

# Product information Vibrating

Level detection in bulk solids VEGAVIB 61 VEGAVIB 62 VEGAVIB 63 VEGAWAVE 61 VEGAWAVE 62 VEGAWAVE 63









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#### 15 Dimensions

# Take note of safety instructions for Ex applications



Please note the Ex specific safety information that you can find at <u>www.vega.com</u> and that comes with each instrument. In hazardous areas you should take note of the appropriate regulations, conformity and type approval certificates of the sensors and power supply units. The sensors must only be operated on intrinsically safe circuits. The permissible electrical values are stated in the certificate.



# 1 Measuring principle

#### **Measuring principle**

VEGAVIB and VEGAWAVE are point level sensors based on the vibration principle. VEGAVIB is equipped with a vibrating rod as sensor element, VEGAWAVE has a tuning fork.

Both are designed for industrial use in all areas of process technology and are deployed mainly in bulk solids.

The vibrating element (vibrating rod or tuning fork) is energized piezoelectrically and vibrates at its mechanical resonance frequency. The piezos are mechanically fixed and hence not subject to temperature shock limitations. When the vibrating element is immersed in the product, the vibration frequency changes. This change is detected by the integrated electronics module and converted into a switching command.

Typical applications are overfill and dry run protection systems. Due to the rugged vibration measuring system, the vibrating level switches remain virtually unaffected by chemical and physical properties of the bulk solid.

They also work when subjected to strong external vibrations or changing products.

#### **Function monitoring**

The electronics module continuously monitors the following criteria:

- Correct vibrating frequencyLine break to the piezo drive
- If one of the stated malfunctions is detected or in case of voltage supply, the electronics takes on a defined switching status, i.e. the relay deener-

# Solid detection in water

gises (safe state).

With instruments in the version for solid detection in water (option), the vibrating element is adjusted to the density of water. If submerged in water (density 1 g/cm<sup>3</sup>), the level switch signals "uncovered". Only if the vibrating element is also covered with solids (e.g. sand, sludge, etc.) will the sensor signal "covered".

# 1.2 Application examples

## **Plastics processing**

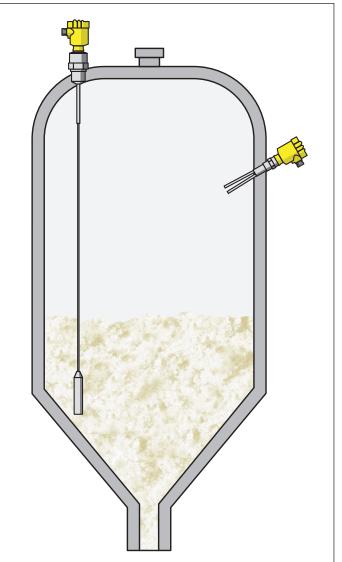


Fig. 1: Level detection in a silo storing plastic granules

A large number of finished products are produced in the chemical industry as powder, granules or pellets. Plastic granules and powder are often stored in high, narrow silos which are filled pneumatically.

Vibrating level switches like VEGAVIB/VEGAWAVE have proven their worth for level detection of plastics. Even with very low bulk solid densities, e.g. down to 0.02 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (0.0007 lbs/in<sup>3</sup>), and continuously changing products, the instruments always deliver accurate results.

Advantages:

- Tuning fork implementable down to a density 0.02 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (e.g. aerosiles)
- Product-independent switching point
- Setup without filling



### **Building materials industry**

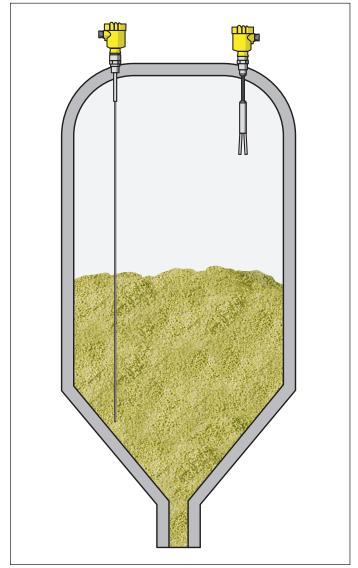


Fig. 2: Silo for aggregate in the building materials industry

Cement or aggregates are placed in interim storage in multiple chamber silos. When the chambers are filled, huge quantities of dust are generated. Depending on the consistency of the aggregate, different material cones are formed and the product properties can change from filling to filling.

VEGAVIB 62/VEGAWAVE 62 offer an additional protection against overfilling of silos with additives. The flexible suspension cable avoids mechanical load caused by movement of bulk solids. Filling is not necessary for setup. Since both instrument versions VEGAVIB/VEGAWAVE have virtually no moving parts, they are not subject to wear.

Advantages:

- Very rugged tuning fork
- High abrasion resistance
- Insensitive to buildup
- Setup without filling



# 2 Type overview

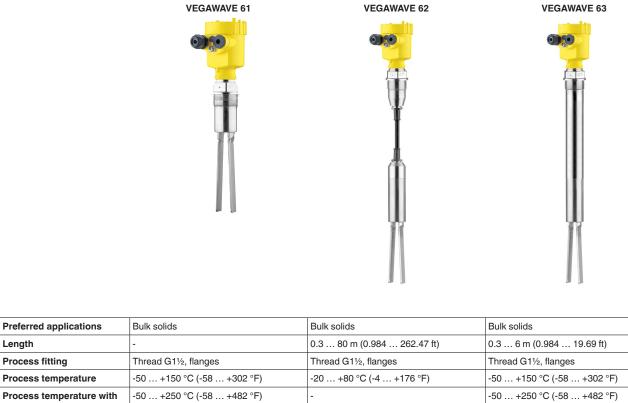






Preferred applications	Bulk solids	Bulk solids	Bulk solids	
Length	-	0.3 80 m (0.984 262.47 ft)	0.3 6 m (0.984 19.69 ft)	
Process fitting	Thread G1, G1½, flanges	Thread G1, G1½, flanges	Thread G1, G11/2, flanges	
Process temperature	-50 +150 °C (-58 +302 °F)	-20 +80 °C (-4 +176 °F)	-50 +150 °C (-58 +302 °F)	
Process temperature with temperature adapter	-50 +250 °C (-58 +482 °F)	-	-50 +250 °C (-58 +482 °F)	
Process pressure	-1 16 bar/-100 1600 kPa (- 14.5 232 psig)	-1 6 bar/-100 600 kPa (- 14.5 87 psig)	-1 16 bar/-100 1600 kPa (- 14.5 232 psig)	
Signal output	tput Relay, transistor, two-wire output, contactless electronic switch			





Process temperature with temperature adapter	-50 +250 °C (-58 +482 °F)	-	-50 +250 °C (-58 +482 °F)	
Process pressure	-1 25 bar/-100 2500 kPa (- 14.5 363 psig)	-1 6 bar/-100 600 kPa (- 14.5 87 psig)	-1 25 bar/-100 2500 kPa (- 14.5 363 psig)	
Signal output	Belay transistor two-wire output, contactless electronic switch			

Length

Process fitting



# 3 Instrument selection

### VEGAVIB 61, 62, 63

#### Vibrating rod version

VEGAVIB series 60 level switches are available in standard, cable and tube versions and, thanks to the multitude of available process fittings, provide the ideal solution for any application. They are made completely of stainless steel, have all standard approvals and the vibrating rod can also be polished, e.g. for applications in the food processing industry.

VEGAVIB is virtually unaffacted by product properties and thus does not have to be adjusted.

The level switches can be used in applications with process temperatures up to 250  $^\circ C$  (482  $^\circ F)$  and pressures of up to 16 bar (232 psig).

You can detect bulk solids from 0.02 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (0.0007 lbs/in<sup>3</sup>).

VEGAVIB profits from its cylindrical design. No granules can stick to the rod sensor and the sensor must not be oriented when being mounted. The rod form can also be cleaned very easily.

VEGAVIB vibrating rods have smaller installation dimensions than the VEGAWAVE tuning fork; the process fittings of VEGAVIB are available in thread sizes from 1".

### VEGAWAVE 61, 62, 63

Tuning fork version

VEGAWAVE series 60 level switches are available in standard, cable and tube version and, in combination with many different process fittings, provide a suitable instrument for any application. They are made completely of stainless steel and have all standard approvals.

VEGAWAVE is virtually unaffected by product properties and thus does not have to be adjusted.

The level switches can be used in applications with process temperatures up to 250  $^\circ\text{C}$  (482  $^\circ\text{F})$  and pressures up to 25 bar (363 psig).

The tuning fork version is very rugged and insensitive to buildup. Yet VE-GAWAVE can detect very light solids from 0.008 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (0.0003 lbs/in<sup>3</sup>).



#### Protective cover

To protect the sensor against pollution and strong heat due to the sun, you can snap a weather protective cover onto the sensor housing.



Fig. 3: Weather protection cover in different versions

# Display module PLICSLED

The display module allows you to clearly display the switching status of the sensor. For this purpose, housing lids with inspection windows in different materials are available. The plastic housing is optionally available with a transparent lid through which you can see the indicator lamp from the side.



Fig. 4: Display module PLICSLED

#### Lock fitting

VEGAVIB/VEGAWAVE in tube version can be mounted with a lock fitting for infinitely variable height adjustment. Take note of the pressure specifications of the lock fitting.



Fig. 5: Lock fitting up to 16 bar for devices with tube extension

#### **Plug connector**

Instead of a cable gland, you can also use various plug connectors for making connections. The following plug connectors are available for VEGAVIB/VEGAWAVE series 60:

- ISO 4400
- ISO 4400 with Quick-On fitting
- Amphenol-Tuchel
- Harting HAN 7D
- Harting HAN 8D
- M12 x 1



Fig. 6: Plug connector - e.g. VEGAVIB/VEGAWAVE series 60 with ISO 4400 plug



# 5 Selection criteria

		VEGAVIB		VEGAWAVE			
Version		61 Compact	62 Cable	63 Tube	61 Compact	62 Cable	63 Tube
/essel	Probe length max. 3 m	-	٠	-	•	-	•
	Probe length max. 6 m	-	٠	-	•	-	-
		-	_	-	-	•	•
		•	٠	•	•	•	•
Process	Aggressive liquids	0	0	0	0	0	0
		•	٠	•	•	٠	•
		•	•	•	•	•	•
	Condensation	•	٠	•	•	•	•
	Buildup	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Changing density	•	٠	•	•	٠	•
	Temperatures up to +150 °C	•	٠	•	•	•	•
	Temperatures up to +250 °C	-	-	•	•	•	•
	Temperatures > +250 °C	-	-	-	-	•	•
	Pressures up to 64 bar	•	٠	•	•	•	•
		-	-	-	-	٠	•
	Hygienic applications	0	0	•	•	-	-
	Narrow space above the vessel	•	•	•	•	-	-
		-	-	-	-	٠	•
Process fitting	Threaded fittings	•	٠	•	•	٠	•
	Flange connections	-	-	•	•	•	•
	Hygienic fittings	•	•	•	•	-	-
Sensor	Stainless steel	•	٠	•	•	٠	•
	Coating	-	-	•	•	-	-
	Polished version	•	٠	•	•	-	-
	SIL qualification	-	-	•	•	٠	•
	Chemical	•	٠	•	•	٠	•
	Power generation	0	0	0	0	٠	•
	Foodstuffs	0	0	•	•	-	-
	Offshore	•	٠	0	0	•	•
ndustry	Petrochemical	0	0	0	0	٠	•
indusu y	Pharmaceutical	0	0	•	•	-	-
	Shipbuilding	•	٠	•	0	•	0
	Environment and recycling industry	•	٠	•	•	٠	•
	Water	•	٠	•	•	0	0
	Waste water	0	0	0	0	0	0

• = optimum suitability

O = possible with limitations

- = not recommended



# 6 Housing overview

Plastic PBT	<b>0</b> 2 <b>9</b>	
Protection rating	IP66/IP67	
Version	Single chamber	
Application area	Industrial environment	
Aluminium		
Protection rating	IP66/IP67, IP66/IP68 (1 bar)	
Version	Single chamber	
Application area	Industrial environment with increased me- chanical stress	
Stainless steel 316L		
Protection rating	IP66/IP67	IP66/IP67, IP66/IP68 (1 bar)
Version	Single chamber, electropolished	Single chamber, precision casting
Application area	Aggressive environment, food processing, pharmaceutical	Aggressive environment, extreme mechani- cal stress

Vibrating



# 7 Mounting

#### Switching point

In general, VEGAVIB/VEGAWAVE can be installed in any position. The instrument only has to be mounted in such a way that the vibrating element is at the height of the desired switching point.

The only exception is vertical mounting of the tuning fork from below. In this position there is the danger of solid particles getting stuck between the fork tines.

#### Nozzle

The vibrating element should protrude into the vessel to avoid buildup. For that reason, avoid using mounting bosses for flanges and screwed fittings. This applies particularly to horizontal installation and use with adhesive products.

#### **Filling opening**

Install the instrument in such a way that the vibrating element does not protrude directly into the filling stream. Should such an installation location be necessary, mount a suitable baffle above or in front of the vibrating element, e.g. L80 x 8 DIN 1028 (see Fig. Part "a."). In abrasive solids, mounting according to fig. Part "b." has proven to be a good solution. The mound that forms in the concave baffle protects it from abrasion.

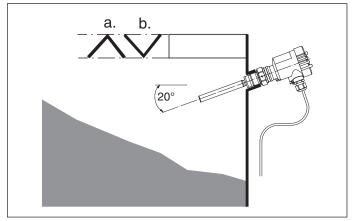


Fig. 7: Horizontal mounting

- a. Convex mounting
- b. Concave mounting

#### Inflowing medium

If VEGAVIB/VEGAWAVE is mounted in the filling stream, unwanted false measurement signals can be generated. For this reason, mount VEGAVIB/VEGAWAVE at a position in the vessel where no disturbances, e.g. from filling openings, agitators, etc., can occur.

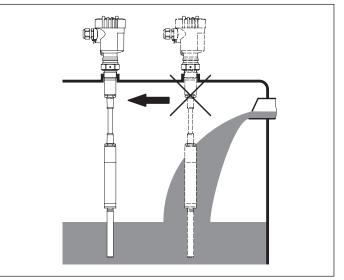


Fig. 8: Inflowing medium

#### Horizontal installation

To achieve a very precise switching point, you can install VEGAVIB/ VEGAWAVE horizontally. However, if the switching point can have a tolerance of a few centimeters, we recommend mounting VEGAVIB/VEGA-WAVE approx. 20° inclined to the vessel bottom to avoid buildup.

Orient the tuning fork of VEGAWAVE so that the product cannot remain lying on the fork surface. There is a mark on the thread hexagon for aligning the fork. Make sure that the mark points upward.

#### Material cone

In silos containing solids, material cones can form which change the switching point. Please keep this in mind when installing the sensor in the vessel. We recommend selecting an installation location where the vibrating element detects an average value of the material cone.

The vibrating element must be mounted in a way that takes the arrangement of the filling and emptying apertures into account.

To compensate measurement errors caused by the material cone in cylindrical vessels, the sensor must be mounted at a distance of d/10 from the vessel wall.

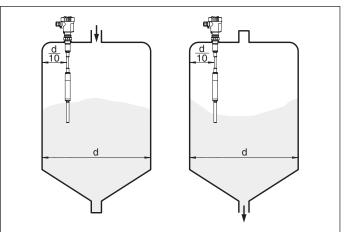


Fig. 9: Filling and emptying centred



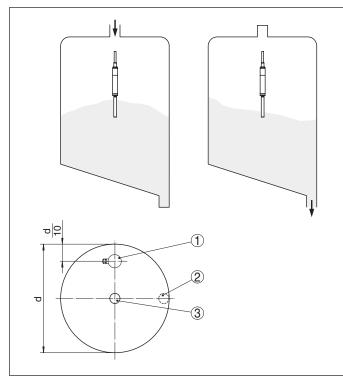


Fig. 10: Filling in the centre, emptying laterally

- 1 VEGAVIB/VEGAWAVE
- 2 Discharge opening
- 3 Filling opening

#### **Tensile load**

With cable version, make sure that the max. permissible tensile load on the suspension cable is not exceeded. The danger of this happening exists particularly with very heavy solids and large meas. lengths. The max. permissible load is stated in chapter "*Technical data*".

#### Agitators

Due to filling or extraction forces, vibrations or similar, the level switch can be subjected to strong lateral forces. For this reason, do not use an overly long extension tube for VEGAVIB/VEGAWAVE, but check if a VEGAVIB 61 or a VEGAWAVE 61 level switch couldn't be used instead, mounted on the side of the vessel in horizontal position.

Extreme vibration caused by the process or the equipment, e.g. by fluidization or beaters in the vessel, can cause the extension tube of VEGAVIB/VEGAWAVE to vibrate in resonance. This leads to increased stress on the upper weld joint. Should a longer tube version be necessary, you can provide a suitable support or guy directly above the vibrating element to secure the extension tube.



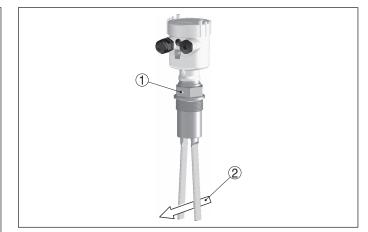
This measure applies mainly to applications in Ex areas. Make sure that the tube is not subject to bending stress due to this measure.

If an installation from above is necessary, check if you can use a cable version.

Over a longer period of time, strong vibration can damage the instrument electronics. You can decouple the electronics from the process by using a remote (displaced) housing.

#### **Product flow**

To make sure the tuning fork of VEGAWAVE generates as little resistance as possible to product flow, mount the sensor so that the surfaces are parallel to the product movement.



- Fig. 11: Flow orientation of the tuning fork
- 1 Marking with screwed version
- 2 Direction of flow

#### Lock fitting

For height adjustment, VEGAVIB/VEGAWAVE in tube version can be mounted with a lock fitting. This lock fitting is available for applications in unpressurized areas or as a version for pressures up to 16 bar (232 psig).

#### Baffle protection against falling rocks

In applications such as grit chambers or settling basins for coarse sediments, the vibrating element must be protected against damage with a suitable baffle.

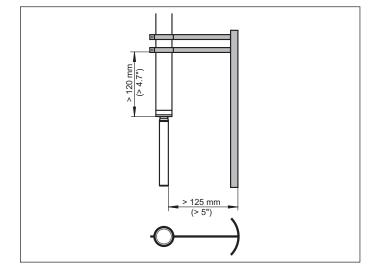


Fig. 12: Baffle for protection against mechanical damage

#### Pressure/Vacuum

The process fitting must be sealed if there is gauge or low pressure in the vessel. Check if the sealing material is resistant against the measured product and the process temperature.

#### Protective cover

To protect the sensor against pollution and strong heat due to the sun, you can snap a weather protective cover onto the sensor housing.





Fig. 13: Weather protection cover in different versions



# 8 Electrical connection - requirements

### Preparing the connection

### Note safety instructions

Always keep in mind the following safety instructions:

• Connect only in the complete absence of line voltage

### Take note of safety instructions for Ex applications

In hazardous areas you must take note of the respective regulations, conformity and type approval certificates of the sensors and power supply units.

#### Select voltage supply

Connect the operating voltage according to the following diagrams. Oscillators with relay output VB60R/WE60R and contactless electronic switch VB60C/WE60C are designed in protection class 1. To maintain this protection class, it is absolutely necessary that the ground conductor be connected to the internal ground terminal. Take note of the general installation regulations. As a rule, connect VEGAVIB/VEGAWAVE to vessel ground (PA), or in case of plastic vessels, to the next ground potential. On the side of the housing there is a ground terminal between the cable entries. This connection serves to drain off electrostatic charges. In Ex applications, the installation regulations for hazardous areas must be given priority.

#### Select connection cable

The instrument is connected with standard cable with round cross section. An outer cable diameter of 5  $\ldots$  9 mm (0.2  $\ldots$  0.35 in) ensures the seal effect of the cable gland.

If cable with a different diameter or wire cross section is used, exchange the seal or use an appropriate cable connection.



In hazardous areas, use only approved cable connections for  $\ensuremath{\mathsf{VEGAVB/VEGAWAVE}}$  .

#### Select connection cable for Ex applications

Take note of the corresponding installation regulations for Ex applications.



#### **Electronics - relay output** 9

# **Relay output**

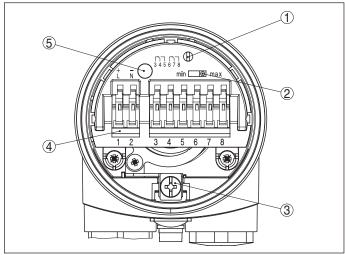


Fig. 14: Electronics and connection compartment - relay output

- Potentiometer for adjustment of the density range DIL switch for mode adjustment 1
- 2
- Ground terminal Connection terminals 3
- 4 5
- Control lamp

We recommend connecting VEGAVIB/VEGAWAVE in such a way that the switching circuit is open when there is a level signal, line break or failure (safe state).

The relays are always shown in non-operative condition.

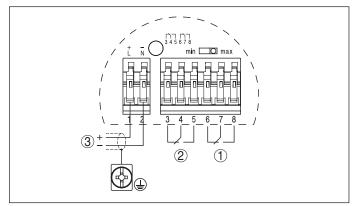


Fig. 15: Wiring plan, single chamber housing

Relay output 1

2 3

Relay output Voltage supply



# 10 Electronics - transistor output

## Transistor output

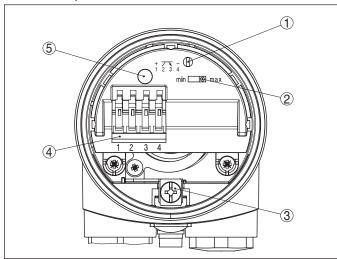


Fig. 16: Electronics and connection compartment - transistor output

- Potentiometer for adjustment of the density range 1
- DIL switch for mode adjustment 2
- Ground terminal З
- 4 5 Connection terminals
- Control lamp

We recommend connecting VEGAVIB/VEGAWAVE in such a way that the switching circuit is open when there is a level signal, line break or failure (safe state).

The instrument is used to control relays, contactors, magnet valves, warning lights, horns as well as PLC inputs.

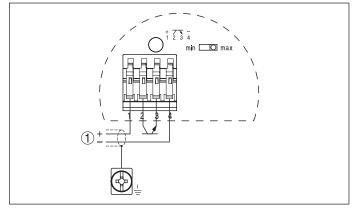


Fig. 17: Wiring plan, single chamber housing

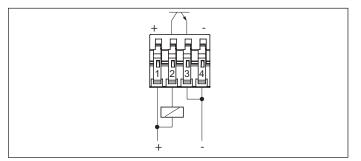


Fig. 18: NPN action

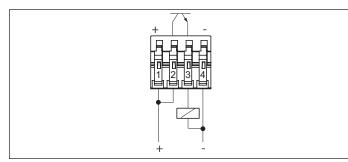


Fig. 19: PNP action



# 11 Electronics - contactless electronic switch

**Contactless electronic switch** 

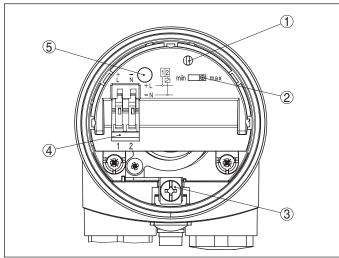


Fig. 20: Electronics and connection compartment - contactless electronic switch

- 1 Potentiometer for adjustment of the density range
- 2 DIL switch for mode adjustment
- 3 Ground terminal
- 4 Connection terminals
- 5 Control lamp

We recommend connecting VEGAVIB/VEGAWAVE in such a way that the switching circuit is open when there is a level signal, line break or failure (safe state).

The contactless electronic switch is always shown in non-operative condition.

The instrument is used for direct control of relays, contactors, magnet valves, warning lights, horns etc. It must not be operated without an intermediately connected load, because the electronics would be destroyed if connected directly to the mains. It is not suitable for connection to low voltage PLC inputs.

Domestic current is temporarily lowered below 1 mA after switching off the load so that contactors, whose holding current is lower than the constant domestic current of the electronics, are reliably switched off.

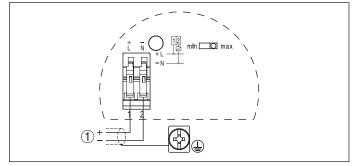


Fig. 21: Wiring plan, single chamber housing

1 Shielding



# 12 Electronics - two-wire output 8/16 mA

### Two-wire output 8/16 mA

The two-wire electronics requires a controller. Suitable controllers for the 8/16 mA output are VEGATOR 121 or 122.

- VEGATOR 121 single channel •
- VEGATOR 122 double channel

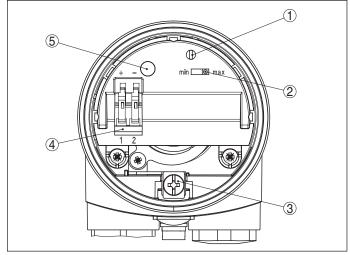


Fig. 22: Electronics and connection compartment - two-wire output

- Potentiometer for adjustment of the density range 1
- DIL switch for mode adjustment 2
- з Ground terminal
- 4 Connection terminals 5 Control lamp

We recommend connecting VEGAVIB/VEGAWAVE in such a way that the switching circuit is open when there is a level signal, line break or failure (safe state).

The wiring example is applicable for all suitable controllers.

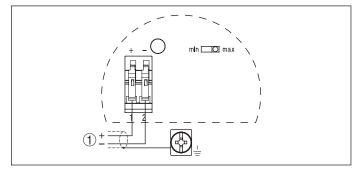


Fig. 23: Wiring plan, single chamber housing

Voltage supply 1



# 13 Electronics - NAMUR output

### NAMUR output

The NAMUR electronics requires a controller. Suitable controllers for the NAMUR output are VEGATOR 111 or 112.

- VEGATOR 111 single channel
- VEGATOR 112 double channel

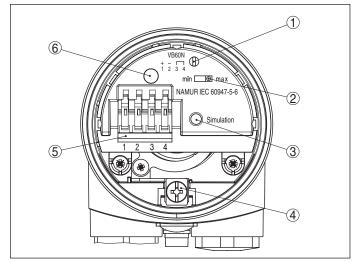


Fig. 24: Electronics and connection compartment - NAMUR output

- 1 Potentiometer for adjustment of the density range
- 2 DIL switch for characteristics reversal
- 3 Simulation key
- 4 Ground terminal5 Connection terminals
- 6 Control lamp

For connection to controllers with NAMUR interface.

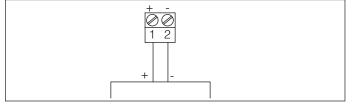


Fig. 25: Wiring plan, single chamber housing



# 14 Adjustment

# 14.1 Adjustment, general

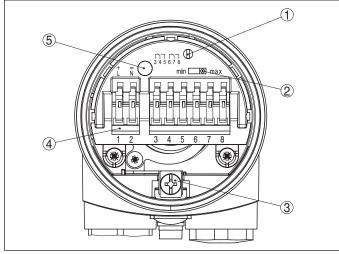


Fig. 26: Adjustment elements electronics module e.g. relay output (VB60R or WE60R)

- 1 Potentiometer for switching point adaptation
- 2 DIL switch for mode adjustment
- 3 Ground terminal
- 4 Connection terminals
- 5 LED display

#### Switching point adaptation (1)

#### VEGAVIB

With the potentiometer you can adapt the switching point of VEGAVIB to the solid. It is already preset and must only be modified in special cases.

By default, the potentiometer is set to the right stop (> 0.1 ... 1 g/  $cm^3/0.0038$  ... 0.036 lbs/in<sup>3</sup>). In very light solids, turn the potentiometer to the left stop (0.02 ... 0.1 g/cm<sup>3</sup>/0.0007 ... 0.0036 lbs/in<sup>3</sup>). This makes VEGAVIB more sensitive and allows it to detect light solids more reliably.

For very heavy solids leave the potentiometer in right position (> 0.1 g/  $cm^3/0.0038$  lbs/in<sup>3</sup>). Hence, VEGAVIB is less sensitive and can shake off heavy solids by strong vibrations.

These values do not apply for instruments detecting solids in water. In such cases, the potentiometer is preset to complete right position and should not be changed.

#### VEGAWAVE

The VEGAWAVEs with tuning fork are preset to a product density of > 0.02 g/cm<sup>3</sup> (0.0007 lbs/ in<sup>3</sup>). In very light solids, turn the potentiometer to complete left position 0.008 ... 0.1 g/cm<sup>3</sup>) (0.0003 ... 0.0036 lbs/in<sup>3</sup>). By doing this, the tuning fork will be more sensitive and can detect very light solids, such as e.g. Aerosils more reliably.

#### Mode adjustment (2)

With the mode adjustment (min./max.) you can change the switching condition of the output. You can set the required mode (max. - max. detection or overflow protection, min. - min. detection or dry run protection).

#### LED display (5)

Light-emitting diode for indication of the switching status.

### Simulation key (only with NAMUR and two-wire electronics)

The simulation key of the NAMUR electronics is lowered on the upper side of the electronics module. On the two-wire electronics, the simulation key is located on the controller. Push the simulation key with a suitable object (screwdriver, pen, etc.).

When the key is pushed, a line break between sensor and controller is simulated. The signal lamp on the sensor extinguishes. The measuring system must signal a fault and take on a safe state when the key is pushed.

Keep in mind that downstream connected instruments will be activated

during operation. This allows you to check the correct function of the measuring system.

## **14.2 Recurring function test - NAMUR electronics** According to IEC 61508.

looorann

SIL

VEGAVIB/VEGAWAVE is qualified in mode A (overfill protection) for use in measuring chains of stage SIL2 according to IEC 61508 (redundant, stage SIL3).

You find the " Safety Manual" with detailed specification on SIL on our website.

#### **Recurring function test**

The recurring test according to IEC 61508 can be carried out by pushing the simulation key on the electronics module or by briefly (> 2 seconds) interrupting the supply to the sensor. The correct sequence of the switching conditions must be monitored via the switching amplifier as well as the connected systems. The sensor must neither be removed nor a response triggered by filling the vessel.

You can carry out the function test with the output current values also directly via a safety PLC or a process control system.

#### Simulation key on the electronics module

VEGAVIB/VEGAWAVE has an integrated simulation key. The simulation key is lowered on the electronics module. Push the simulation key for > 2 seconds.

If VEGAVIB/VEGAWAVE is connected to an SPLC, you have to interrupt the connection cable to the sensor for > 2 seconds.

After releasing the simulation key or briefly interrupting the connection cable to the sensor, you can check the complete measuring system on correct function. A switching procedure is simulated during the test.

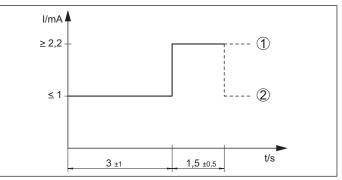


Fig. 27: Flow chart of the function test - NAMUR electronics

- 1 Full signal
- 2 Empty signal

Check if all the switching conditions occur in the correct sequence and the stated time period. If this is not the case, there is a fault in the measuring system. Keep in mind that connected instruments are activated during the function test. This allows you to check the correct function of the measuring system.

# 14.3 Recurring function test - Two-wire electronics

According to IEC 61508.

#### SIL

VEGAVIB/VEGAWAVE in conjunction with a suitable controller is qualified in mode A (overfill protection) for use in measuring chains of level SIL2 according to IEC 61508 (redundant, level SIL3).

You find the " *Safety Manual*" with detailed specification on SIL on our website.

#### **Recurring function test**

The recurring test according to IEC 61508 can be carried out by pushing the test key on the controller or by briefly (> 2 seconds) interrupting the

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supply to the sensor. The correct sequence of the switching conditions must be monitored via the two LEDs on the controller as well as the connected systems. The sensor must neither be removed nor a response triggered by filling the vessel.

You can carry out the function test with the output current values also directly via a safety PLC or a process control system.

The implementation and switching sequence of the function test is described also in the operating instructions manual of the appropriate controller.

#### Test key on the controller

The controller has an integrated test key. The test key is lowered in the front plate of the controller. Push the test key with a suitable object (e.g. screwdriver, pen etc.) for > 2 seconds.

If VEGAVIB/VEGAWAVE is connected to an SPLC, you have to interrupt the connection cable to the sensor for > 2 seconds.

After releasing the test key or interrupting the connection cable to the sensor, the complete measuring system can be checked on correct function. The following operating conditions are simulated during the test:

- Fault message
- Empty signal
- Full signal

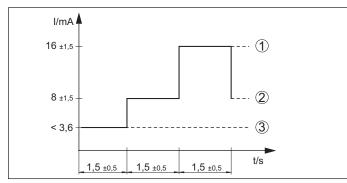


Fig. 28: Flow chart of the function test - two-wire electronics

- 1 Full signal
- 2 Empty signal

Check if all the switching conditions occur in the correct sequence and the stated time period. If this is not the case, there is a fault in the measuring system. Keep in mind that connected instruments are activated during the function test. This allows you to check the correct function of the measuring system.



# **15 Dimensions**

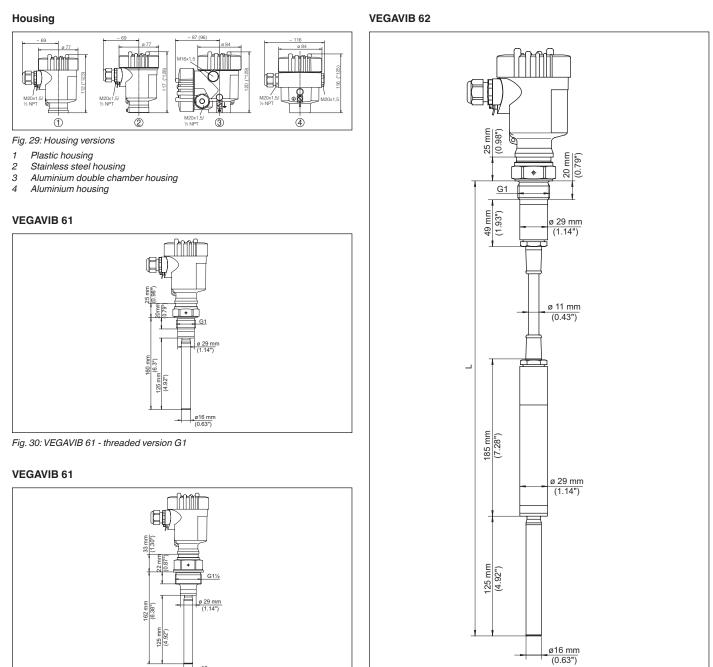


Fig. 31: VEGAVIB 61 - threaded version G11/2

# Ø16 mm (0.63")

Fig. 32: VEGAVIB 62 - threaded version G1



### VEGAVIB 62

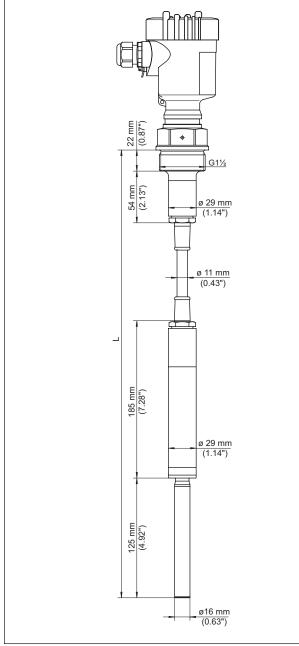
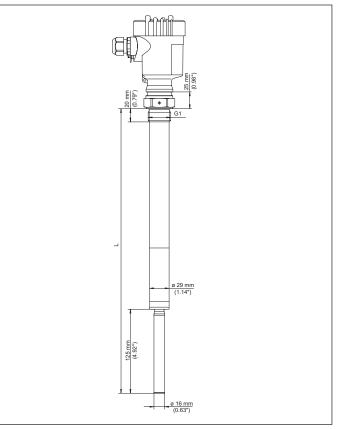
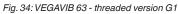


Fig. 33: VEGAVIB 62 - threaded version G1 $\frac{1}{2}$ 

# VEGAVIB 63





### **VEGAVIB 63**

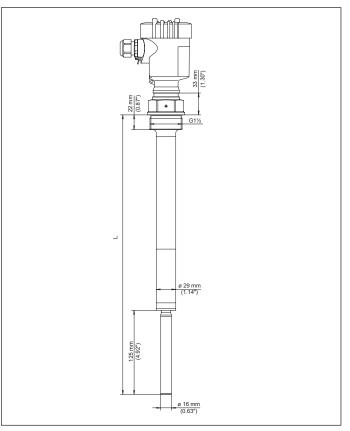


Fig. 35: VEGAVIB 63 - threaded version G11/2



# **VEGAWAVE 61**

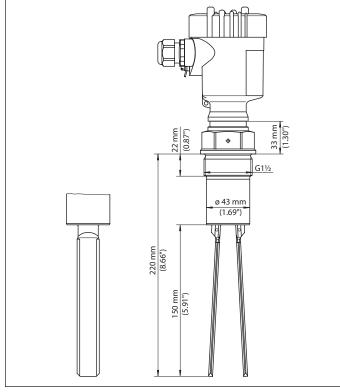


Fig. 36: VEGAWAVE 61 - threaded version G11/2

# **VEGAWAVE 62**

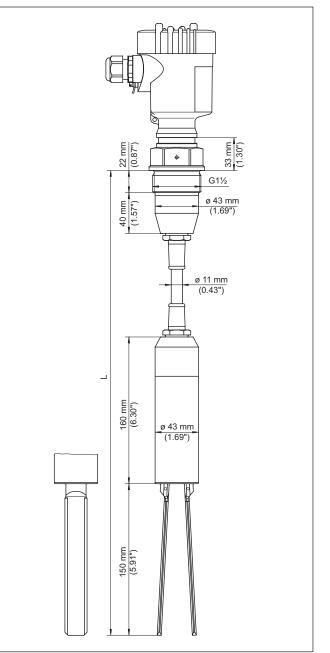


Fig. 37: VEGAWAVE 62 - threaded version G11/2



### **VEGAWAVE 63**

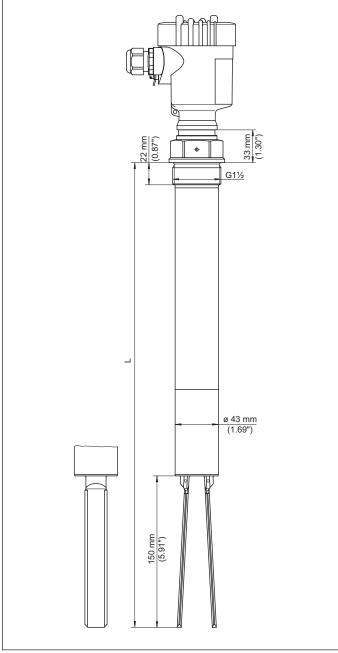
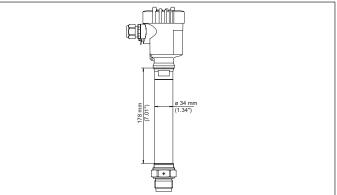


Fig. 38: VEGAWAVE 63 - threaded version G11/2

#### Temperature adapter





Vibrating





All statements concerning scope of delivery, application, practical use and operating conditions of the sensors and processing systems correspond to the information available at the time of printing. Subject to change without prior notice

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