Operating Instructions

Capacitive cable electrode for continuous level measurement

VEGACAL 66

Two-wire 4 ... 20 mA/HART





Document ID: 30036







Contents

1	Abou	It this document	4
	1.1	Function	4
	1.2	Target group	
	1.3	Symbols used	4
2	For v	our safety	5
	2.1	Authorised personnel	
	2.2	Appropriate use	
	2.3	Warning about incorrect use	
	2.4	General safety instructions	
	2.5	EU conformity	
	2.6	NAMUR recommendations	
	2.7	Installation and operation in the USA and Canada	6
	2.8	Safety instructions for Ex areas	6
	2.9	Environmental instructions	6
3	Prod	uct description	7
	3.1	Configuration	
	3.2	Principle of operation	
	3.3	Adjustment	. 10
	3.4	Packaging, transport and storage	. 11
	3.5	Accessories	. 11
4	Mour	nting	. 13
	4.1	General instructions	
	4.2	Mounting instructions	
	_		
5	Conr	ecting to power supply	. 18
5		ecting to power supply	
5	Conr 5.1 5.2	Preparing the connection	. 18
5	5.1	Preparing the connection Connection procedure	18 19
5	5.1 5.2	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan, single chamber housing	18 19 20
5	5.1 5.2 5.3	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan, single chamber housing Wiring plan, double chamber housing	18 19 20 21
5	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan, single chamber housing	18 19 20 21 23
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan, single chamber housing Wiring plan, double chamber housing Wiring plan, Ex-d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68, 1 bar	18 19 20 21 23 24
5	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 Set u	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan, single chamber housing Wiring plan, double chamber housing Wiring plan, Ex-d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68, 1 bar p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM	18 19 20 21 23 24 25
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan, single chamber housing Wiring plan, double chamber housing Wiring plan, Ex-d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68, 1 bar p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM Short description	18 19 20 21 23 24 25
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 Set u 6.1	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan, single chamber housing Wiring plan, double chamber housing Wiring plan, Ex-d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68, 1 bar p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM	18 19 20 21 23 23 25 25
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 Set u 6.1 6.2	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan, single chamber housing Wiring plan, double chamber housing Wiring plan, Ex-d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68, 1 bar p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM Short description Insert display and adjustment module	18 19 20 21 23 23 25 25 26
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 Set u 6.1 6.2 6.3	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan, single chamber housing Wiring plan, double chamber housing Wiring plan, Ex-d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68, 1 bar p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM Short description Insert display and adjustment module Adjustment system	18 19 20 21 23 23 23 25 25 26 27
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 Set u 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan, single chamber housing Wiring plan, double chamber housing Wiring plan, Ex-d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68, 1 bar p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM Short description Insert display and adjustment module. Adjustment system Setup steps	18 19 20 21 23 23 23 25 25 25 26 27 36
6	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 Set u 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6	Preparing the connection Connection procedure. Wiring plan, single chamber housing. Wiring plan, double chamber housing. Wiring plan, Ex-d double chamber housing. Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68, 1 bar p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM Short description Insert display and adjustment module. Adjustment system Setup steps Menu schematic Saving the parameterisation data	18 19 20 21 23 23 23 24 25 25 25 26 27 36 38
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 Set u 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 Set u	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan, single chamber housing Wiring plan, double chamber housing Wiring plan, Ex-d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68, 1 bar p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM Short description Insert display and adjustment module Adjustment system Setup steps Menu schematic. Saving the parameterisation data p with PACTware and other adjustment programs	18 19 20 21 23 23 23 25 25 25 25 25 25 36 38
6	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 Set u 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan, single chamber housing Wiring plan, double chamber housing Wiring plan, Ex-d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68, 1 bar p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM Short description Insert display and adjustment module. Adjustment system Setup steps Menu schematic Saving the parameterisation data p with PACTware and other adjustment programs Connect the PC	18 19 20 21 23 24 25 25 25 25 26 36 38 39
6	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 Set u 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 Set u 7.1	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan, single chamber housing Wiring plan, double chamber housing Wiring plan, Ex-d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68, 1 bar p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM Short description Insert display and adjustment module Adjustment system Setup steps Menu schematic. Saving the parameterisation data p with PACTware and other adjustment programs	18 19 20 21 23 24 25 25 25 25 26 36 39 39 40
6	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 Set u 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 Set u 7.1 7.2	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan, single chamber housing Wiring plan, double chamber housing Wiring plan, Ex-d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68, 1 bar p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM Short description Insert display and adjustment module. Adjustment system Setup steps Menu schematic. Saving the parameterisation data p with PACTware and other adjustment programs Connect the PC Parameter adjustment with PACTware.	18 19 20 21 23 23 23 23 25 25 25 25 26 38 39 39 40 41
6	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 Set u 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 Set u 7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4	Preparing the connection Connection procedure	18 19 20 21 23 24 25 25 25 26 38 38 39 39 40 41 42
6	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 Set u 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 Set u 7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4 Set u	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan, single chamber housing Wiring plan, double chamber housing Wiring plan, Ex-d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68, 1 bar p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM Short description Insert display and adjustment module. Adjustment system Setup steps Menu schematic. Saving the parameterisation data p with PACTware and other adjustment programs Connect the PC Parameter adjustment with PACTware. Parameter adjustment with AMS [™] and PDM. Saving the parameterisation data p with smartphone/tablet/PC/notebook via Bluetooth	18 19 20 21 23 24 25 25 25 25 26 38 39 39 40 41 42
6	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 Set u 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 Set u 7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4	Preparing the connection Connection procedure	18 19 20 21 23 24 25 25 25 26 38 38 39 30 40 41 42 43



8.3	Sensor parameter adjustment	. 45
Maint		
9.1	Maintenance	. 46
9.2	Rectify faults	. 46
9.3	Exchanging the electronics module	. 48
9.4	How to proceed if a repair is necessary	. 49
Dism	ount	. 50
10.1	Dismounting steps	. 50
10.2	Disposal	. 50
Supp	lement	. 51
11.1	Technical data	. 51
11.2	Dimensions	. 56
11.3	Industrial property rights	. 60
11.4	Trademark	. 60
	Maint 9.1 9.2 9.3 9.4 Dism 10.1 10.2 Supp 11.1 11.2 11.3	Maintenance and fault rectification. 9.1 Maintenance

Editing status: 2021-03-05



1 About this document

11 Function

This instruction provides all the information you need for mounting, connection and setup as well as important instructions for maintenance, fault rectification, the exchange of parts and the safety of the user. Please read this information before putting the instrument into operation and keep this manual accessible in the immediate vicinity of the device.

1.2 Target group

This operating instructions manual is directed to trained personnel. The contents of this manual must be made available to the gualified personnel and implemented.

1.3 Symbols used

Document ID

This symbol on the front page of this instruction refers to the Document ID. By entering the Document ID on www.vega.com you will reach the document download.



i

Information, note, tip: This symbol indicates helpful additional information and tips for successful work.







Warning: Non-observance of the information marked with this symbol



may result in serious or fatal personal injury. Danger: Non-observance of the information marked with this symbol



Ex applications

results in serious or fatal personal injury.

This symbol indicates special instructions for Ex applications.

List

The dot set in front indicates a list with no implied sequence.

1 Sequence of actions

Numbers set in front indicate successive steps in a procedure.



Battery disposal

This symbol indicates special information about the disposal of batteries and accumulators.



2 For your safety

2.1 Authorised personnel

All operations described in this documentation must be carried out only by trained, qualified personnel authorised by the plant operator.

During work on and with the device, the required personal protective equipment must always be worn.

2.2 Appropriate use

VEGACAL 66 is a sensor for continuous level measurement.

You can find detailed information about the area of application in chapter "*Product description*".

Operational reliability is ensured only if the instrument is properly used according to the specifications in the operating instructions manual as well as possible supplementary instructions.

2.3 Warning about incorrect use

Inappropriate or incorrect use of this product can give rise to application-specific hazards, e.g. vessel overfill through incorrect mounting or adjustment. Damage to property and persons or environmental contamination can result. Also, the protective characteristics of the instrument can be impaired.

2.4 General safety instructions

This is a state-of-the-art instrument complying with all prevailing regulations and directives. The instrument must only be operated in a technically flawless and reliable condition. The operator is responsible for the trouble-free operation of the instrument. When measuring aggressive or corrosive media that can cause a dangerous situation if the instrument malfunctions, the operator has to implement suitable measures to make sure the instrument is functioning properly.

The safety instructions in this operating instructions manual, the national installation standards as well as the valid safety regulations and accident prevention rules must be observed by the user.

For safety and warranty reasons, any invasive work on the device beyond that described in the operating instructions manual may be carried out only by personnel authorised by the manufacturer. Arbitrary conversions or modifications are explicitly forbidden. For safety reasons, only the accessory specified by the manufacturer must be used.

To avoid any danger, the safety approval markings and safety tips on the device must also be observed.

2.5 EU conformity

The device fulfils the legal requirements of the applicable EU directives. By affixing the CE marking, we confirm the conformity of the instrument with these directives.

The EU conformity declaration can be found on our homepage.



2.6 NAMUR recommendations

NAMUR is the automation technology user association in the process industry in Germany. The published NAMUR recommendations are accepted as the standard in field instrumentation.

The device fulfils the requirements of the following NAMUR recommendations:

- NE 21 Electromagnetic compatibility of equipment
- NE 43 Signal level for fault information from measuring transducers
- NE 53 Compatibility of field devices and display/adjustment components

For further information see www.namur.de.

2.7 Installation and operation in the USA and Canada

This information is only valid for USA and Canada. Hence the following text is only available in the English language.

Installations in the US shall comply with the relevant requirements of the National Electrical Code (ANSI/NFPA 70).

Installations in Canada shall comply with the relevant requirements of the Canadian Electrical Code.

2.8 Safety instructions for Ex areas

For Ex applications, only devices with corresponding Ex approval may be used. Observe the Ex-specific safety instructions. These are an integral part of the operating instructions and are enclosed with every device with Ex approval.

2.9 Environmental instructions

Protection of the environment is one of our most important duties. That is why we have introduced an environment management system with the goal of continuously improving company environmental protection. The environment management system is certified according to DIN EN ISO 14001.

Please help us fulfil this obligation by observing the environmental instructions in this manual:

- Chapter " Packaging, transport and storage"
- Chapter " Disposal"



Scope of delivery

3 Product description

3.1 Configuration

The scope of delivery encompasses:

Level sensor VEGACAL 66

The further scope of delivery encompasses:

- Documentation
 - Operating instructions VEGACAL 66
 - Safety Manual (SIL)
 - Instructions for optional instrument features
 - Ex-specific " Safety instructions" (with Ex versions)
 - If necessary, further certificates

Information: Optional instruction

Optional instrument features are also described in this operating instructions manual. The respective scope of delivery results from the order specification.

Scope of this operating instructions manual applies to the following instrument versions:

- Hardware from 1.0.0
- Software from 1.3.0
- Only for instrument versions without SIL qualification

Constituent parts

The VEGACAL 66 consists of the components:

- Process fitting with probe
- Housing with electronics
- Housing cover, optionally available with display and adjustment
 module





Fig. 1: VEGACAL 66, cable version with plastic housing

- Housing lid with integrated display and adjustment module (optional)
 Housing with electronics
- 3 Process fitting

Type label

The type label contains the most important data for identification and use of the instrument:



)
VEGACAL Image: CL 62.CXAGAHKMAX 2 -TUV 05 ATEX 2767X; 3suppl. II 1/12/26 Ex ia IIC T6.T1 Ga, Ga/Gb, Gb	þ
)
A process temperature: -1+6400kPa))
5 electronics: 420mA HART*)
6 protection: IP66/67 isolation: PTFE)
rlength: 500 mm · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·)
8 VEGA 77761 Schiltach/Germany s/n: 25368480	

Fig. 2: Layout of the type label (example)

- 1 Instrument type
- 2 Product code
- 3 Approvals
- 4 Process and ambient temperature, process pressure
- 5 Power supply and signal output, electronics
- 6 Protection rating
- 7 Probe length
- 8 Order number
- 9 Serial number of the instrument
- 10 Material wetted parts
- 11 Symbol of the device protection class
- 12 Reminder to observe the instrument documentation
- 13 ID numbers, instrument documentation
- 14 Notified authority for CE marking
- 15 Approval directives

With the serial number, you can access the delivery data of the instrument via " www.vega.com", " Search". You can find the serial number on the inside of the instrument as well as on the type label on the outside

Serial number - Instru-The type label contains the serial number of the instrument. With it you can find the following instrument data on our homepage:

- Product code (HTML)
- Delivery date (HTML)
- Order-specific instrument features (HTML)
- Operating instructions and guick setup guide at the time of shipment (PDF)
- Order-specific sensor data for an electronics exchange (XML)
- Test certificate (PDF) optional

Move to "www.vega.com" and enter in the search field the serial number of your instrument.

Alternatively, you can access the data via your smartphone:

- Download the VEGA Tools app from the " Apple App Store" or the " Google Play Store"
- Scan the DataMatrix code on the type label of the instrument or
- Enter the serial number manually in the app

ment search



Application area

3.2 Principle of operation

VEGACAL 66 is a level sensor for use in non-abrasive liquids and bulk solids.

The cable probe is fully insulated. The proven mechanical construction offers high functional safety.

Functional principle

Probe, measured product and vessel wall form an electrical capacitor. The capacitance is influenced by three main factors.



Fig. 3: Functional principle - Plate capacitor

- 1 Distance between the electrode surfaces
- 2 Size of the electrode surfaces
- 3 Type of dielectric between the electrodes

The probe and the vessel wall are the capacitor plates. The measured product and the insulation are the dielectric. Due to the higher dielectric constant of the insulation and the conductive product compared to air, the capacitance increases as the probe is gradually covered.

The capacitance as well as the resistance change are converted by the electronics module into a level-proportional signal.

Voltage supply

4 ... 20 mA/HART two-wire electronics for voltage supply and measured value transmission on the same cable.

The supply voltage range can differ depending on the instrument version.

The data for power supply are specified in chapter " Technical data".

The backlight of the display and adjustment module is powered by the sensor. The prerequisite for this is a supply voltage at a certain level. The exact voltage specifications are stated in chapter "*Technical data*".

The optional heating requires its own voltage supply. You can find further details in the supplementary instructions manual " *Heating for display and adjustment module*".

This function is generally not available for approved instruments.

3.3 Adjustment

The instrument can be adjusted with the following adjustment media:

• With the display and adjustment module



	 with the suitable VEGA DTM in conjunction with an adjustment software according to the FDT/DTM standard, e.g. PACTware and PC
	 With manufacturer-specific adjustment programs AMS[™] or PDM With a HART handheld
	3.4 Packaging, transport and storage
Packaging	Your instrument was protected by packaging during transport. Its capacity to handle normal loads during transport is assured by a test based on ISO 4180.
	The packaging of standard instruments consists of environment- friendly, recyclable cardboard. For special versions, PE foam or PE foil is also used. Dispose of the packaging material via specialised recycling companies.
Transport	Transport must be carried out in due consideration of the notes on the transport packaging. Nonobservance of these instructions can cause damage to the device.
Transport inspection	The delivery must be checked for completeness and possible transit damage immediately at receipt. Ascertained transit damage or concealed defects must be appropriately dealt with.
Storage	Up to the time of installation, the packages must be left closed and stored according to the orientation and storage markings on the outside.
	Unless otherwise indicated, the packages must be stored only under the following conditions:
	Not in the openDry and dust free
	 Not exposed to corrosive media Protected against solar radiation Avoiding mechanical shock and vibration
Storage and transport temperature	 Storage and transport temperature see chapter " Supplement - Technical data - Ambient conditions" Relative humidity 20 85 %
Lifting and carrying	With instrument weights of more than 18 kg (39.68 lbs) suitable and approved equipment must be used for lifting and carrying.
	3.5 Accessories
	The instructions for the listed accessories can be found in the down- load area on our homepage.
PLICSCOM	The display and adjustment module is used for measured value indi- cation, adjustment and diagnosis.
	The integrated Bluetooth module (optional) enables wireless adjust- ment via standard adjustment devices.



VEGACONNECT	The interface adapter VEGACONNECT enables the connection of communication-capable instruments to the USB interface of a PC.
VEGADIS 81	The VEGADIS 81 is an external display and adjustment unit for VEGA $\ensuremath{plics}\xspace^{\otimes}$ sensors.
VEGADIS 82	VEGADIS 82 is suitable for measured value indication and adjustment of sensors with HART protocol. It is looped into the 4 20 mA/HART signal cable.
PLICSMOBILE T81	The PLICSMOBILE T81 is an external GSM/GPRS/UMTS radio unit for transmission of measured values and for remote parameter adjustment of HART sensors.
External housing	If the standard sensor housing is too big or in case of strong vibra- tions, an external housing can be used.
	Then the sensor housing is made of stainless steel. The electronics is located in the external housing which can be mounted in a distance of up to 10 m (32.8 ft) to the sensor by using a connection cable.
	Three different external sensor housings are available.



Fig. 4: External housing

A Instrument housing

- 1 Sensor housing, stainless steel (316L), IP68 (10 bar)
- 2 Sensor housing, stainless steel (316L), IP67
- 3 Sensor housing, stainless steel (316L), BNC plug IP54

Protective cover

Flanges

The protective cover protects the sensor housing against soiling and intense heat from solar radiation.

Screwed flanges are available in different versions according to the following standards: DIN 2501, EN 1092-1, BS 10, ASME B 16.5, JIS B 2210-1984, GOST 12821-80.



4 Mounting

4.1 General instructions

Process conditions



Note:

For safety reasons, the instrument must only be operated within the permissible process conditions. You can find detailed information on the process conditions in chapter "*Technical data*" of the operating instructions or on the type label.

Hence make sure before mounting that all parts of the instrument exposed to the process are suitable for the existing process conditions.

These are mainly:

- Active measuring component
- Process fitting
- Process seal

Process conditions in particular are:

- Process pressure
- Process temperature
- Chemical properties of the medium
- Abrasion and mechanical influences

Installation position	Select an installation position you can easily reach for mounting and connecting as well as later retrofitting of a display and adjustment module. The housing can be rotated by 330° without the use of any tools. You can also install the display and adjustment module in four different positions (each displaced by 90°).
Screwing in	Devices with threaded fitting are screwed into the process fitting with a suitable wrench via the hexagon.
	See chapter " Dimensions" for wrench size.
\wedge	Warning: The housing or the electrical connection may not be used for screw- ing in! Depending on the device version, tightening can cause dam- age, e. g. to the rotation mechanism of the housing.
Welding work	Before beginning the welding work, remove the electronics module from the sensor. By doing this, you avoid damage to the electronics through inductive coupling.
	Ground the probe before welding directly on the rod or cable.
Handling	With threaded versions, the housing must not be used to screw in the instrument! Applying tightening forces on the housing can damage its internal parts.
	Use the hexagon for screwing in.
Protection against mois- ture	Use the recommended cables (see chapter " <i>Connecting to power supply</i> ") and tighten the cable gland.



You can give your instrument additional protection against moisture penetration by leading the connection cable downward in front of the cable gland. Rain and condensation water can thus drain off. This applies mainly to outdoor mounting as well as installation in areas where high humidity is expected (e.g. through cleaning processes) or on cooled or heated vessels.

To maintain the housing protection, make sure that the housing lid is closed during operation and locked, if necessary.



Fig. 5: Measures against moisture ingress

Pressure/Vacuum	The process fitting must be sealed if there is gauge or low pressure in the vessel. Before use, check if the sealing material is resistant against the measured product and the process temperature. The max. permissible pressure is specified in chapter " <i>Technical</i> <i>data</i> " or on the type label of the sensor. Insulating measures, such as e.g. covering the thread with teflon tape, can interrupt the necessary electrical connection with metal vessels. For this reason, ground the probe on the vessel or use a conductive seal material.
Vessel material	Metal vessel Make sure that the mechanical connection of the probe to the vessel is electrically conductive to ensure sufficient grounding. Use conductive seals, such as those made of copper or lead, etc. Insulating measures, such as covering the thread with Teflon tape, can interrupt the necessary electrical connection with metal vessels. For this reason, ground the probe on the vessel or use a conductive seal material.
Vessel shapes	Non-conductive vessels In non-conductive vessels, e.g. plastic tanks, the second pole of the capacitor must be provided separately. If possible, the capacitive probe should be mounted vertically or par- allel to the counter electrode. This applies particularly to applications
	in on-conductive products. In cylindrical tanks, spherical tanks or other asymmetrical tank forms, nonlinear level values are generated due to the varying distance to the vessel wall.



Condensation If condensate forms on the vessel top, the run-off liquid can cause bridging and hence measurement errors. For this reason, use a screening tube . The length of the screening tube depends on the amount of condensate and the drain-off behaviour of the product. Cable entries - NPT Metric threads thread In the case of instrument housings with metric thread, the cable **Cable glands** glands are screwed in at the factory. They are sealed with plastic plugs as transport protection. You have to remove these plugs before electrical connection. NPT thread In the case of instrument housings with self-sealing NPT threads, it is not possible to have the cable entries screwed in at the factory. The free openings for the cable glands are therefore covered with red dust protection caps as transport protection. Prior to setup you have to replace these protective caps with approved cable glands or close the openings with suitable blind plugs. 4.2 Mounting instructions Installation position During operation, the probe must not touch any installations or the vessel wall. The measured value can also change if the distance to the vessel wall changes considerably. If necessary, secure the end of the probe (insulated). Depending on the size of the process fitting there is either a thread (M12), e.g. for a ring bolt or a hole for the steel cable in the gravity weight. The gravity weight is isolated from the measuring cable. Make sure that the probe cable is not completely taut. Avoid tensile loads on the cable.

meas. signal.

Use a concentric tube in non-conductive products or linearize the





Fig. 6: Fasten the probe

- 1 Gravity weight Process fitting thread ≤ 2 ", flange $\leq DN 50$
- 2 Gravity weight Process fitting thread > 2", flange > DN 50
- 3 Eyelet M12

In vessels with conical bottom it can be advantageous to mount the sensor in the centre of the vessel, as measurement is then possible down to the bottom.



Caution:

It is not possible to measure on the gravity weight. The measuring range of the probe ends at the upper edge of the gravity weight.

Inflowing medium

If the instrument is mounted in the filling stream, unwanted false measurement signals can be generated. For this reason, mount the instrument at a position in the vessel where no disturbances, e.g. from filling openings, agitators, etc., can occur.

This applies particularly to instrument versions with a longer probe.





Fig. 7: Inflowing medium



5	Connecting	to	power	supply
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5.1 Preparing the connection

Safety instructions

Always keep in mind the following safety instructions:

- Carry out electrical connection by trained, qualified personnel authorised by the plant operator
- If overvoltage surges are expected, overvoltage arresters should be installed



Warning:

Only connect or disconnect in de-energized state.

Voltage supply	Power supply and current signal are carried on the same two-wire cable. The operating voltage can differ depending on the instrument version.
	The data for power supply are specified in chapter " Technical data".
	Provide a reliable separation between the supply circuit and the mains circuits according to DIN EN 61140 VDE 0140-1.
	Power the instrument via an energy-limited circuit acc. to IEC 61010- 1, e.g. via Class 2 power supply unit.
	Keep in mind the following additional factors that influence the operat- ing voltage:
	 Lower output voltage of the power supply unit under nominal load (e.g. with a sensor current of 20.5 mA or 22 mA in case of fault) Influence of additional instruments in the circuit (see load values in chapter "<i>Technical data</i>")
Connection cable	The instrument is connected with standard two-wire cable without shielding. If electromagnetic interference is expected which is above the test values of EN 61326-1 for industrial areas, shielded cable should be used.
	Use cable with round cross section for instruments with housing and cable gland. Use a cable gland suitable for the cable diameter to ensure the seal effect of the cable gland (IP protection rating).
	We generally recommend the use of shielded cable for HART multidrop mode.
Cable glands	Metric threads In the case of instrument housings with metric thread, the cable glands are screwed in at the factory. They are sealed with plastic plugs as transport protection.
i	Note: You have to remove these plugs before electrical connection.
	NPT thread

In the case of instrument housings with self-sealing NPT threads, it is not possible to have the cable entries screwed in at the factory. The free openings for the cable glands are therefore covered with red dust protection caps as transport protection.

30036-EN-210310



Note:

1

Prior to setup you have to replace these protective caps with approved cable glands or close the openings with suitable blind plugs.

On plastic housings, the NPT cable gland or the Conduit steel tube must be screwed into the threaded insert without grease.

Max. torque for all housings, see chapter " Technical data".

Cable screening and grounding

If shielded cable is required, we recommend connecting the cable screening on both ends to ground potential. In the sensor, the cable screening must be connected directly to the internal ground terminal. The ground terminal on the outside of the housing must be connected to the ground potential (low impedance).



In Ex systems, the grounding is carried out according to the installation regulations.

In electroplating plants as well as plants for cathodic corrosion protection it must be taken into account that significant potential differences exist. This can lead to unacceptably high currents in the cable screen if it is grounded at both ends.

Note:

The metallic parts of the instrument (process fitting, sensor, concentric tube, etc.) are connected with the internal and external ground terminal on the housing. This connection exists either directly via the conductive metallic parts or, in case of instruments with external electronics, via the screen of the special connection cable.

You can find specifications on the potential connections inside the instrument in chapter "*Technical data*".

5.2 Connection procedure

Proceed as follows:

- 1. Unscrew the housing lid
- 2. If a display and adjustment module is installed, remove it by turning it to the left
- 3. Loosen compression nut of the cable gland and remove blind plug
- 4. Remove approx. 10 cm (4 in) of the cable mantle, strip approx. 1 cm (0.4 in) of insulation from the ends of the individual wires
- 5. Insert the cable into the sensor through the cable entry
- 6. Lift the opening levers of the terminals with a screwdriver (see following illustration)
- 7. Insert the wire ends into the open terminals according to the wiring plan





Fig. 8: Connection steps 6 and 7

- 8. Press down the opening levers of the terminals, you will hear the terminal spring closing
- 9. Check the hold of the wires in the terminals by lightly pulling on them
- 10. Connect the shielding to the internal ground terminal, connect the external ground terminal to potential equalisation
- 11. Tighten the compression nut of the cable entry gland. The seal ring must completely encircle the cable
- 12. Screw the housing lid back on

The electrical connection is finished.

5.3 Wiring plan, single chamber housing



The following illustrations apply to the non-Ex as well as to the Ex-ia version.

Housing overview



Fig. 9: Material versions, single chamber housing

- 1 Plastic
- 2 Aluminium
- 3 Stainless steel (precision casting)
- 4 Stainless steel (electro-polished)
- 5 Filter element for air pressure compensation of all material versions. Blind plug with version IP66/IP68, 1 bar for Aluminium and stainless steel



Electronics and connection compartment



Fig. 10: Electronics and connection compartment - single chamber housing

- 1 Plug connector for VEGACONNECT (I²C interface)
- 2 Spring-loaded terminals for connection of the external indication VEGADIS 81
- 3 Ground terminal for connection of the cable screening
- 4 Spring-loaded terminals for voltage supply



Fig. 11: Wiring plan - single chamber housing

1 Voltage supply, signal output

5.4 Wiring plan, double chamber housing



The following illustrations apply to the non-Ex as well as to the Ex-ia version.

Wiring plan

Housing overview



Fig. 12: Double chamber housing

- 1 Housing cover connection compartment
- 2 Blind plug or plug M12 x 1 for VEGADIS 81 (optional)
- 3 Housing cover electronics compartment
- 4 Filter element for air pressure compensation
- 5 Cable gland

Electronics compartment



Fig. 13: Electronics compartment - double chamber housing

- 1 Plug connector for VEGACONNECT (I²C interface)
- 2 Internal connection cable to the connection compartment
- 3 Terminals for VEGADIS 81

Connection compartment



Fig. 14: Connection compartment - double chamber housing

- 1 Spring-loaded terminals for voltage supply
- 2 Plug connector for service (I²C interface)
- 3 Ground terminal for connection of the cable screening



Housing overview

Wiring plan



Fig. 15: Wiring plan - double chamber housing

1 Voltage supply, signal output

5.5 Wiring plan, Ex-d double chamber housing



Fig. 16: Double chamber housing

- 1 Housing cover connection compartment
- 2 Blind plug or plug M12 x 1 for VEGADIS 81 (optional)
- 3 Housing cover electronics compartment
- 4 Filter element for air pressure compensation
- 5 Cable gland

Electronics compartment



Fig. 17: Electronics compartment - double chamber housing

- 1 Plug connector for VEGACONNECT (I²C interface)
- 2 Internal connection cable to the connection compartment
- 3 Terminals for VEGADIS 81



Connection compartment



Fig. 18: Connection compartment, Ex-d-ia double chamber housing

- 1 Spring-loaded terminals for power supply and cable screen
- 2 Ground terminal for connection of the cable screening

Wiring plan



Fig. 19: Wiring plan, Ex-d-ia double chamber housing

1 Voltage supply, signal output

5.6 Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68, 1 bar

Wire assignment, connection cable



Fig. 20: Wire assignment, connection cable

- 1 Brown (+) and blue (-) to power supply or to the processing system
- 2 Shielding



6 Set up with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM

6.1 Short description

Function/Configuration

The display and adjustment module is used for measured value display, adjustment and diagnosis. It can be mounted in the following housing versions and instruments:

- All sensors of the plics[®] instrument family, in the single as well as in the double chamber housing (optionally in the electronics or connection compartment)
- External display and adjustment unit VEGADIS 61

6.2 Insert display and adjustment module

Mount/dismount display and adjustment module The display and adjustment module can be inserted into the sensor and removed again at any time. It is not necessary to interrupt the voltage supply.

Proceed as follows:

- 1. Unscrew the housing lid
- Place the display and adjustment module in the desired position on the electronics (four positions in 90° offset can be selected) and turn to the right until it clicks into place.
- 3. Screw housing lid with inspection window tightly back on

Disassembly is carried out in reverse order.

The display and adjustment module is powered by the sensor, an additional connection is not necessary.



Fig. 21: Insert display and adjustment module in the single chamber housing



Note:

Т.

If you intend to retrofit the instrument with a display and adjustment module for continuous measured value indication, a higher lid with an inspection glass is required.

6.3 Adjustment system



Fig. 22: Display and adjustment elements

- 1 LC display
- 2 Indication of the menu item number
- 3 Adjustment keys

Key functions

- *[OK]* key:
 - Move to the menu overview
 - Confirm selected menu
 - Edit parameter
 - Save value
- [->] key to select:
 - Menu change
 - Select list entry
 - Select editing position
- [+] key:
 - Change value of the parameter
- [ESC] key:
 - Interrupt input
 - Jump to next higher menu

Adjustment system The instrument is operated via the four keys of the display and adjustment module. The individual menu items are shown on the LC display. You can find the function of the individual keys in the previous illustration.

Time functions When the **[+]** and **[->]** keys are pressed quickly, the edited value, or the cursor, changes one value or position at a time. If the key is pressed longer than 1 s, the value or position changes continuously.

When the *[OK]* and *[ESC]* keys are pressed simultaneously for more than 5 s, the display returns to the main menu. The menu language is then switched over to " *English*".



Approx. 60 minutes after the last pressing of a key, an automatic reset to measured value indication is triggered. Any values not confirmed with *[OK]* will not be saved.

	6.4	Setup steps
Switch-on phase		connecting VEGACAL 66 to power supply or after a voltage rence, the instrument carries out a self-check for approx. 30 rds:
	 Inc so Out 	ernal check of the electronics dication of the instrument type, the firmware as well as the sen- r TAGs (sensor designation) utput signal jumps briefly (approx. 10 seconds) to the set fault rrent
	corres	the corresponding current is output to the cable (the value sponds to the actual level as well as the settings already carried .g. factory setting).
Address setting HART multidrop	must l will fin	RT-Multidrop mode (several sensors on one input) the address be set before continuing with the parameter adjustment. You ad a detailed description in the operating instructions manual " ay and adjustment module" or in the online help of PACTware or
	HART	F mode Standard Address 0
Parameter adjustment	displa capac	CAL 66 measures the capacitance of the respective product. To by the actual level of the product, an allocation of the measured citance to the percentage height must be carried out. For this tment, the capacitance is entered with emptied and filled vessel.
	the ac and 9	vessel cannot be emptied or filled completely, you can carry out djustment also with two known levels - for example with 10 % 0 %. The difference between the empty and full adjustment s should be as large as possible.
	VEGA	ctual level can then be calculated on the basis of these settings. CAL 66 must be installed. A change of level is necessary for djustment.
	items	main menu item " <i>Basic adjustment</i> ", the individual submenu should be selected one after the other and provided with the ct parameter values.
i	displa	display and adjustment module remains on the probe as a y, we recommend saving the sensor data in the display and tment module.
	Use th	ne function "Copy sensor data".
	Start	your parameter adjustment with the following menu items of the

basic adjustment:

30036-EN-210310



Carry out min. adjustment To be on the safe side, note the adjustment values for full and empty. If an adjustment procedure fails, it is not necessary to again carry out a level change.

These values can be helpful if the electronics has to be exchanged.

	%	Value
Empty adjustment		
Full adjustment		

Tab. 1: Adjustment protocol

Tip:

For min. adjustment the vessel should be as empty as possible, and for max. adjustment, as full as possible. If the vessel is already full, start with max. adjustment.

Note:

If possible, the vessel should be as empty as possible for min. adjustment.

Proceed as follows:

1. Move from the measured value display to the main menu by pushing [OK].

Basic adjustment
Display
Diagnostics
Service
Info

 Select the menu item " Basic adjustment" with [->] and confirm with [OK]. Now the menu item " Min. adjustment" is displayed.



3. Prepare the adjustment value for editing with *[OK]*. Move to the selection window with *[OK]*.

_	
	Min. adjustment
	Accept current measured value?
	Accept?
	Edit?

- Accept the current measured value or move to the editing window with "Edit". To edit, set the cursor to the requested position with [->]. Set the requested % value with [+] and save with [OK]. The cursor jumps to the capacitance value.
- 5. Enter the current capacitance value in pF (displayed below) for the empty vessel corresponding to the percentage value.
- Save the settings with [OK] and move to "Max. adjustment" with [->].



Carry out max. adjustment Fill the vessel to the highest possible level.

Note:

For max. adjustment, the vessel should be as full as possible. This will make the calibration more accurate.

Proceed as follows:

(Max. adjustment	
	100.00 %	
	=	
	1000 pF	
	327.4 pF	,

1. Prepare the adjustment value for editing with *[OK]*. Move to the selection window with *[OK]*.



- Accept the current measured value or move to the editing window with "Edit". To edit, set the cursor to the requested position with [->]. Set the requested % value with [+] and save with [OK]. The cursor jumps to the capacitance value.
- 3. Enter the current capacitance value in pF (displayed below) for the full vessel corresponding to the percentage value.
- 4. Save the settings with [OK].

Basic adjustment - Damp ingTo suppress fluctuations in the measured value display, e. g. caused by an agitated medium surface, a damping can be set. This time can be between 0 and 999 seconds. Keep in mind that the reaction time of the entire measurement will then be longer and the sensor will react to measured value changes with a delay. In general, a period of a few seconds is sufficient to smooth the measured value display.

	Damping		
		0 s	
_			

Enter the requested parameters via the appropriate keys, save your settings and jump to the next menu item with the *[->]* key.

 Basic adjustment - Linearization curve
 A linearization is necessary for all vessels in which the vessel volume does not increase linearly with the level - e.g. a horizontal cylindrical or spherical tank - and the indication or output of the volume is required. Corresponding linearization curves are preprogrammed for these vessels. They represent the correlation between the level percentage and vessel volume.

 The linearisation applies to the measured value indication and the

current output. By activating the appropriate curve, the volume percentage of the vessel is displayed correctly. If the volume should not be displayed in percent but e.g. in I or kg, a scaling can be also set in the menu item " *Display*".



	Linearisation curve Linear Enter the requested parameters via the appropriate keys, save your settings and jump to the next menu item with the <i>I</i> -> <i>I</i> key.
\wedge	Caution: Note the following if the VEGACAL 66 with corresponding approval is used as part of an overfill protection system according to WHG (Water Resources Act):
	If a linearisation curve is selected, the measuring signal is no longer necessarily linear to the filling height. This must be considered by the user especially when setting the switching point on the limit signal transmitter.
Basic adjustment - Sen- sor TAG	In this menu item you can enter an unambiguous designation for the sensor, e.g. the measurement loop name or the tank or product des- ignation. In digital systems and in the documentation of larger plants, a singular designation should be entered for exact identification of individual measuring points.
	Sensor-TAG Sensor
	With this menu item, the Basic adjustment is finished and you can now jump to the main menu with the [ESC] key.
Display - Indicated value	In the menu item " <i>Display</i> " you can define how the measured value should be presented on the display.
	The following indication values are available: Height Distance Current Scaled Percent Lin. percent
	The selection " <i>scaled</i> " opens the menu items " <i>Display unit</i> " and " <i>Scaling</i> ". In " <i>Display unit</i> " there are the following options:

- Height
- Ground
- Flow
- Volume
- Without unit

Depending on selection, the different units are in turn available.

In the menu item " Scaling", the requested numerical value with decimal point is entered for 0 % and 100 % of the measured value.



There is the following relationship between the indication value in the menu " *Display*" and the adjustment unit in the menu " *Device settings*":

 Indication value " *Distance*": Presentation of the measured value in the selected adjustment unit, e.g. m(d).

Displayed value
Scaled ►
Display unit
Volume ►
Scaling
0 % = 0.0 l
100 % = 100.0 l

Display - Backlight A background lighting integrated by default can be adjusted via the adjustment menu. The function depends on the height of the supply voltage. See "*Technical data/Voltage supply*".

To maintain the function of the device, the lighting is temporarily switched off if the power supply is insufficient.



In the default setting, the lightning is switched off.

Diagnosis - Peak value

The respective min. and max. measured values are saved in the sensor. The values are displayed in the menu item "*Peak values*".

- Min. and max. distance in m(d)
- Min. and max. temperature



Diagnostics - Device status

The instrument status is displayed in this menu item. If no failure is detected by the sensor, " OK" will be displayed. If a failure is detected, there will be a sensor-specific flashing fault signal, for example " E013". The failure is also displayed in clear text, for example " No measured value available".



Information:

The fault message as well as the clear text indication are also carried out in the measured value display.



Measurement reliability
Sensor status

Trend recording

Up to 3000 measured values are recorded (depending on the sensor) when starting a " **Trend curve**". Then the values can be displayed on a time axis. The oldest measured values are always deleted.

The measured values displayed are in the unit pF.

Trend recording
Presentation of the trend curve

Information:

The trend recording is not activated when being shipped. It must be started by the user via the menu item "*Start trend curve*".

Service - Current output

In the menu item " *Current output*" you determine the behaviour of the current output during operation and in case of failure. The following options are available:

Current output

Characteristics	4 20 mA
	20 4 mA
Failure mode 1)	Hold value
	20.5 mA
	22 mA
	< 3.6 mA
Min. current 2)	3.8 mA
	4 mA
Max. current 3)	20 mA
	20.5 mA

The values in bold font represent the data of the factory setting.

In HART multidrop mode, the current is constantly 4 mA. This value does not change even in case of failure.

$\left[\right]$	Current output
	Characteristic: 4-20 mA 🕨
	Failure mode: 22 mA ►
l	Min. current 3.8 mA ►

- ¹⁾ Value of the current output in case of failure, e.g. if no valid measured value is delivered.
- ²⁾ This value is not underrun during operation.
- ³⁾ This value is not exceeded during operation.



Service - Simulation In this menu item you simulate a user-defined level or pressure value via the current output. This allows you to test the signal path, e.g. through connected indicating instruments or the input card of the control system.

The following simulation variables are available:

- Percent
- Current
- Pressure (with pressure transmitters)
- Distance (with radar and guided radar (GWR))

With Profibus PA sensors, the selection of the simulated value is made via the "Channel" in the menu " *Basic adjustments*".

How to start the simulation:

- 1. Push [OK]
- Select the requested simulation variable with [->] and confirm with [OK].
- 3. Set the requested numerical value with [+] and [->].
- 4. Push [OK]

The simulation is now running, with 4 \dots 20 mA/HART a current is output and with Profibus PA or Foundation Fieldbus a digital value.

How to interrupt the simulation:

→ Push [ESC]

Information:

The simulation is automatically terminated 10 minutes after the last pressing of a key.

Simulation
Start simulation?

Reset

Basic adjustment

If the function " *Reset*" is carried out, the sensor resets all settings to default.

The following values will be reset:

Function	Reset value
Max. adjustment	3000 pF
Min. adjustment	0 pF
Damping ti	0 s
Linearisation	Linear
Sensor-TAG	Sensor
Display	%
Current output - characteristics	4 20 mA
Current output - max. current	20.5 mA
Current output - min. current	3.8 mA



Function	Reset value
Current output - failure	< 3.6 mA

Special parameters

All special parameters are reset to delivery status.

Peak value indicator

The min. and max. values are reset to the actual value.

Service - Language The sensor is already set to the ordered national language. In this menu item you can change the language. The following languages are available as of software version 3.50:

- Deutsch
- English
- Français
- Espanõl
- Pycckuu
- Italiano
- Netherlands
- Japanese
- Chinese

Language		
German		

Service - HART mode

HART offers standard and multidrop mode.

The mode "standard" with the fixed address 0 means outputting the measured value as a 4 ... 20 mA signal.

In Multidrop mode, up to 15 sensors can be operated on one two-wire cable. An address between 1 and 15 must be assigned to each sensor. $^{\rm 4)}$

In this menu item you determine the HART mode and enter the address for multidrop.

HART mode	
Standard Address 0	

The default setting is standard with address 0.

Copy sensor data

With this function

- Load parameter adjustment data from the sensor into the display and adjustment module
- Write parameter adjustment data from the display and adjustment module into the sensor
- ⁴⁾ The 4 ... 20 mA signal of the sensor is switched off. The sensor uses a constant current of 4 mA. The measuring signal is transmitted exclusively as a digital HART signal.



The data are permanently saved in an EEPROM memory in the display and adjustment module and remain there even in case of power failure. From there, they can be written into one or several sensors or kept as backup for a possible sensor exchange.

The type and the volume of the copied data depend on the respective sensor.

Information:Before data a

Before data are written into the sensor, a check is carried out to determine whether the data fit the sensor. If the data do not fit, a fault signal is triggered or the function is blocked. When writing data into the sensor, you will see which instrument type the data originate from and which TAG-no. this sensor had.

The following items are checked:

- Software version
- WHG approval
- SIL activated
- Measuring principle
- Signal output

_	
	Copy sensor data
	Copy sensor data?

Service - PIN

In this menu item, the PIN is activated/deactivated permanently. Entering a 4-digit PIN protects the sensor data against unauthorized access and unintentional modifications. If the PIN is activated permanently, it can be deactivated temporarily (i.e. for approx. 60 min.) in any menu item. The instrument is delivered with the PIN set to 0000.



Only the following functions are permitted with activated PIN:

- Select menu items and show data
- Read data from the sensor into the display and adjustment module

Info

In this menu item the most important sensor information can be displayed:

- Instrument type
- Serial number: 8-digit number, e.g. 12345678

Instrument type Serial number

- Date of manufacture: Date of the factory calibration
- Software version: Edition of the sensor software





 Date of last change using PC: Date of the last change of sensor parameters via PC



 Sensor details, e.g. approval, process fitting, seal, measuring cell, measuring range, electronics, housing, cable entry, plug, cable length etc.



6.5 Menu schematic

Basic adjustment




Display



Diagnostics



Service



30036-EN-210310



Info



6.6 Saving the parameterisation data

On paper	We recommended writing down the adjustment data, e.g. in this op- erating instructions manual, and archiving them afterwards. They are thus available for multiple use or service purposes.
In the display and adjust- ment module	If the instrument is equipped with a display and adjustment module, the parameter adjustment data can be saved in it. The data remain permanently stored there even if the sensor supply fails. The proce- dure is described in menu item " <i>Copy sensor data</i> ".



on the sensor

VEGACONNECT directly

7 Set up with PACTware and other adjustment programs

7.1 Connect the PC

Fig. 23: Connection of the PC directly to the sensor via the interface adapter VEGACONNECT

- 1 USB cable to the PC
- 2 Interface adapter VEGACONNECT
- 3 Sensor

VEGACONNECT externally



Fig. 24: Connection via interface adapter VEGACONNECT external

- 1 *I*²*C* bus (com.) interface on the sensor
- 2 I²C connection cable of VEGACONNECT
- 3 Interface adapter VEGACONNECT
- 4 USB cable to the PC

Necessary components:

• VEGACAL 66



- PC with PACTware and suitable VEGA DTM
- VEGACONNECT
- Power supply unit or processing system

VEGACONNECT via HART



Fig. 25: Connecting the PC via HART to the signal cable

- 1 VEGACAL 66
- 2 HART resistance 250 Ω (optional depending on evaluation)
- 3 Connection cable with 2 mm pins and terminals
- 4 Processing system/PLC/Voltage supply

Necessary components:

- VEGACAL 66
- PC with PACTware and suitable VEGA DTM
- Interface adapter VEGACONNECT
- HART resistance approx. 250 Ω
- Power supply unit or processing system

• Note: With p

With power supply units with integrated HART resistance (internal resistance approx. 250Ω), an additional external resistance is not necessary. This applies, e. g. to the VEGA instruments VEGATRENN 149A, VEGADIS 371, VEGAMET 381. Common Ex separators are also usually equipped with a sufficient current limitation resistance. In such cases, VEGACONNECT 4 can be connected parallel to the 4 ... 20 mA cable.

7.2 Parameter adjustment with PACTware

For parameter adjustment of the instrument via a Windows PC, the configuration software PACTware and a suitable instrument driver (DTM) according to FDT standard are required. The latest PACTware version as well as all available DTMs are compiled in a DTM Collection. The DTMs can also be integrated into other frame applications according to FDT standard.

Note:

To ensure that all instrument functions are supported, you should always use the latest DTM Collection. Furthermore, not all described functions are included in older firmware versions. You can download the latest instrument software from our homepage. A description of the update procedure is also available in the Internet.

Prereauisites



Further setup steps are described in the operating instructions manual " *DTM Collection/PACTware*" attached to each DTM Collection and which can also be downloaded from the Internet. Detailed descriptions are available in the online help of PACTware and the DTMs.

🤨 Sensor Parametrie	rung				4 Þ ×
-					
- 4	: Radar ent loop name: Sensor	ULS 62 HART sensor for continuous	level measurement w	ith hom antenna	VEGA
🗖 📲 🌭 🍕 🖬 🔤	• 👔 •				
Setup Application Min./max.adjustm Danping Danping Current output Display Display Display Display Additional settings d-Info		iustment Max. adjustment Min. adjustment	(Set distances to	I level percentages) Sensor reference plane	
Software version … Serial number …		justment in percent		100.00 %	
OFFLINE	Min. adj	e A (max. adjustment) ustment in percent e B (min. adjustment)		0.000 m 0.00 % 20.000 m	
				OK Cancel	Apply
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	Data set		Administrator		
< 🔿 🖈 🚺 <	NONAME>	Administrator			

Fig. 26: Example of a DTM view

Standard/Full versionAll device DTMs are available as a free-of-charge standard version
and as a full version that must be purchased. In the standard version,
all functions for complete setup are already included. An assistant for
simple project configuration simplifies the adjustment considerably.
Saving/printing the project as well as import/export functions are also
part of the standard version.

In the full version there is also an extended print function for complete project documentation as well as a save function for measured value and echo curves. In addition, there is a tank calculation program as well as a multiviewer for display and analysis of the saved measured value and echo curves.

The standard version is available as a download under <u>www.vega.com/downloads</u>. The full version is available on CD from the agency serving you.

7.3 Parameter adjustment with AMS[™] and PDM

For VEGA sensors, instrument descriptions for the adjustment programs AMS[™] and PDM are available as DD or EDD. The instrument descriptions are already implemented in the current versions of AMS[™] and PDM.

For older versions of AMS[™] and PDM, a free-of-charge download is available via Internet. Move to <u>www.vega.com</u>.



7.4 Saving the parameterisation data

It is recommended to document or save the parameter adjustment data. That way they are available for multiple use or service purposes.

The VEGA DTM Collection and PACTware in the licensed, professional version provide suitable tools for systematic project documentation and storage.



8 Set up with smartphone/tablet/PC/ notebook via Bluetooth

8.1 Preparations

Make sure that the Bluetooth function of the display and adjustment module is activated. For this, the switch on the bottom side must be set to "On".



Fig. 27: Activate Bluetooth

1 Bluetooth switch On Bluetooth active Off Bluetooth not active

Change sensor PIN

The security concept of Bluetooth operation absolutely requires that the default setting of the sensor PIN be changed. This prevents unauthorized access to the sensor.

The default setting of the sensor PIN is " **0000**". First of all you have to change the sensor PIN in the adjustment menu of the sensor, e.g. to " **1111**".



Use " OK" to switch to the input menu.

	Denis adjustment
	Basic adjustment
	Display
	Diagnostics
►	Service
	Info
_	
	PIN
	Deactivate permanently?



PIN	0000			
Change	the PIN	l, e.g.	to " 1111 "	•
PIN				
	1111			
PIN				

Deactivated

This permanently deactivates the PIN.

The display immediately changes to PIN activation.

Press " ESC" to cancel the activation of the PIN.

With " OK" you can enter and activate a PIN.

PIN	Enable?	
PIN	Activated	

After the sensor PIN has been changed, sensor adjustment can be enabled again. For access (authentication) with Bluetooth, the modified PIN is still effective.



Information:

Bluetooth communication functions only if the actual sensor PIN differs from the default setting " 0000".

8.2 Connecting

Preparations

Connecting

Smartphone/Tablet

Start the adjustment app and select the function "Setup". The smartphone/tablet searches automatically for Bluetooth-capable instruments in the area.

PC/Notebook

Start PACTware and the VEGA project assistant. Select the device search via Bluetooth and start the search function. The device automatically searches for Bluetooth-capable devices in the vicinity.

The message " Searching ... " is displayed.

30036-EN-210310



All found instruments will be listed in the adjustment window. The search is continued automatically.

Select the requested instrument in the device list.

The message " Connecting ... " is displayed.

Authenticate For the first connection, the operating device and the sensor must authenticate each other. After successful authentication, the next connection functions without authentication.

For authentication, enter in the next menu window the 4-digit sensor PIN.

8.3 Sensor parameter adjustment

15:15 Dienstag 28. Juli Zurück VEGACAL	🔶 🗸 Mes	sstelle Füllstand	Min/MaxAbgleich	🗢 37 % 🗈
44,103pF Sensor	70000	isung von Prozentwerten zur Distanz		
Grundeinstellung	Luwe	sung von Prozentwerten zur Distanz		
🌣 Grundeinstellung	>	MaxAbgleich 🖒	Füllstand A	
O Messstelle Füllstand	>			
Display		MinAbgleich 🖒	Füllstand B	
Diagnose				
Se Diagnose		Abgleich 00 m		
Service		stand A (MaxAbgleich) 0,000 pF		
Anwendung	> Min 0,00	-Abgleich		
PA+ Zusätzlicher PA-Wert	> Füll: 0,00	stand B (MinAbgleich)		
PIN		ondary Value 2 (Sensorwert)		
T Simulation	> . 44,0	057 pF		
Reset	>			
Info				
(i) Info	>			

The sensor parameterization is carried out via the adjustment app on the smartphone/tablet or the DTM on the PC/notebook.

App view

Fig. 28: Example of an app view - Setup sensor adjustment



9 Maintenance and fault rectification

9.1 Maintenance

Maintenance	If the device is used properly, no special maintenance is required in normal operation.			
Cleaning	The cleaning helps are visible.	that the type label and markings on the instrument		
	Take note of the foll	owing:		
	 Use only cleaning label and seals 	ng agents which do not corrode the housings, type		
		g methods corresponding to the housing protec-		
	9.2 Rectify fa	aults		
Reaction when malfund tion occurs	 The operator of the ures to rectify faults 	system is responsible for taking suitable meas-		
Causes of malfunction	 The device offers maximum reliability. Nevertheless, faults can occur during operation. These may be caused by the following, e.g.: Sensor Process Voltage supply Signal processing 			
Fault rectification	The first measures to be taken are to check the output signals as well as to evaluate the error messages via the display and adjustment module. The procedure is described below. Further comprehensive diagnostics can be carried out on a PC with the software PACTware and the suitable DTM. In many cases, the causes can be determined and the faults rectified this way.			
24 hour service hotline		Should these measures not be successful, please call in urgent cases the VEGA service hotline under the phone no. +49 1805 858550.		
	The hotline is manned 7 days a week round-the-clock. Since we offer this service worldwide, the support is only available in the English language. The service is free, only standard call charges are incurred			
Check the 4 20 mA signal	Connect a multimet the wiring plan.	er in the suitable measuring range according to		
Error	Cause	Rectification		

module

Adjust damping e.g. via the display and adjustment

ble

4 ... 20 mA signal not sta-

Fluctuating measured

value



Error	Cause	Rectification
4 20 mA signal missing	Wrong connection	Check connection according to chapter " <i>Connection</i> <i>steps</i> " and if necessary, correct according to chapter " <i>Wiring plan</i> "
	Voltage supply missing	Check cables for breaks; repair if necessary
	Operating voltage too low or load resistance too high	Check, adapt if necessary
Current signal greater than 22 mA or less than 3.6 mA	Shortcircuit in the probe, e.g. because of moisture in the housing	Remove the electronics module. Check the resistance between the marked plug connections. See the follow- ing instructions.
	Sensor electronics de- fective	Exchange the instrument or send it in for repair

Check the resistance in the probe

Remove the electronics module. Check the resistance between the two plug connections.

There must no longer be a connection (high impedance). If there is still a connection, exchange the instrument or return it for repair



Fig. 29: Check the resistance in the probe

- 1 Shielding
- 2 Measuring probe
- 3 Ground potential



In Ex applications, the regulations for the wiring of intrinsically safe circuits must be observed.



Error messages via the display and adjustment module

Error	Cause	Rectification
E013	no measured value avail- able	 Probe insulation damaged, short-circuit due to per- meating, conductive medium Exchange the instrument or send it in for repair
	Shortcircuit in the probe, e.g. because of moisture in the housing	 Remove the electronics module out of the probe and check the resistor between the two marked plug connections according to the figure in paragraph " <i>Check the resistance in the probe</i>". There should be no contact between any of the connections (high resistance) If there is still a connection, exchange the instrument or return it for repair
E017	Adjustment span too small	Carry out a fresh adjustment and increase the distance between min. and max. adjustment
E036	no operable sensor soft- ware	Carry out a software update or send instrument for re- pair

Reaction after fault rectification

Depending on the reason for the fault and the measures taken, the steps described in chapter " *Set up*" may have to be carried out again.

9.3 Exchanging the electronics module

If the electronics module is defective, it can be replaced by the user.



In Ex applications, only instruments and electronics modules with appropriate Ex approval may be used.

If there is no electronics module available on site, one can be ordered from the VEGA agency serving you.

- **Sensor serial number** The new electronics module must be loaded with the order data of the sensor. These are the options:
 - At the factory by VEGA
 - Or on site by the user

In both cases, the sensor serial number is needed. The serial numbers are stated on the type label of the instrument or on the delivery note.

Information:When loading

When loading on site, the order data must first be downloaded from the Internet (see operating instructions " *Electronics module*").

Assignment

The electronics modules are adapted to the respective sensor and differ in their signal output or in their power supply. You can find a suitable electronics module in the following overview.

The oscillators differ only in their signal output and are suitable for all series 60 sensors.

The following types are available:

• CL-E60 H (4 ... 20 mA/HART)



- CL-E60 P (Profibus PA)
- CL-E60 F (Foundation Fieldbus)



In Ex applications only an electronics module with respective Ex approval may be used.

9.4 How to proceed if a repair is necessary

You can find an instrument return form as well as detailed information about the procedure in the download area of our homepage: <u>www.vega.com</u>.

By doing this you help us carry out the repair quickly and without having to call back for needed information.

If a repair is necessary, please proceed as follows:

- Print and fill out one form per instrument
- Clean the instrument and pack it damage-proof
- Attach the completed form and, if need be, also a safety data sheet outside on the packaging
- Please contact the agency serving you to get the address for the return shipment. You can find the agency on our home page <u>www.vega.com</u>.



10 Dismount

10.1 Dismounting steps



Before dismounting, be aware of dangerous process conditions such as e.g. pressure in the vessel or pipeline, high temperatures, corrosive or toxic media etc.

Take note of chapters " *Mounting*" and " *Connecting to voltage supply*" and carry out the listed steps in reverse order.

10.2 Disposal

The instrument consists of materials which can be recycled by specialised recycling companies. We use recyclable materials and have designed the electronics to be easily separable.

WEEE directive

The instrument does not fall in the scope of the EU WEEE directive. Article 2 of this Directive exempts electrical and electronic equipment from this requirement if it is part of another instrument that does not fall in the scope of the Directive. These include stationary industrial plants.

Pass the instrument directly on to a specialised recycling company and do not use the municipal collecting points.

If you have no way to dispose of the old instrument properly, please contact us concerning return and disposal.



11 Supplement

11.1 Technical data

Note for approved instruments

The technical data in the respective safety instructions which are included in delivery are valid for approved instruments (e.g. with Ex approval). These data can differ from the data listed herein, for example regarding the process conditions or the voltage supply.

All approval documents can be downloaded from our homepage.

General data	
Material 316L corresponds to 1.4404 or 1	.4435
Materials, wetted parts	
 Process fitting - thread 	316L, St C22.8 (1.0460)
 Process fitting - flange 	316L
 Process seal 	Klingersil C-4400 (instruments with threaded fitting)
 Insulation (fully insulated) 	PTFE
 Gravity weight 	316L
 Screening tube 	316L
Materials, non-wetted parts	
 Probe (cable fully PTFE insulated: ø 8 mm/0.315 in) 	316L
 Plastic housing 	Plastic PBT (Polyester)
 Aluminium die-cast housing 	Aluminium die-casting AlSi10Mg, powder-coated (Basis: Polyester)
 Stainless steel housing (precision casting) 	316L
 Stainless steel housing (electropol- ished) 	316L
- Seal between housing and housing lid	Silicone
 Inspection window in housing cover (optional) 	Plastic housing: Polycarbonate (UL746-C listed) Metal housing: Glass ⁵⁾
 Ground terminal 	316L
– Cable gland	PA, stainless steel, brass
 Sealing, cable gland 	NBR
 Blind plug, cable gland 	PA
Process fittings	
 Pipe thread, cylindrical (DIN 3852-A) 	G1, G1½
- Pipe thread, conical (ASME B1.20.1)	1 NPT, 1½ NPT
- Flanges	DIN from DN 40, ASME from 2"
Weight	
 Instrument weight (depending on process fitting) 	0.8 … 4 kg (0.18 … 8.82 lbs)

⁵⁾ Aluminium, stainless steel precision casting and Ex d housing

30036-EN-210310



(22 cm)
900 g (32 oz)
180 g/m (1.9 oz/ft)
0.4 35 m (1.312 114.8 ft)
10 KN (2248 lbf)
100 Nm (74 lbf ft)
it tubes
max. 10 Nm (7.376 lbf ft)
max. 50 Nm (36.88 lbf ft)
4 20 mA/HART
Capacitance
Capacitance - scaled
7.0
See website of HART Communication Foundation
1.6 μΑ
mA value unchanged 20.5 mA, 22 mA, < 3.6 mA (adjust- able)
In order to detect the rarely occurring hardware failures in the device, we recommend monitoring both interfer- ence values.
22 mA
see load diagram under Power supply
0 999 s, adjustable
500 ms (ti: 0 s, 0 … 100 %)
NE 43

Input variable

Measured variable	Level of conductive liquids and solids
Measuring principle	phase-selective admittance processing (PSA)
Measuring range	0 3000 pF
Measuring frequency	270 kHz

Measurement accuracy (according to DIN EN 60770-1)

Reference conditions according to	o DIN EN 61298-1
-----------------------------------	------------------

- Temperature	+18 +30 °C (+64 +86 °F)
 Relative humidity 	45 75 %
 Air pressure 	+860 … +1060 mbar/+86 … +106 kPa (+12.5 … +15.4 psig)

30036-EN-210310



Temperature error

– < 120 pF	< 1 pF
– > 120 pF	1 % of the current measured value
Linearity error	< 0.25 % of the complete measuring range

Ambient conditions

Ambient, storage and transport tempera- $\,$ -40 \ldots +80 $^{\circ}C$ (-40 \ldots +176 $^{\circ}F)$ ture

Process conditions

For the process conditions, please also note the specifications on the type label. The lowest value always applies.

Process pressure

-1 ... 40 bar/-100 ... 4000 kPa (-14.5 ... 580 psig)

Process temperature VEGACAL 66 of 316L

-50 … +150 °C (-58 … +302 °F)

Process temperature VEGACAL 66 of St $\,$ -20 \ldots +150 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (-4 \ldots +302 $^{\circ}\text{F}\text{)}$ C22.8



Fig. 30: Ambient temperature - Process temperature

1 Process temperature

2 Ambient temperature

Dielectric constant

≥ 1.5

Electromechanical data - version IP66/IP67 and IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar)

Options of the cable entry

 Cable entry 	M20 x 1.5; 1/2 NPT
 Cable gland 	M20 x 1.5; 1/2 NPT
 Blind plug 	M20 x 1.5; 1/2 NPT
 Closing cap 	1⁄2 NPT
Wire cross-section (spring-loaded termined	nals)
- Massive wire, stranded wire	0.2 2.5 mm ² (AWG 24 14)

- Stranded wire with end sleeve 0.2 ... 1.5 mm² (AWG 24 ... 16)



Electromechanical data - version IP66/IP68 (1 bar)

Options of the cable entry	
 Cable gland with integrated connec- tion cable 	M20 x 1.5 (cable: ø 5 9 mm)
 Cable entry 	1⁄2 NPT
 Blind plug 	M20 x 1.5; 1/2 NPT
Connection cable	
- Wire cross-section	0.5 mm ² (AWG 20)
 Wire resistance 	< 0.036 Ω/m
 Tensile strength 	< 1200 N (270 lbf)
 Standard length 	5 m (16.4 ft)
 Max. length 	180 m (590.6 ft)
 Min. bending radius 	25 mm (0.984 in) with 25 °C (77 °F)
- Diameter	approx. 8 mm (0.315 in)
 Colour - Non-Ex version 	Black
- Colour - Ex-version	Blue

Display and adjustment module

Voltage supply and data transmission	through the sensor
Indication	LC display in dot matrix
Adjustment elements	4 keys
Protection rating	
- unassembled	IP20
- Mounted into the sensor without cover	IP40
Ambient temperature - Display and adjustment module	-20 +70 °C (-4 +158 °F)
Material	
- Housing	ABS
 Inspection window 	Polyester foil
Voltage supply	
Operating voltage U _B	12 36 V DC
Operating voltage U _B with lighting switched on	20 36 V DC
Reverse voltage protection	Integrated





Fig. 31: Voltage diagram

- 1 HART load
- 2 Voltage limit Ex-ia instrument
- 3 Voltage limit non-Ex-/Ex-d-ia instrument
- 4 Operating voltage

Permissible residual ripple

– < 100 Hz	U_{ss} < 1 V
– 100 Hz 10 kHz	U_{ss} < 10 mV
Load	see diagram

Potential connections and electrical	separating measures in the instrument
Electronics	Not non-floating
Reference voltage 6)	500 V AC
Conductive connection	Between ground terminal and metallic process fitting

Electrical protective measures

Protection rating

Housing material	Version	IP-protection class	NEMA protection
Plastic	Single chamber	IP66/IP67	Type 4X
	Double chamber	IP66/IP67	Type 4X
Aluminium	Single chamber	IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar)	Type 6P
		IP68 (1 bar)	Type 6P
	Double chamber	IP66/IP67	Type 4X
		IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar)	Type 6P
		IP68 (1 bar)	Type 6P
Stainless steel (electro- polished)	Single chamber	IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar)	Type 6P
Stainless steel (precision	Single chamber	IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar)	Туре 6Р
casting)		IP68 (1 bar)	Type 6P
	Double chamber	IP66/IP67	Туре 4Х
		IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar)	Type 6P
		IP68 (1 bar)	Type 6P

30036-EN-210310

⁶⁾ Galvanic separation between electronics and metal housing parts



Connection of the feeding power supply Networks of overvoltage category III unit

Altitude above sea level

- by default	up to 2000 m (6562 ft)
- with connected overvoltage protection	up to 5000 m (16404 ft)
Pollution degree ⁷⁾	4
Protection class	II (IEC 61010-1)

Functional safety (SIL)

Functional safety is already activated on instruments with SIL qualification ex factory. On instruments without SIL qualification ex factory, the functional safety must be activated by the user via the display and adjustment module or via PACTware for applications according to SIL.

Functional safety according to IEC 61508-4

- Single channel architecture (1001D) up to SIL2
- double channel diversitary redundant up to SIL3 architecture (10o2D)

You can find detailed information in the supplied Safety Manual of the instrument series or under " www.vega.com", " Downloads", " Approvals".

Approvals

Instruments with approvals can have different technical specifications depending on the version.

For that reason the associated approval documents of these instruments have to be carefully noted. They are part of the delivery or can be downloaded by entering the serial number of your instrument into the search field under <u>www.vega.com</u> as well as in the general download area.

11.2 Dimensions

The following dimensional drawings represent only an extract of all possible versions. Detailed dimensional drawings can be downloaded at <u>www.vega.com/downloads</u> under " *Drawings*".

⁷⁾ When used with fulfilled housing protection



Plastic housing



Fig. 32: Housing versions in protection IP66/IP67 (with integrated display and adjustment module the housing is 9 mm/0.35 in higher)

- 1 Plastic single chamber
- 2 Plastic double chamber

Aluminium housing with protection rating IP66/IP68, 1 bar



Fig. 33: Housing version with protection rating IP66/IP68 (1 bar), (with integrated display and adjustment module the housing is 18 mm/0.71 in higher)

1 Aluminium - single chamber





Fig. 34: VEGACAL 66, threaded version G1 (ISO 228 T1)

- L Sensor length, see chapter "Technical data"
- 1 Gravity weight Process fitting thread $\leq 2"$, flange $\leq DN 50$
- 2 Gravity weight Process fitting thread > 2", flange > DN 50





Fig. 35: VEGACAL 66, screening tube, for example against strong condensation

L Length of the screening tube, see chapter "Technical data"



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Printing date:



All statements concerning scope of delivery, application, practical use and operating conditions of the sensors and processing systems correspond to the information available at the time of printing.

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