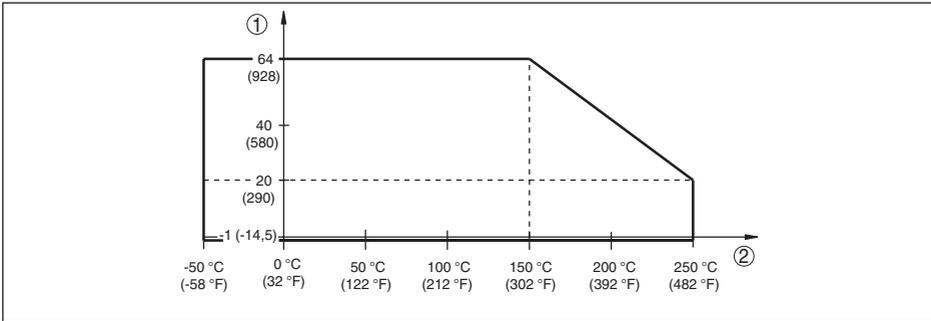


Fig. 17: Process temperature - Process pressure with switch position  $\geq 0.5 \text{ g/cm}^3$  (sensitivity switch)

- 1 Process pressure in bar (psig)
- 2 Process temperature in °C (°F)

**SIP process temperature** (SIP = Sterilization in place)

PFA and ECTFE coatings are not suitable for SIP cleaning

Vapour stratification up to 2 h +150 °C (+302 F)

**Additional process conditions**

Viscosity - dynamic 0.1 ... 10000 mPa s (requirement: with density 1)

Flow velocity max. 6 m/s (with a viscosity of 10000 mPa s)

Density

- Standard sensitivity 0.7 ... 2.5 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (0.025 ... 0.09 lbs/in<sup>3</sup>)
- High sensitivity 0.5 ... 2.5 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (0.018 ... 0.09 lbs/in<sup>3</sup>)

Vibration resistance

- Instrument housing 1 g at 5 ... 200 Hz according to EN 60068-2-6 (vibration with resonance)
- Sensor 1 g with 5 ... 200 Hz according EN 60068-2-6 (vibration at resonance) with sensor length up to 50 cm (19.69 in)

**Electromechanical data**

Options of the cable entry

- Cable entry M20 x 1.5; ½ NPT
- Cable gland M20 x 1.5; ½ NPT
- Blind plug M20 x 1.5; ½ NPT
- Closing cap ½ NPT
- Screw terminals for wire cross-section up to 1.5 mm<sup>2</sup> (AWG 16)

**Adjustment elements**

Mode switch

- A Max. detection or overflow/overflow protection
- B Min. detection or dry run protection

Density changeover switch

- $\geq 0.5 \text{ g/cm}^3$  0.5 ... 2.5 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (0.018 ... 0.09 lbs/in<sup>3</sup>)



VEGASWING 61

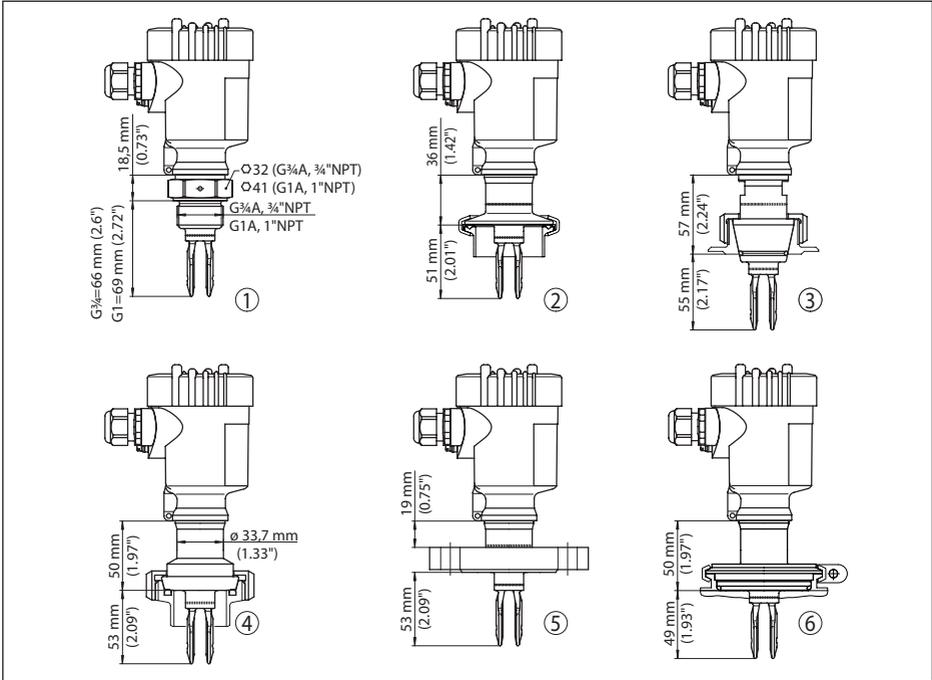
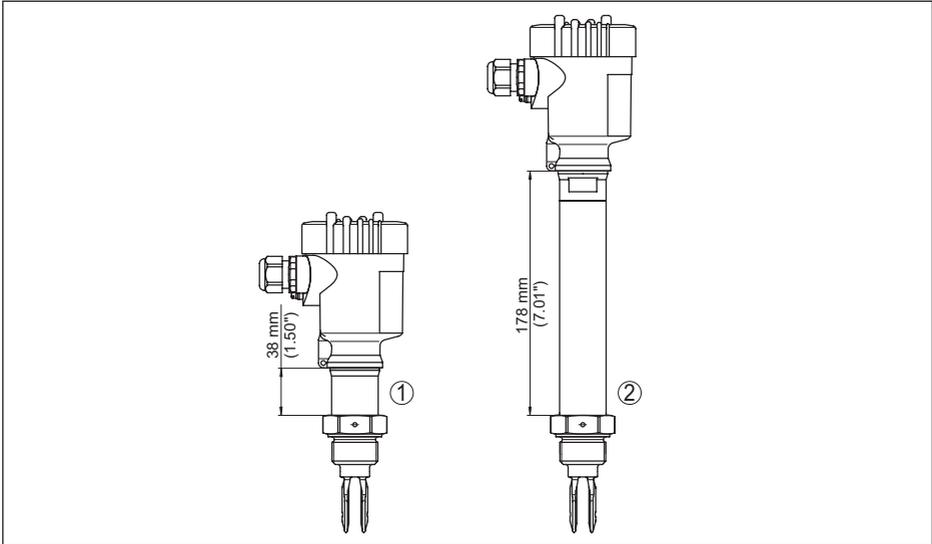


Fig. 19: VEGASWING 61

- 1 Thread
- 2 Clamp
- 3 Cone DN 25
- 4 Slotted nut DN 40
- 5 Flange
- 6 Tuchenhagen Varivent

**VEGASWING 61, options**



*Fig. 20: Options*

- 1 Gas-tight leadthrough
- 2 Temperature adapter

### 9.3 Industrial property rights

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