Operating Instructions

Capacitive double rod electrode for level measurement



Two-wire 4 ... 20 mA/HART





Document ID: 31178







Contents

1	Abou	It this document	4
	1.1	Function	
	1.2	Target group	
	1.3	Symbols used	
2	For y	our safety	
	2.1	Authorised personnel	
	2.2	Appropriate use	
	2.3	Warning about incorrect use	
	2.4	General safety instructions	
	2.5	Conformity	5
	2.6	NAMUR recommendations	6
	2.7 2.8	Installation and operation in the USA and Canada	
	2.8 2.9	Safety instructions for Ex areas Environmental instructions	
3		uct description	
	3.1	Configuration	
	3.2	Principle of operation	
	3.3	Adjustment	
	3.4	Packaging, transport and storage	
	3.5	Accessories	
4		nting	
	4.1	General instructions	
	4.2	Mounting instructions	. 13
5	Conn	ecting to power supply	15
•		5 1 11 2	
Ŭ	5.1	Preparing the connection	. 15
Ŭ		Preparing the connection Connection procedure	. 15 . 16
Ū	5.1	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan - single chamber housing	. 15 . 16 . 17
Ū	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan - single chamber housing Wiring plan - double chamber housing	. 15 . 16 . 17 . 18
Ū	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan - single chamber housing Wiring plan - double chamber housing Wiring plan - Ex d double chamber housing	15 16 17 18 20
Ū	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan - single chamber housing Wiring plan - double chamber housing Wiring plan - Ex d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68 (1 bar)	. 15 . 16 . 17 . 18 . 20 . 21
6	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan - single chamber housing Wiring plan - double chamber housing Wiring plan - Ex d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68 (1 bar) p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM	. 15 . 16 . 17 . 18 . 20 . 21
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan - single chamber housing Wiring plan - double chamber housing Wiring plan - Ex d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68 (1 bar) p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM Short description	15 16 17 18 20 21 21
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 Set u 6.1 6.2	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan - single chamber housing Wiring plan - double chamber housing Wiring plan - Ex d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68 (1 bar) p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM Short description Insert display and adjustment module	15 16 17 18 20 21 21 22
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 Set u 6.1 6.2 6.3	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan - single chamber housing Wiring plan - double chamber housing Wiring plan - Ex d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68 (1 bar) p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM Short description Insert display and adjustment module Adjustment system	15 16 17 18 20 21 21 22 22 22
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 Set u 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan - single chamber housing Wiring plan - double chamber housing Wiring plan - Ex d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68 (1 bar) p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM Short description Insert display and adjustment module Adjustment system Setup steps	15 16 17 18 20 21 22 22 22 22 23 24
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 Set u 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan - single chamber housing Wiring plan - double chamber housing Wiring plan - Ex d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68 (1 bar) p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM Short description Insert display and adjustment module. Adjustment system. Setup steps Menu schematic	. 15 . 16 . 17 . 18 . 20 . 21 . 22 . 22 . 22 . 22 . 23 . 24 . 34
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 Set u 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan - single chamber housing Wiring plan - double chamber housing Wiring plan - Ex d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68 (1 bar) p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM Short description Insert display and adjustment module Adjustment system Setup steps Menu schematic Saving the parameterisation data	15 16 17 18 20 21 22 22 23 24 34 34
	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 Set u 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan - single chamber housing Wiring plan - double chamber housing Wiring plan - Ex d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68 (1 bar) p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM Short description Insert display and adjustment module Adjustment system Setup steps Menu schematic Saving the parameterisation data p with PACTware and other adjustment programs	15 16 17 18 20 21 22 22 22 22 22 23 24 34 36 37
6	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 Set u 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 Set u 7.1	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan - single chamber housing Wiring plan - double chamber housing Wiring plan - Ex d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68 (1 bar) p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM Short description Insert display and adjustment module Adjustment system Setup steps Menu schematic Saving the parameterisation data p with PACTware and other adjustment programs Connect the PC	15 16 17 18 20 21 22 22 22 23 24 34 36 37 37
6	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 Set u 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 Set u 7.1 7.2	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan - single chamber housing Wiring plan - double chamber housing Wiring plan - Ex d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68 (1 bar) p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM Short description Insert display and adjustment module Adjustment system Setup steps Menu schematic Saving the parameterisation data p with PACTware and other adjustment programs Connect the PC Parameter adjustment with PACTware	15 16 17 18 20 21 22 22 22 22 22 22 23 24 34 34 37 37 38
6	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 Set u 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 Set u 7.1 7.2 7.3	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan - single chamber housing Wiring plan - double chamber housing Wiring plan - Ex d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68 (1 bar) p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM Short description Insert display and adjustment module Adjustment system Setup steps Menu schematic. Saving the parameterisation data p with PACTware and other adjustment programs Connect the PC Parameter adjustment with PACTware Parameter adjustment with AMS [™] and PDM	. 15 . 16 . 17 . 18 . 20 . 21 . 22 . 22 . 22 . 23 . 24 . 34 . 36 . 37 . 38 . 39
6	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 Set u 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 Set u 7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan - single chamber housing Wiring plan - double chamber housing Wiring plan - Ex d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68 (1 bar) p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM Short description Insert display and adjustment module. Adjustment system Setup steps Menu schematic. Saving the parameterisation data p with PACTware and other adjustment programs Connect the PC Parameter adjustment with PACTware Parameter adjustment with AMS [™] and PDM. Saving the parameterisation data	15 16 17 18 20 21 22 22 23 24 34 36 37 38 39 40
6	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 Set u 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 Set u 7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan - single chamber housing Wiring plan - double chamber housing Wiring plan - Ex d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68 (1 bar) p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM Short description Insert display and adjustment module. Adjustment system Setup steps Menu schematic. Saving the parameterisation data p with PACTware and other adjustment programs Connect the PC Parameter adjustment with PACTware. Parameter adjustment with AMS [™] and PDM. Saving the parameterisation data p with smartphone/tablet/PC/notebook via Bluetooth	15 16 17 18 20 21 22 22 23 24 34 36 37 38 37 38 39 40 41
6	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 Set u 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 Set u 7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan - single chamber housing Wiring plan - double chamber housing Wiring plan - Ex d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68 (1 bar) p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM Insert display and adjustment module. Adjustment system. Setup steps. Menu schematic. Saving the parameterisation data. p with PACTware and other adjustment programs Connect the PC. Parameter adjustment with PACTware. Parameter adjustment with AMS [™] and PDM. Saving the parameterisation data. p with smartphone/tablet/PC/notebook via Bluetooth . Preparations.	15 16 17 18 20 21 22 22 23 24 34 36 37 38 37 38 39 40 41 41
6	5.1 5.2 5.3 5.4 5.5 5.6 Set u 6.1 6.2 6.3 6.4 6.5 6.6 Set u 7.1 7.2 7.3 7.4 Set u	Preparing the connection Connection procedure Wiring plan - single chamber housing Wiring plan - double chamber housing Wiring plan - Ex d double chamber housing Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68 (1 bar) p with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM Short description Insert display and adjustment module. Adjustment system Setup steps Menu schematic. Saving the parameterisation data p with PACTware and other adjustment programs Connect the PC Parameter adjustment with PACTware. Parameter adjustment with AMS [™] and PDM. Saving the parameterisation data p with smartphone/tablet/PC/notebook via Bluetooth	15 16 17 18 20 21 22 22 23 24 34 36 37 38 39 40 41 41

31178-EN-230510



9	Diagr	nostics and servicing	44
	9.1	Maintenance	44
	9.2	Rectify faults	44
	9.3	Exchanging the electronics module	46
	9.4	How to proceed if a repair is necessary	
10	Dism	ount	48
	10.1	Dismounting steps	48
	10.2	Disposal	48
11	Supp	lement	49
	11.1	Technical data	49
		Dimensions	
		Industrial property rights	
	11.4	Trademark	57

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1 About this document

1.1 Function

This instruction provides all the information you need for mounting, connection and setup as well as important instructions for maintenance, fault rectification, the exchange of parts and the safety of the user. Please read this information before putting the instrument into operation and keep this manual accessible in the immediate vicinity of the device.

1.2 Target group

This operating instructions manual is directed to trained personnel. The contents of this manual must be made available to the qualified personnel and implemented.

1.3 Symbols used

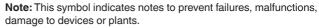
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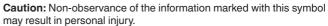
This symbol on the front page of this instruction refers to the Document ID. By entering the Document ID on <u>www.vega.com</u> you will reach the document download.



i

Information, note, tip: This symbol indicates helpful additional information and tips for successful work.







Warning: Non-observance of the information marked with this symbol



may result in serious or fatal personal injury. **Danger:** Non-observance of the information marked with this symbol



Ex applications

results in serious or fatal personal injury.

This symbol indicates special instructions for Ex applications.

List

The dot set in front indicates a list with no implied sequence.

1 Sequence of actions

Numbers set in front indicate successive steps in a procedure.



Disposal

This symbol indicates special instructions for disposal.



2 For your safety

2.1 Authorised personnel

All operations described in this documentation must be carried out only by trained, qualified personnel authorised by the plant operator.

During work on and with the device, the required personal protective equipment must always be worn.

2.2 Appropriate use

VEGACAL 69 is a sensor for continuous level measurement.

You can find detailed information about the area of application in chapter "*Product description*".

Operational reliability is ensured only if the instrument is properly used according to the specifications in the operating instructions manual as well as possible supplementary instructions.

2.3 Warning about incorrect use

Inappropriate or incorrect use of this product can give rise to application-specific hazards, e.g. vessel overfill through incorrect mounting or adjustment. Damage to property and persons or environmental contamination can result. Also, the protective characteristics of the instrument can be impaired.

2.4 General safety instructions

This is a state-of-the-art instrument complying with all prevailing regulations and directives. The instrument must only be operated in a technically flawless and reliable condition. The operator is responsible for the trouble-free operation of the instrument. When measuring aggressive or corrosive media that can cause a dangerous situation if the instrument malfunctions, the operator has to implement suitable measures to make sure the instrument is functioning properly.

The safety instructions in this operating instructions manual, the national installation standards as well as the valid safety regulations and accident prevention rules must be observed by the user.

For safety and warranty reasons, any invasive work on the device beyond that described in the operating instructions manual may be carried out only by personnel authorised by the manufacturer. Arbitrary conversions or modifications are explicitly forbidden. For safety reasons, only the accessory specified by the manufacturer must be used.

To avoid any danger, the safety approval markings and safety tips on the device must also be observed.

2.5 Conformity

The device complies with the legal requirements of the applicable country-specific directives or technical regulations. We confirm conformity with the corresponding labelling.



The corresponding conformity declarations can be found on our homepage.

2.6 NAMUR recommendations

NAMUR is the automation technology user association in the process industry in Germany. The published NAMUR recommendations are accepted as the standard in field instrumentation.

The device fulfils the requirements of the following NAMUR recommendations:

- NE 21 Electromagnetic compatibility of equipment
- NE 43 Signal level for fault information from measuring transducers
- NE 53 Compatibility of field devices and display/adjustment components

For further information see www.namur.de.

2.7 Installation and operation in the USA and Canada

This information is only valid for USA and Canada. Hence the following text is only available in the English language.

Installations in the US shall comply with the relevant requirements of the National Electrical Code (NEC - NFPA 70) (USA).

Installations in Canada shall comply with the relevant requirements of the Canadian Electrical Code (CEC Par I) (Canada).

2.8 Safety instructions for Ex areas

For applications in explosion-proof areas (Ex), only devices with corresponding Ex approval may be used. Observe the Ex-specific safety instructions. These are an integral part of the operating instructions and are enclosed with every device with Ex approval.

2.9 Environmental instructions

Protection of the environment is one of our most important duties. That is why we have introduced an environment management system with the goal of continuously improving company environmental protection. The environment management system is certified according to DIN EN ISO 14001.

Please help us fulfil this obligation by observing the environmental instructions in this manual:

- Chapter " Packaging, transport and storage"
- Chapter " Disposal"



Scope of delivery

3 Product description

3.1 Configuration

The scope of delivery encompasses:

Level sensor VEGACAL 69

The further scope of delivery encompasses:

- Documentation
 - Operating instructions VEGACAL 69
 - Safety Manual (SIL)
 - Instructions for optional instrument features
 - Ex-specific " Safety instructions" (with Ex versions)
 - If necessary, further certificates

Information:

Optional instrument features are also described in this operating instructions manual. The respective scope of delivery results from the order specification.

Scope of this operating instructions

- This operating instructions manual applies to the following instrument versions:
 - Hardware from 1.0.0
 - Software from 1.3.0
 - Only for instrument versions without SIL qualification

Constituent parts

The VEGACAL 69 consists of the components:

- Process fitting with probe
- Housing with electronics
- Housing cover, optionally available with display and adjustment module

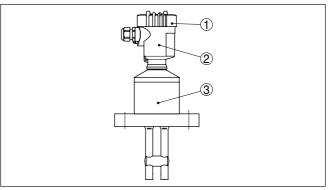


Fig. 1: VEGACAL 69 - double rod probe with plastic housing

- 1 Housing lid with integrated display and adjustment module (optional)
- 2 Housing with electronics
- 3 Process fitting



Type label

The type label contains the most important data for identification and use of the instrument:

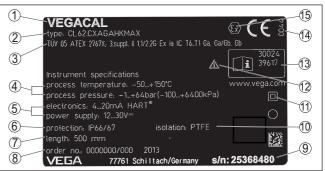


Fig. 2: Layout of the type label (example)

- 1 Instrument type
- 2 Product code
- 3 Approvals
- 4 Process and ambient temperature, process pressure
- 5 Power supply and signal output, electronics
- 6 Protection rating
- 7 Probe length
- 8 Order number
- 9 Serial number of the instrument
- 10 Material wetted parts
- 11 Symbol of the device protection class
- 12 Reminder to observe the instrument documentation
- 13 ID numbers, instrument documentation
- 14 Notified authority for CE marking
- 15 Approval directives

With the serial number, you can access the delivery data of the instrument via "<u>www.vega.com</u>", "*Search*". You can find the serial number on the inside of the instrument as well as on the type label on the outside.

Serial number - Instrument search

- **ru-** The type label contains the serial number of the instrument. With it you can find the following instrument data on our homepage:
 - Product code (HTML)
 - Delivery date (HTML)
 - Order-specific instrument features (HTML)
 - Operating instructions and quick setup guide at the time of shipment (PDF)
 - Test certificate (PDF) optional

Move to "www.vega.com" and enter in the search field the serial number of your instrument.

Alternatively, you can access the data via your smartphone:

- Download the VEGA Tools app from the "Apple App Store" or the "Google Play Store"
- Scan the QR-code on the type label of the device or
- Enter the serial number manually in the app



Application area

3.2 Principle of operation

VEGACAL 69 is a level sensor for continuous level measurement of liquids in non-conductive vessels or of corrosive liquids.

The double rod probe is fully insulated and highly resistant.

Probes and measured product form an electrical capacitor. The capacitance is influenced by three main factors.

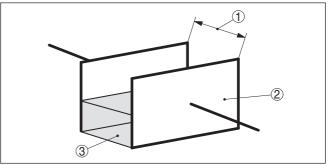


Fig. 3: Functional principle - Plate capacitor

- 1 Distance between the electrode surfaces
- 2 Size of the electrode surfaces
- 3 Type of dielectric between the electrodes

The two probes are the capacitor plates. The measured product is the dielectric. Due to the higher dielectric constant of the product compared to air, the capacitance increases as the material gradually covers the probe.

The capacitance as well as the resistance change are converted by the electronics module into a level-proportional signal.

Voltage supply

4 ... 20 mA/HART two-wire electronics for voltage supply and measured value transmission on the same cable.

The supply voltage range can differ depending on the instrument version.

The data for power supply are specified in chapter " Technical data".

The backlight of the display and adjustment module is powered by the sensor. The prerequisite for this is a supply voltage at a certain level. The exact voltage specifications are stated in chapter "*Technical data*".

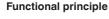
The optional heating requires its own voltage supply. You can find further details in the supplementary instructions manual " *Heating for display and adjustment module*".

This function is generally not available for approved instruments.

3.3 Adjustment

The instrument can be adjusted with the following adjustment media:

• With the display and adjustment module





	 with the suitable VEGA DTM in conjunction with an adjustment software according to the FDT/DTM standard, e.g. PACTware and PC
	 With manufacturer-specific adjustment programs AMS[™] or PDM With a HART handheld
	3.4 Packaging, transport and storage
Packaging	Your instrument was protected by packaging during transport. Its capacity to handle normal loads during transport is assured by a test based on ISO 4180.
	The packaging of standard instruments consists of environment- friendly, recyclable cardboard. For special versions, PE foam or PE foil is also used. Dispose of the packaging material via specialised recycling companies.
Transport	Transport must be carried out in due consideration of the notes on the transport packaging. Nonobservance of these instructions can cause damage to the device.
Transport inspection	The delivery must be checked for completeness and possible transit damage immediately at receipt. Ascertained transit damage or concealed defects must be appropriately dealt with.
Storage	Up to the time of installation, the packages must be left closed and stored according to the orientation and storage markings on the outside.
	Unless otherwise indicated, the packages must be stored only under the following conditions:
	Not in the openDry and dust free
	Not exposed to corrosive media
	Protected against solar radiationAvoiding mechanical shock and vibration
Storage and transport temperature	 Storage and transport temperature see chapter " <i>Supplement - Technical data - Ambient conditions</i>" Relative moisture 20 85 %
Lifting and carrying	With instrument weights of more than 18 kg (39.68 lbs) suitable and approved equipment must be used for lifting and carrying.
	3.5 Accessories
	The instructions for the listed accessories can be found in the down- load area on our homepage.
Display and adjustment module	The display and adjustment module is used for measured value indi- cation, adjustment and diagnosis.
	The integrated Bluetooth module (optional) enables wireless adjust- ment via standard adjustment devices.



VEGACONNECT	The interface adapter VEGACONNECT enables the connection of communication-capable instruments to the USB interface of a PC.
VEGADIS 81	The VEGADIS 81 is an external display and adjustment unit for VEGA $\ensuremath{plics}\xspace^{\otimes}$ sensors.
VEGADIS 82	VEGADIS 82 is suitable for measured value indication and adjustment of sensors with HART protocol. It is looped into the 4 20 mA/HART signal cable.
PLICSMOBILE T81	The PLICSMOBILE T81 is an external GSM/GPRS/UMTS radio unit for transmission of measured values and for remote parameter adjustment of HART sensors.
External housing	If the standard sensor housing is too big or in case of strong vibra- tions, an external housing can be used.
	Then the sensor housing is made of stainless steel. The electronics is located in the external housing which can be mounted in a distance of up to 10 m (32.8 ft) to the sensor by using a connection cable.

Three different external sensor housings are available.

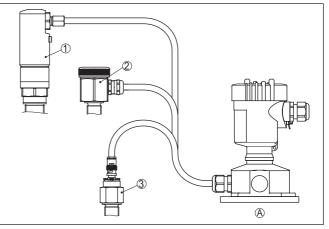


Fig. 4: External housing

A Instrument housing

- 1 Sensor housing, stainless steel (316L), IP68 (10 bar)
- 2 Sensor housing, stainless steel (316L), IP67
- 3 Sensor housing, stainless steel (316L), BNC plug IP54

Protective cover

Flanges

The protective cover protects the sensor housing against soiling and intense heat from solar radiation.

Screwed flanges are available in different versions according to the following standards: DIN 2501, EN 1092-1, BS 10, ASME B 16.5, JIS B 2210-1984, GOST 12821-80.



4 Mounting

4.1 General instructions

Process conditions



Note:

For safety reasons, the instrument must only be operated within the permissible process conditions. You can find detailed information on the process conditions in chapter "*Technical data*" of the operating instructions or on the type label.

Hence make sure before mounting that all parts of the instrument exposed to the process are suitable for the existing process conditions.

These are mainly:

- Active measuring component
- Process fitting
- Process seal

Process conditions in particular are:

- Process pressure
- Process temperature
- Chemical properties of the medium
- Abrasion and mechanical influences

Installation position	Select an installation position you can easily reach for mounting and connecting as well as later retrofitting of a display and adjustment module. The housing can be rotated by 330° without the use of any tools. You can also install the display and adjustment module in four different positions (each displaced by 90°).
Screwing in	Devices with threaded fitting are screwed into the process fitting with a suitable wrench via the hexagon. See chapter " <i>Dimensions</i> " for wrench size.
\wedge	Warning: The housing or the electrical connection may not be used for screw- ing in! Depending on the device version, tightening can cause dam- age, e. g. to the rotation mechanism of the housing.
Welding work	Before beginning the welding work, remove the electronics module from the sensor. By doing this, you avoid damage to the electronics through inductive coupling.
	Ground the probe before welding directly on the rod or cable.
Protection against mois- ture	Use the recommended cables (see chapter " <i>Connecting to power supply</i> ") and tighten the cable gland.
	You can give your instrument additional protection against moisture penetration by leading the connection cable downward in front of the cable gland. Rain and condensation water can thus drain off. This applies mainly to outdoor mounting as well as installation in areas where high humidity is expected (e.g. through cleaning processes) or on cooled or heated vessels.



To maintain the housing protection, make sure that the housing lid is closed during operation and locked, if necessary.

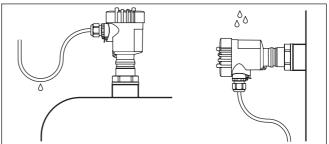


Fig. 5: Measures against moisture ingress

 Pressure/Vacuum
 The process fitting must be sealed if there is gauge or low pressure in the vessel. Before use, check if the sealing material is resistant against the measured product and the process temperature.

The max. permissible pressure is specified in chapter "*Technical data*" or on the type label of the sensor.

Metric threads

In the case of instrument housings with metric thread, the cable glands are screwed in at the factory. They are sealed with plastic plugs as transport protection.

You have to remove these plugs before electrical connection.

NPT thread

In the case of instrument housings with self-sealing NPT threads, it is not possible to have the cable entries screwed in at the factory. The free openings for the cable glands are therefore covered with red dust protection caps as transport protection.

Prior to setup you have to replace these protective caps with approved cable glands or close the openings with suitable blind plugs.

4.2 Mounting instructions

Inflowing medium

Cable entries - NPT

thread

Cable glands

If the instrument is mounted in the filling stream, unwanted false measurement signals can be generated. For this reason, mount the instrument at a position in the vessel where no disturbances, e.g. from filling openings, agitators, etc., can occur.

This applies particularly to instrument versions with a longer probe.



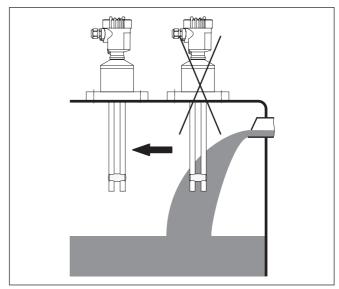


Fig. 6: Inflowing medium



Safety instructions

5 Connecting to power supply

5.1 Preparing the connection

Always keep in mind the following safety instructions:

- Carry out electrical connection by trained, qualified personnel authorised by the plant operator
- If overvoltage surges are expected, overvoltage arresters should be installed



Warning:

Only connect or disconnect in de-energized state.

Voltage supply	Power supply and current signal are carried on the same two-wire cable. The operating voltage can differ depending on the instrument version.
	The data for power supply are specified in chapter " Technical data".
	Provide a reliable separation between the supply circuit and the mains circuits according to DIN EN 61140 VDE 0140-1.
	Power the instrument via an energy-limited circuit acc. to IEC 61010- 1, e.g. via Class 2 power supply unit.
	Keep in mind the following additional factors that influence the operat- ing voltage:
	 Lower output voltage of the power supply unit under nominal load (e.g. with a sensor current of 20.5 mA or 22 mA in case of fault signal)
	 Influence of additional instruments in the circuit (see load values in chapter " Technical data")
Connection cable	The instrument is connected with standard two-wire cable without shielding. If electromagnetic interference is expected which is above the test values of EN 61326-1 for industrial areas, shielded cable should be used.
	Use cable with round cross section for instruments with housing and cable gland. Use a cable gland suitable for the cable diameter to ensure the seal effect of the cable gland (IP protection rating).
	We generally recommend the use of shielded cable for HART multidrop mode.
Cable glands	Metric threads: In the case of instrument housings with metric thread, the cable glands are screwed in at the factory. They are sealed with plastic plugs as transport protection.
	Note: You have to remove these plugs before electrical connection.
	NPT thread: In the case of instrument housings with self-sealing NPT threads, it is not possible to have the cable entries screwed in at the factory. The



free openings for the cable glands are therefore covered with red dust protection caps as transport protection.



Note:

Prior to setup you have to replace these protective caps with approved cable glands or close the openings with suitable blind plugs.

On plastic housings, the NPT cable gland or the Conduit steel tube must be screwed into the threaded insert without grease.

Max. torque for all housings, see chapter " Technical data".

Cable screening and grounding

If shielded cable is required, we recommend connecting the cable screening on both ends to ground potential. In the sensor, the cable screening is connected directly to the internal ground terminal. The ground terminal on the outside of the housing must be connected to the ground potential (low impedance).



In Ex systems, the grounding is carried out according to the installation regulations.

In electroplating plants as well as plants for cathodic corrosion protection it must be taken into account that significant potential differences exist. This can lead to unacceptably high currents in the cable screen if it is grounded at both ends.



Note:

The metallic parts of the instrument (process fitting, sensor, concentric tube, etc.) are connected with the internal and external ground terminal on the housing. This connection exists either directly via the conductive metallic parts or, in case of instruments with external electronics, via the screen of the special connection cable.

You can find specifications on the potential connections inside the instrument in chapter " *Technical data*".

5.2 Connection procedure

Proceed as follows:

- 1. Unscrew the housing lid
- 2. If a display and adjustment module is installed, remove it by turning it to the left
- 3. Loosen compression nut of the cable gland and remove blind plug
- 4. Remove approx. 10 cm (4 in) of the cable mantle, strip approx. 1 cm (0.4 in) of insulation from the ends of the individual wires
- 5. Insert the cable into the sensor through the cable entry
- Lift the opening levers of the terminals with a screwdriver (see following illustration)
- 7. Insert the wire ends into the open terminals according to the wiring plan





Fig. 7: Connection steps 6 and 7

- 8. Press down the opening levers of the terminals, you will hear the terminal spring closing
- 9. Check the hold of the wires in the terminals by lightly pulling on them
- 10. Connect the shielding to the internal ground terminal, connect the external ground terminal to potential equalisation
- 11. Tighten the compression nut of the cable entry gland. The seal ring must completely encircle the cable
- 12. Screw the housing lid back on

The electrical connection is finished.

5.3 Wiring plan - single chamber housing



The following illustrations apply to the non-Ex as well as to the Ex-ia version.

Housing overview

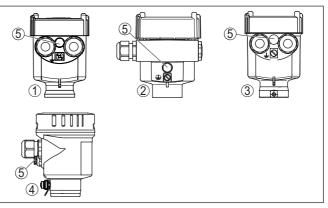


Fig. 8: Material versions, single chamber housing

- 1 Plastic
- 2 Aluminium
- 3 Stainless steel (precision casting)
- 4 Stainless steel (electro-polished)
- 5 Filter element for air pressure compensation of all material versions. Blind plug with version IP66/IP68 (1 bar) for Aluminium and stainless steel



Electronics and connection compartment

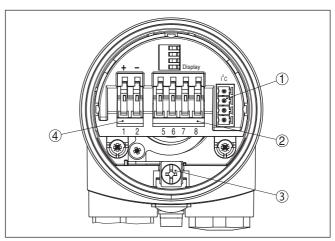


Fig. 9: Electronics and connection compartment - single chamber housing

- 1 Plug connector for VEGACONNECT (I²C interface)
- 2 Spring-loaded terminals for connection of the external indication VEGADIS 81
- 3 Ground terminal for connection of the cable screening
- 4 Spring-loaded terminals for voltage supply

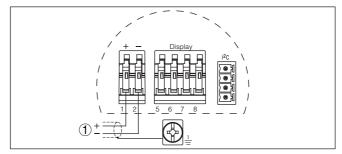


Fig. 10: Wiring plan - single chamber housing

1 Voltage supply, signal output

5.4 Wiring plan - double chamber housing



The following illustrations apply to the non-Ex as well as to the Ex-ia version.

Wiring plan



Housing overview

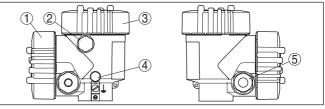


Fig. 11: Double chamber housing

- 1 Housing cover connection compartment
- 2 Blind plug or M12 x 1 connection plug VEGADIS 81 (optional)
- 3 Housing cover electronics compartment
- 4 Filter element for air pressure compensation
- 5 Cable gland

Electronics compartment

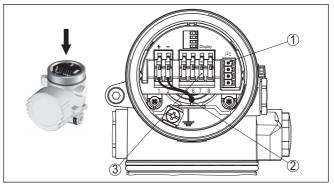


Fig. 12: Electronics compartment - double chamber housing

- 1 Plug connector for VEGACONNECT (I²C interface)
- 2 Internal connection cable to the connection compartment
- 3 Terminals for VEGADIS 81

Connection compartment

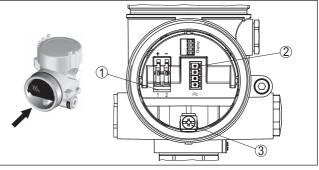


Fig. 13: Connection compartment - double chamber housing

- 1 Spring-loaded terminals for voltage supply
- 2 Plug connector for service (I²C interface)
- 3 Ground terminal for connection of the cable screening



Wiring plan

Housing overview

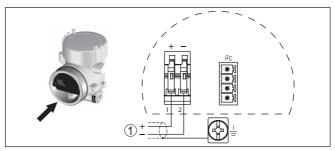


Fig. 14: Wiring plan - double chamber housing

1 Voltage supply, signal output

5.5 Wiring plan - Ex d double chamber housing

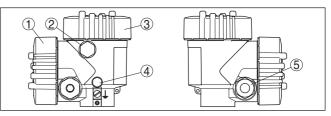


Fig. 15: Double chamber housing

- 1 Housing cover connection compartment
- 2 Blind plug or M12 x 1 connection plug VEGADIS 81 (optional)
- 3 Housing cover electronics compartment
- 4 Filter element for air pressure compensation
- 5 Cable gland

Electronics compartment

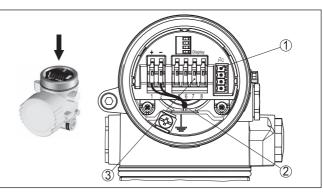


Fig. 16: Electronics compartment - double chamber housing

- 1 Plug connector for VEGACONNECT (I²C interface)
- 2 Internal connection cable to the connection compartment
- 3 Terminals for VEGADIS 81



Connection compartment

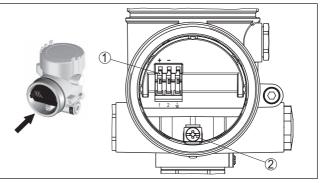


Fig. 17: Connection compartment - Ex d ia double chamber housing

- 1 Spring-loaded terminals for power supply and cable screen
- 2 Ground terminal for connection of the cable screening

Wiring plan

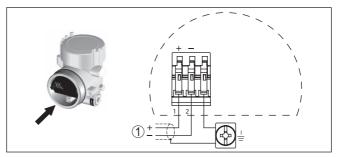


Fig. 18: Wiring plan - Ex d ia double chamber housing

1 Voltage supply, signal output

5.6 Wiring plan - version IP66/IP68 (1 bar)

Wire assignment, connection cable

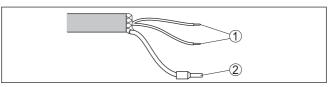


Fig. 19: Wire assignment, connection cable

- 1 Brown (+) and blue (-) to power supply or to the processing system
- 2 Shielding



6 Set up with the display and adjustment module PLICSCOM

6.1 Short description

Function/Configuration

The display and adjustment module is used for measured value display, adjustment and diagnosis. It can be mounted in the following housing versions and instruments:

- All sensors of the plics[®] instrument family, in the single as well as in the double chamber housing (optionally in the electronics or connection compartment)
- External display and adjustment unit VEGADIS 61

6.2 Insert display and adjustment module

Mount/dismount display and adjustment module

The display and adjustment module can be inserted into the sensor and removed again at any time. It is not necessary to interrupt the voltage supply.

Proceed as follows:

- 1. Unscrew the housing lid
- Place the display and adjustment module in the desired position on the electronics (four positions in 90° offset can be selected) and turn to the right until it clicks into place.
- 3. Screw housing lid with inspection window tightly back on

Disassembly is carried out in reverse order.

The display and adjustment module is powered by the sensor, an additional connection is not necessary.



Fig. 20: Insert display and adjustment module in the single chamber housing



• Note: I If you

If you intend to retrofit the instrument with a display and adjustment module for continuous measured value indication, a higher lid with an inspection glass is required.

6.3 Adjustment system

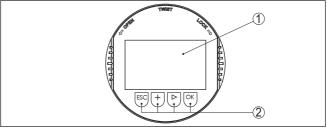


Fig. 21: Display and adjustment elements

- 1 LC display
- 2 Indication of the menu item number
- 3 Adjustment keys

Key functions

- *[OK]* key:
 - Move to the menu overview
 - Confirm selected menu
 - Edit parameter
 - Save value
- [->] key to select:
 - Menu change
 - Select list entry
 - Select editing position
- [+] key:
 - Change value of the parameter
- [ESC] key:
 - Interrupt input
 - Jump to next higher menu

Adjustment system The instrument is operated via the four keys of the display and adjustment module. The individual menu items are shown on the LC display. You can find the function of the individual keys in the previous illustration.

Time functions When the *[+]* and *[->]* keys are pressed quickly, the edited value, or the cursor, changes one value or position at a time. If the key is pressed longer than 1 s, the value or position changes continuously.

When the *[OK]* and *[ESC]* keys are pressed simultaneously for more than 5 s, the display returns to the main menu. The menu language is then switched over to " *English*".



Approx. 60 minutes after the last pressing of a key, an automatic reset to measured value indication is triggered. Any values not confirmed with [OK] will not be saved.

	6.4	Setup steps
Switch-on phase		connecting VEGACAL 69 to power supply or after a voltage rence, the instrument carries out a self-check for approx. 30 nds:
	 Inc so Out 	ernal check of the electronics dication of the instrument type, the firmware as well as the sen- r TAGs (sensor designation) utput signal jumps briefly (approx. 10 seconds) to the set fault rrent
	corres	the corresponding current is output to the cable (the value sponds to the actual level as well as the settings already carried .g. factory setting).
Address setting HART multidrop	must will fir	RT-Multidrop mode (several sensors on one input) the address be set before continuing with the parameter adjustment. You ad a detailed description in the operating instructions manual " ay and adjustment module" or in the online help of PACTware or
	HART	T mode
		Standard
		Address 0
Parameter adjustment	displa capac	CAL 69 measures the capacitance of the respective product. To by the actual level of the product, an allocation of the measured citance to the percentage height must be carried out. For this tment, the capacitance is entered with emptied and filled vessel.
	the ac and 9	vessel cannot be emptied or filled completely, you can carry out djustment also with two known levels - for example with 10 % 0 %. The difference between the empty and full adjustment s should be as large as possible.
	The a	ctual level can then be calculated on the basis of these settings.
		ACAL 69 must be installed. A change of level is necessary for djustment.

In the main menu item " Basic adjustment", the individual submenu items should be selected one after the other and provided with the correct parameter values.



Tip:

If the display and adjustment module remains on the probe as a display, we recommend saving the sensor data in the display and adjustment module.

Use the function "Copy sensor data".



Start your parameter adjustment with the following menu items of the basic adjustment:

Carry out min. adjustment To be on the safe side, note the adjustment values for full and empty. If an adjustment procedure fails, it is not necessary to again carry out a level change.

These values can be helpful if the electronics has to be exchanged.

	%	Value
Empty adjustment		
Full adjustment		

Tab. 1: Adjustment protocol

Tip:

For min. adjustment the vessel should be as empty as possible, and for max. adjustment, as full as possible. If the vessel is already full, start with max. adjustment.

Note:

If possible, the vessel should be as empty as possible for min. adjustment.

Proceed as follows:

1. Move from the measured value display to the main menu by pushing [OK].



 Select the menu item " Basic adjustment" with [->] and confirm with [OK]. Now the menu item " Min. adjustment" is displayed.



 Prepare the adjustment value for editing with [OK]. Move to the selection window with [OK].



4. Accept the current measured value or move to the editing window with "Edit". To edit, set the cursor to the requested position with



[->]. Set the requested % value with [+] and save with [OK]. The cursor jumps to the capacitance value.

- 5. Enter the current capacitance value in pF (displayed below) for the empty vessel corresponding to the percentage value.
- Save the settings with [OK] and move to "Max. adjustment" with [->].

Carry out max. adjustment Fill the vessel to the highest possible level.

Note:

For max. adjustment, the vessel should be as full as possible. This will make the calibration more accurate.

Proceed as follows:

Max. adjustment	
100.00 %	
=	
1000 pF	
327.4 pF	

1. Prepare the adjustment value for editing with *[OK]*. Move to the selection window with *[OK]*.



- Accept the current measured value or move to the editing window with "Edit". To edit, set the cursor to the requested position with [->]. Set the requested % value with [+] and save with [OK]. The cursor jumps to the capacitance value.
- 3. Enter the current capacitance value in pF (displayed below) for the full vessel corresponding to the percentage value.
- 4. Save the settings with [OK].

Basic adjustment - Damping
To suppress fluctuations in the measured value display, e. g. caused by an agitated medium surface, a damping can be set. This time can be between 0 and 999 seconds. Keep in mind that the reaction time of the entire measurement will then be longer and the sensor will react to measured value changes with a delay. In general, a period of a few seconds is sufficient to smooth the measured value display.

_			
	Damping		
		0 s	
_			

Enter the requested parameters via the appropriate keys, save your settings and jump to the next menu item with the *[->]* key.



Basic adjustment - Linearization curve

A linearization is necessary for all vessels in which the vessel volume does not increase linearly with the level - e.g. a horizontal cylindrical or spherical tank - and the indication or output of the volume is required. Corresponding linearization curves are preprogrammed for these vessels. They represent the correlation between the level percentage and vessel volume.

The linearisation applies to the measured value indication and the current output. By activating the appropriate curve, the volume percentage of the vessel is displayed correctly. If the volume should not be displayed in percent but e.g. in I or kg, a scaling can be also set in the menu item " *Display*".

Linearisation curve
Linear

Enter the requested parameters via the appropriate keys, save your settings and jump to the next menu item with the *[->]* key.



Caution:

Note the following if the VEGACAL 69 with corresponding approval is used as part of an overfill protection system according to WHG (Water Resources Act):

If a linearisation curve is selected, the measuring signal is no longer necessarily linear to the filling height. This must be considered by the user especially when setting the switching point on the level switch.

Basic adjustment - Sensor TAG

In this menu item you can enter an unambiguous designation for the sensor, e.g. the measurement loop name or the tank or product designation. In digital systems and in the documentation of larger plants, a singular designation should be entered for exact identification of individual measuring points.

Sensor-T/	AG
	Sensor

With this menu item, the Basic adjustment is finished and you can now jump to the main menu with the *[ESC]* key.

Display - Indicated value

In the menu item " *Display*" you can define how the measured value should be presented on the display.

The following indication values are available:

- Height
- Distance
- Current
- Scaled
- Percent



Lin. percent

The selection " scaled" opens the menu items " Display unit" and " Scaling". In " Display unit" there are the following options:

- Height
- Ground
- Flow
- Volume
- Without unit

Depending on selection, the different units are in turn available.

In the menu item " Scaling", the requested numerical value with decimal point is entered for 0 % and 100 % of the measured value.

There is the following relationship between the indication value in the menu " Display" and the adjustment unit in the menu " Device settings":

 Indication value " Distance": Presentation of the measured value in the selected adjustment unit, e.g. m(d).

Displayed value
Scaled -
)
Display unit
Volume 🛏
1-
2 1
Scaling
0 % = 0.0 l
100 % = 100.0 l

Display - Backlight A background lighting integrated by default can be adjusted via the

adjustment menu. The function depends on the height of the supply voltage. See " Technical data/Voltage supply".

To maintain the function of the device, the lighting is temporarily switched off if the power supply is insufficient.



In the default setting, the lightning is switched off.



Diagnosis - Peak indica- tor	The respective min. and max. measured values are saved in the sen- sor. The values are displayed in the menu item " <i>Peak indicator</i> ". Min. and max. distance in m(d) Min. and max. temperature
Diagnostics - Device status	The instrument status is displayed in this menu item. If no failure is detected by the sensor, " OK " will be displayed. If a failure is detected, there will be a sensor-specific flashing fault signal, for example " $E013$ ". The failure is also displayed in clear text, for example " No measured value available".
i	Information: The fault message as well as the clear text indication are also carried out in the measured value display.
	Measurement reliability Device status
Trend recording	Up to 3000 measured values are recorded (depending on the sensor) when starting a " Trend curve ". Then the values can be displayed on a time axis. The oldest measured values are always deleted.
	The measured values displayed are in the unit pF.
	Trend recording Presentation of the trend curve
i	Information: The trend recording is not activated when being shipped. It must be started by the user via the menu item " <i>Start trend curve</i> ".
Service - Current output	In the menu item " <i>Current output</i> " you determine the behaviour of the current output during operation and in case of failure. The following options are available:
	Current output



Failure mode 1)	Hold value
	20.5 mA
	22 mA
	< 3.6 mA
Min. current 2)	3.8 mA
	4 mA
Max. current 3)	20 mA
	20.5 mA

The values in bold font represent the data of the factory setting.

In HART multidrop mode, the current is constantly 4 mA. This value does not change even in case of failure.

Current output	
Characteristic: 4-20 mA 🛌	
Failure mode: 22 mA 🕨	
Min. current 3.8 mA 🛏	

Service - Simulation In this menu item via the current ou

In this menu item you simulate a user-defined level or pressure value via the current output. This allows you to test the signal path, e.g. through connected indicating instruments or the input card of the control system.

The following simulation variables are available:

- Percent
- Current
- Pressure (with pressure transmitters)
- Distance (with radar and guided radar (GWR))

With Profibus PA sensors, the selection of the simulated value is made via the "Channel" in the menu " *Basic adjustments*".

How to start the simulation:

- 1. Push [OK]
- 2. Select the requested simulation variable with *[->]* and confirm with *[OK]*.
- 3. Set the requested numerical value with [+] and [->].
- 4. Push [OK]

The simulation is now running, with 4 ... 20 mA/HART a current is output and with Profibus PA or Foundation Fieldbus a digital value.

How to interrupt the simulation:

→ Push [ESC]

- ¹⁾ Value of the current output in case of failure, e.g. if no valid measured value is delivered.
- ²⁾ This value is not underrun during operation.
- ³⁾ This value is not exceeded during operation.



Information: The simulation

The simulation is automatically terminated 10 minutes after the last pressing of a key.

_	
	Simulation
	Start simulation?

Reset

Basic adjustment

If the function " *Reset*" is carried out, the sensor resets all settings to default.

The following values will be reset:

Function	Reset value
Max. adjustment	3000 pF
Min. adjustment	0 pF
Damping ti	0 s
Linearisation	Linear
Sensor-TAG	Sensor
Display	%
Current output - characteristics	4 20 mA
Current output - max. current	20.5 mA
Current output - min. current	3.8 mA
Current output - failure	< 3.6 mA

Special parameters

All special parameters are reset to delivery status.

Peak indicator

The min. and max. values are reset to the actual value.

Service - Language

The sensor is already set to the ordered national language. In this menu item you can change the language. The following languages are available as of software version 3.50:

- Deutsch
- English
- Français
- Espanől
- Pycckuu
- Italiano
- Netherlands
- Japanese
- Chinese



Language	
German	

Service - HART mode HART offers standard and multidrop mode.

The mode "standard" with the fixed address 0 means outputting the measured value as a 4 ... 20 mA signal.

In Multidrop mode, up to 15 sensors can be operated on one two-wire cable. An address between 1 and 15 must be assigned to each sensor. $^{\rm 4)}$

In this menu item you determine the HART mode and enter the address for multidrop.

-	
	HART mode
	Standard
	otandard
	Address 0

The default setting is standard with address 0.

Copy sensor data

With this function

- Load parameter adjustment data from the sensor into the display and adjustment module
- Write parameter adjustment data from the display and adjustment module into the sensor

The data are permanently saved in an EEPROM memory in the display and adjustment module and remain there even in case of power failure. From there, they can be written into one or several sensors or kept as backup for a possible sensor exchange.

The type and the volume of the copied data depend on the respective sensor.

Information:

Before data are written into the sensor, a check is carried out to determine whether the data fit the sensor. If the data do not fit, a fault signal is triggered or the function is blocked. When writing data into the sensor, you will see which instrument type the data originate from and which TAG number this sensor had.

The following items are checked:

- Software version
- WHG approval
- SIL activated
- Measuring principle
- ⁴⁾ The 4 ... 20 mA signal of the sensor is switched off. The sensor uses a constant current of 4 mA. The measuring signal is transmitted exclusively as a digital HART signal.



Signal output



Service - PIN

In this menu item, the PIN is activated/deactivated permanently. Entering a 4-digit PIN protects the sensor data against unauthorized access and unintentional modifications. If the PIN is activated permanently, it can be deactivated temporarily (i.e. for approx. 60 min.) in any menu item. The instrument is delivered with the PIN set to 0000.



Only the following functions are permitted with activated PIN:

- Select menu items and show data
- Read data from the sensor into the display and adjustment module

In this menu item the most important sensor information can be displayed:

- Instrument type
- Serial number: 8-digit number, e.g. 12345678

Instrument type	
Serial number	

- Date of manufacture: Date of the factory calibration
- Software version: Edition of the sensor software

Date of manufacture	
Software version	

 Date of last change using PC: Date of the last change of sensor parameters via PC

Info





• Sensor details, e.g. approval, process fitting, seal, measuring cell, measuring range, electronics, housing, cable entry, plug, cable length etc.

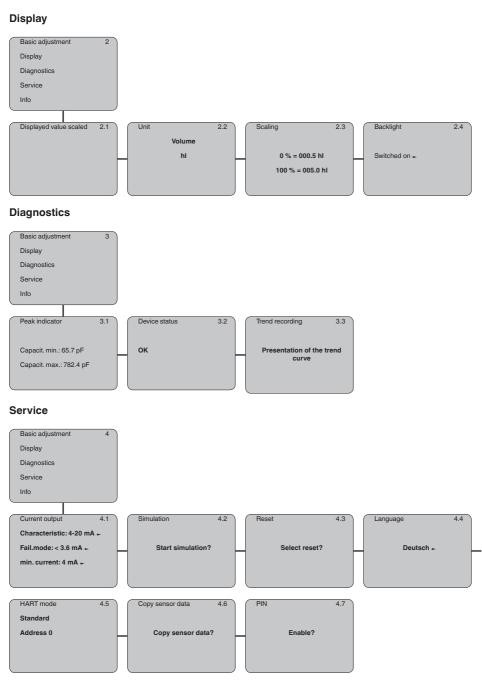
Sensor characteristics
Display now?

6.5 Menu schematic



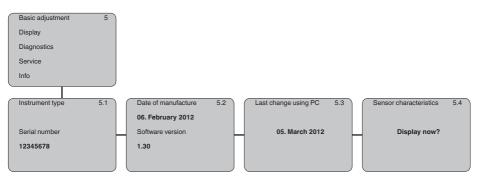
Basic adjustment







Info



6.6 Saving the parameterisation data

On paper	We recommended writing down the adjustment data, e.g. in this op-
	erating instructions manual, and archiving them afterwards. They are
	thus available for multiple use or service purposes.

In the display and adjustment module If the instrument is equipped with a display and adjustment module, the parameter adjustment data can be saved in it. The data remain permanently stored there even if the sensor supply fails. The procedure is described in menu item " *Copy sensor data*".



on the sensor

VEGACONNECT directly

7 Set up with PACTware and other adjustment programs

7.1 Connect the PC

Fig. 22: Connection of the PC directly to the sensor via the interface adapter VEGACONNECT

- 1 USB cable to the PC
- 2 Interface adapter VEGACONNECT
- 3 Sensor

VEGACONNECT externally

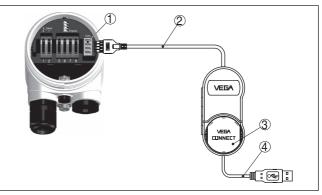


Fig. 23: Connection via interface adapter VEGACONNECT external

- 1 I²C bus (com.) interface on the sensor
- 2 I²C connection cable of VEGACONNECT
- 3 Interface adapter VEGACONNECT
- 4 USB cable to the PC

Necessary components:

• VEGACAL 69



- PC with PACTware and suitable VEGA DTM
- VEGACONNECT
- Power supply unit or processing system

VEGACONNECT via HART

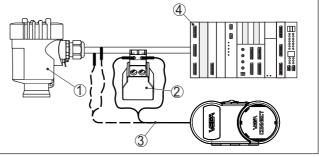


Fig. 24: Connecting the PC via HART to the signal cable

- 1 VEGACAL 69
- 2 HART resistance 250 Ω (optional depending on evaluation)
- 3 Connection cable with 2 mm pins and terminals
- 4 Processing system/PLC/Voltage supply

Necessary components:

- VEGACAL 69
- PC with PACTware and suitable VEGA DTM
- Interface adapter VEGACONNECT
- HART resistance approx. 250 Ω
- Power supply unit or processing system

• Note: With p

With power supply units with integrated HART resistance (internal resistance approx. 250Ω), an additional external resistance is not necessary. This applies, e. g. to the VEGA instruments VEGATRENN 149A, VEGADIS 371, VEGAMET 381. Common Ex separators are also usually equipped with a sufficient current limitation resistance. In such cases, VEGACONNECT 4 can be connected parallel to the 4 ... 20 mA cable.

7.2 Parameter adjustment with PACTware

For parameter adjustment of the instrument via a Windows PC, the configuration software PACTware and a suitable instrument driver (DTM) according to FDT standard are required. The latest PACTware version as well as all available DTMs are compiled in a DTM Collection. The DTMs can also be integrated into other frame applications according to FDT standard.

Note:

To ensure that all instrument functions are supported, you should always use the latest DTM Collection. Furthermore, not all described functions are included in older firmware versions. You can download the latest instrument software from our homepage. A description of the update procedure is also available in the Internet.

Prereauisites



Further setup steps are described in the operating instructions manual " *DTM Collection/PACTware*" attached to each DTM Collection and which can also be downloaded from the Internet. Detailed descriptions are available in the online help of PACTware and the DTMs.

🤨 Sensor Parametrieru	ing	4 ▷ ×	
-			
Device name Description: Measurement	Radar sensor for continu loop name: Sensor	ious level measurement with horn antenna	
🗖 • 😓 🔦 • 🔤	• 👔 •		
 ⇒ Setup Application Min./max. adjustmer > Danging > Current output ⊕ Display ⊕ Display	Min/mex. adjustment	7	
Software version			
Serial number	Max. adjustment in percen Distance A (max. adjustme		
OFFLINE	Min. adjustment in percent Distance B (min. adjustmer		
OK Cancel Apply			
Disconnected	Data set	Administrator	
(1) * (1)	DNAME> Administrator		

Fig. 25: Example of a DTM view

Standard/Full versionAll device DTMs are available as a free-of-charge standard version
and as a full version that must be purchased. In the standard version,
all functions for complete setup are already included. An assistant for
simple project configuration simplifies the adjustment considerably.
Saving/printing the project as well as import/export functions are also
part of the standard version.

In the full version there is also an extended print function for complete project documentation as well as a save function for measured value and echo curves. In addition, there is a tank calculation program as well as a multiviewer for display and analysis of the saved measured value and echo curves.

The standard version is available as a download under <u>www.vega.com/downloads</u>. The full version is available on CD from the agency serving you.

7.3 Parameter adjustment with AMS[™] and PDM

For VEGA sensors, instrument descriptions for the adjustment programs AMS[™] and PDM are available as DD or EDD. The instrument descriptions are already implemented in the current versions of AMS[™] and PDM.

For older versions of AMS[™] and PDM, a free-of-charge download is available via Internet. Move to <u>www.vega.com</u>.



7.4 Saving the parameterisation data

It is recommended to document or save the parameter adjustment data. That way they are available for multiple use or service purposes.

The VEGA DTM Collection and PACTware in the licensed, professional version provide suitable tools for systematic project documentation and storage.



8 Set up with smartphone/tablet/PC/ notebook via Bluetooth

8.1 Preparations

Make sure that the Bluetooth function of the display and adjustment module is activated. For this, the switch on the bottom side must be set to "On".

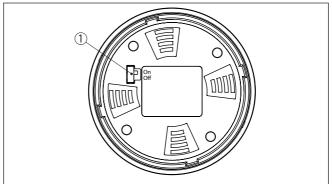


Fig. 26: Activate Bluetooth

1 Bluetooth switch On Bluetooth active Off Bluetooth not active

Change sensor PIN

The security concept of Bluetooth operation absolutely requires that the default setting of the sensor PIN be changed. This prevents unauthorized access to the sensor.

The default setting of the sensor PIN is " **0000**". First of all you have to change the sensor PIN in the adjustment menu of the respective sensor, e.g. to " **1111**".



Use " OK" to switch to the input menu.

$\left(\right)$	Basic adjustment
	Display
	Diagnostics
	Service
	Info
_	/
	PIN
	Deactivate permanently?



PIN 0000

Change the PIN, e.g. to " 1111".

PIN	1111
PIN	Deactivated

This permanently deactivates the PIN.

The display immediately changes to PIN activation.

Press " ESC" to cancel the activation of the PIN.

With " OK" you can enter and activate a PIN.



After the sensor PIN has been changed, sensor adjustment can be enabled again. For access (authentication) with Bluetooth, the modified PIN is still effective.



Information:

Bluetooth communication functions only if the actual sensor PIN differs from the default setting " **0000**".

8.2 Connecting

Preparations

Smartphone/Tablet

Start the adjustment app and select the function "Setup". The smartphone/tablet searches automatically for Bluetooth-capable instruments in the area.

PC/Notebook

Start PACTware and the VEGA project assistant. Select the device search via Bluetooth and start the search function. The device automatically searches for Bluetooth-capable devices in the vicinity.



Connecting	The message " <i>Searching</i> " is displayed. All found instruments will be listed in the adjustment window. The search is continued automatically.
	Select the requested instrument in the device list.
	The message " <i>Connecting</i> " is displayed.
Authenticate	For the first connection, the operating device and the sensor must authenticate each other. After successful authentication, the next con- nection functions without authentication.
	For authentication, enter in the next menu window the 4-digit sensor PIN.

8.3 Sensor parameter adjustment

The sensor parameterization is carried out via the adjustment app on the smartphone/tablet or the DTM on the PC/notebook.

Zurück VEGACAL	? < ⊵	lessstelle Füllstand	Min/MaxAbgleich	
14,103pF Sensor	70	weisung von Prozentwerten zur Distan		
Grundeinstellung	20	weisung von Prozentwerten zur Distant	•	
🍫 Grundeinstellung	>	MaxAbgleich =>	Füllstand A	
💇 Messstelle Füllstand	>			
Display		MinAbgleich 🖒	Füllstand B	
Display	>			
Diagnose V Diagnose		/axAbgleich 00,00 m		
Service	F 3	Füllstand A (MaxAbgleich)		
Anwendung		/inAbgleich),00 m		
PA+ Zusätzlicher PA-Wert	> F	füllstand B (MinAbgleich)		
PIN PIN		Secondary Value 2 (Sensorwert)		
Simulation		14,057 pF		
Reset				
0,				
Info				
(i) Info	>			

Fig. 27: Example of an app view - Setup sensor adjustment



9 **Diagnostics and servicing**

	9.1 Maintenance
Maintenance	If the device is used properly, no special maintenance is required in normal operation.
Cleaning	 The cleaning helps that the type label and markings on the instrument are visible. Take note of the following: Use only cleaning agents which do not corrode the housings, type label and seals Use only cleaning methods corresponding to the housing protection rating
	9.2 Rectify faults
Reaction when malfunc- tion occurs	The operator of the system is responsible for taking suitable meas- ures to rectify faults.
Causes of malfunction	 The device offers maximum reliability. Nevertheless, faults can occur during operation. These may be caused by the following, e.g.: Sensor Process Voltage supply Signal processing
Fault rectification	The first measures to be taken are to check the output signals as well as to evaluate the error messages via the display and adjustment module. The procedure is described below. Further comprehensive diagnostics can be carried out on a PC with the software PACTware and the suitable DTM. In many cases, the causes can be determined and the faults rectified this way.
Reaction after fault recti- fication	Depending on the reason for the fault and the measures taken, the steps described in chapter " <i>Setup</i> " must be carried out again or must be checked for plausibility and completeness.
24 hour service hotline	Should these measures not be successful, please call in urgent cases the VEGA service hotline under the phone no. +49 1805 858550.
	The hotline is also available outside normal working hours, seven days a week around the clock.
	Since we offer this service worldwide, the support is provided in English. The service itself is free of charge, the only costs involved are the normal call charges.
Check the 4 20 mA signal	Connect a multimeter in the suitable measuring range according to the wiring plan.



Error	Cause	Rectification
4 20 mA signal not stable	Fluctuating measured value	Adjust damping e.g. via the display and adjustment module
4 20 mA signal missing	Wrong connection	Check connection according to chapter " <i>Connection</i> steps" and if necessary, correct according to chapter " <i>Wiring plan</i> "
	Voltage supply missing	Check cables for breaks; repair if necessary
	Operating voltage too low or load resistance too high	Check, adapt if necessary
Current signal greater than 22 mA or less than 3.6 mA	Shortcircuit in the probe, e.g. because of moisture in the housing	Remove the electronics module. Check the resistance between the marked plug connections. See the follow- ing instructions.
	Sensor electronics de- fective	Exchange the instrument or send it in for repair

Check the resistance in the probe

Remove the electronics module. Check the resistance between the two plug connections.

There must no longer be a connection (high impedance). If there is still a connection, exchange the instrument or return it for repair

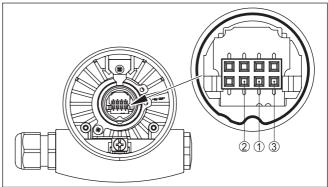


Fig. 28: Check the resistance in the probe

- 1 Shielding
- 2 Measuring probe
- 3 Ground potential



In Ex applications, the regulations for the wiring of intrinsically safe circuits must be observed.



Error messages - Display and adjustment module

Error	Cause	Rectification
E013	no measured value avail- able	 Short-circuit due to bridging by conductive buildup between process fitting and electrode Remove buildup, if necessary, mount a protective tube
	Shortcircuit in the probe, e.g. because of moisture in the housing	 Remove the electronics module out of the probe and check the resistor between the two marked plug connections according to the figure in paragraph " <i>Check the resistance in the probe</i>". There should be no contact between any of the connections (high resistance) If there is still a connection, exchange the instrument or return it for repair
E017	Adjustment span too small	Carry out a fresh adjustment and increase the distance between min. and max. adjustment
E036	no operable sensor soft- ware	Carry out a software update or send instrument for re- pair

9.3 Exchanging the electronics module

If the electronics module is defective, it can be replaced by the user.



In Ex applications, only instruments and electronics modules with appropriate Ex approval may be used.

If there is no electronics module available on site, the electronics module can be ordered through the agency serving you. The electronics modules are adapted to the respective sensor and differ in signal output or voltage supply.

The new electronics module must be loaded with the default settings of the sensor. These are the options:

- In the factory
- Or on site by the user

In both cases, the serial number of the sensor is needed. The serial numbers are stated on the type label of the instrument, on the inside of the housing as well as on the delivery note.

When loading on site, the order data must first be downloaded from the Internet (see operating instructions " *Electronics module*").

Information:

All application-specific settings must be entered again. That's why you have to carry out a fresh setup after exchanging the electronics.

If you saved the parameter settings during the first setup of the sensor, you can transfer them to the replacement electronics module. A fresh setup is then not necessary.

9.4 How to proceed if a repair is necessary

You can find an instrument return form as well as detailed information about the procedure in the download area of our homepage. By doing



this you help us carry out the repair quickly and without having to call back for needed information.

Proceed as follows in case of repair:

- Print and fill out one form per instrument
- Clean the instrument and pack it damage-proof
- Attach the completed form and, if need be, also a safety data sheet outside on the packaging
- Ask the agency serving you to get the address for the return shipment. You can find the agency on our homepage.



10 Dismount

10.1 Dismounting steps

Warning:

Before dismounting, be aware of dangerous process conditions such as e.g. pressure in the vessel or pipeline, high temperatures, corrosive or toxic media etc.

Take note of chapters " *Mounting*" and " *Connecting to voltage supply*" and carry out the listed steps in reverse order.

10.2 Disposal



Pass the instrument on to a specialised recycling company and do not use the municipal collecting points.

Remove any batteries in advance, if they can be removed from the device, and dispose of them separately.

If personal data is stored on the old device to be disposed of, delete it before disposal.

If you have no way to dispose of the old instrument properly, please contact us concerning return and disposal.



11 Supplement

11.1 Technical data

Note for approved instruments

The technical data in the respective safety instructions which are included in delivery are valid for approved instruments (e.g. with Ex approval). These data can differ from the data listed herein, for example regarding the process conditions or the voltage supply.

All approval documents can be downloaded from our homepage.

General data		
Material 316L corresponds to 1.4404 or 1.4435		
Materials, wetted parts		
 Process fitting - flange 	PP or PTFE	
 Insulation (fully insulated) 	FEP	
Materials, non-wetted parts		
 Probe - double rod fully insulated: ø 14 mm (0.551 in) 	316L	
 Plastic housing 	Plastic PBT (Polyester)	
 Aluminium die-cast housing 	Aluminium die-casting AlSi10Mg, powder-coated (Basis: Polyester)	
 Stainless steel housing (precision casting) 	316L	
 Stainless steel housing (electropol- ished) 	316L	
- Seal between housing and housing lid	Silicone	
 Inspection window in housing cover (optional) 	Plastic housing: Polycarbonate (UL746-C listed) Metal housing: Glass ⁵⁾	
 Ground terminal 	316L	
– Cable gland	PA, stainless steel, brass	
 Sealing, cable gland 	NBR	
 Blind plug, cable gland 	PA	
Process fittings		
- Flanges	DIN from DN 50, ASME from 2"	
Weight 6)		
 Instrument weight 	0.8 … 4 kg (0.18 … 8.82 lbs)	
 Rod weight: ø 14 mm (0.551 in) 	2000 g/m (22 oz/ft)	
Sensor length (L)	0.2 4 m (0.656 13.12 ft)	
Max. lateral load	10 Nm (7.4 lbf ft)	
Torque for NPT cable glands and Conduit	tubes	
 Plastic housing 	max. 10 Nm (7.376 lbf ft)	
- Aluminium/Stainless steel housing	max. 50 Nm (36.88 lbf ft)	
 ⁵⁾ Aluminium, stainless steel (precision casting ⁶⁾ Flange weight not considered) and Ex d housing	

V	Έ	Α

Output variable	
Output signal	4 20 mA/HART
HART output values	
 HART value (Primary Value) 	Capacitance
 HART value (Secondary Value) 	Capacitance - scaled
Fulfilled HART specification	5.0
Further information on Manufacturer ID, Device ID, Device Revision	See website of HART Communication Foundation
Signal resolution	1.6 μA
Fault signal, current output (adjustable)	mA value unchanged 20.5 mA, 22 mA, < 3.6 mA (adjust- able)
	In order to detect the rarely occurring hardware failures in the device, we recommend monitoring both interfer- ence values.
Current limitation	22 mA
Load	see load diagram under Power supply
Damping (63 % of the input variable)	0 999 s (adjustable)
Rise time	500 ms (ti: 0 s, 0 … 100 %)
Met NAMUR recommendation	NE 43

Input variable

Measured variable	Level of liquids preferably in non-conductive vessels
Measuring principle	phase-selective admittance processing (PSA)
Measuring range	0 3000 pF
Measuring frequency	270 kHz
Measuring frequency	270 kHz

Measurement accuracy (according to DIN EN 60770-1)

Reference conditions according to DIN El	N 61298-1
- Temperature	+18 +30 °C (+64 +86 °F)
 Relative humidity 	45 75 %
– Air pressure	+860 +1060 mbar/+86 +106 kPa (+12.5 +15.4 psig)
Temperature error	
– < 120 pF	< 1 pF
– > 120 pF	1 % of the current measured value
Linearity error	< 0.25 % of the complete measuring range

Ambient conditions

Ambient, storage and transport tempera- $\,$ -40 \ldots +80 $^{\circ}C$ (-40 \ldots +176 $^{\circ}F)$ ture

Process conditions

For the process conditions, please also note the specifications on the type label. The lowest value always applies.



Process pressure

Process temperature

- Flange of PTFE
- Flange of PP

-1 ... 2 bar/-100 ... 200 kPa (-14.5 ... 29 psig)

-40 ... +100 °C (-40 ... +212 °F) 0 ... +60 °C (+32 ... +140 °F)

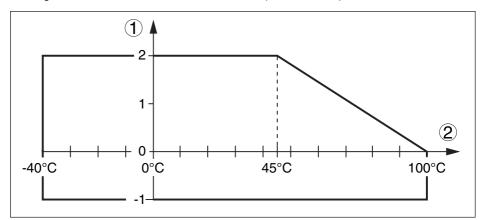


Fig. 29: Process pressure - Process temperature (flange of PTFE)

- 1 Process pressure
- 2 Process temperature

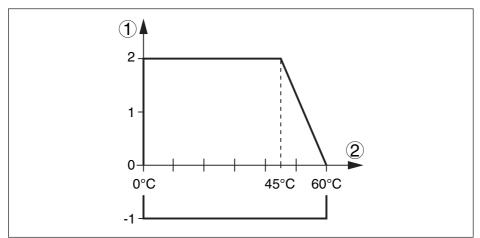


Fig. 30: Process pressure - Process temperature (flange of PP)

- 1 Process pressure
- 2 Process temperature

Dielectric constant

≥ 1.5



Electromechanical data - version IP66/IP67 and IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar)	
Options of the cable entry	

- Cab	le entry	M20 x 1.5; 1/2 NPT
- Cab	le gland	M20 x 1.5; 1⁄2 NPT
– Bline	d plug	M20 x 1.5; 1⁄2 NPT
- Clos	ing cap	½ NPT
Wire cr	oss-section (spring-loaded termina	als)
- Mas	sive wire, stranded wire	0.2 2.5 mm ² (AWG 24 14)
- Stra	nded wire with end sleeve	0.2 1.5 mm ² (AWG 24 16)

Electromechanical data - version IP66/IP68 (1 bar)

Options of the cable entry	
 Cable gland with integrated connec- tion cable 	M20 x 1.5 (cable: ø 5 9 mm)
 Cable entry 	½ NPT
 Blind plug 	M20 x 1.5; 1/2 NPT
Connection cable	
 Wire cross-section 	0.5 mm ² (AWG 20)
- Wire resistance	< 0.036 Ω/m
 Tensile strength 	< 1200 N (270 lbf)
 Standard length 	5 m (16.4 ft)
- Max. length	180 m (590.6 ft)
 Min. bending radius 	25 mm (0.984 in) with 25 °C (77 °F)
- Diameter	approx. 8 mm (0.315 in)
 Colour - Non-Ex version 	Black
 Colour - Ex-version 	Blue

Display and adjustment module

Voltage supply and data transmission	through the sensor
Indication	LC display in dot matrix
Adjustment elements	4 keys
Protection rating	
- unassembled	IP20
- Mounted into the sensor without cover	IP40
Ambient temperature - Display and adjustment module	-20 +70 °C (-4 +158 °F)
Material	
- Housing	ABS
 Inspection window 	Polyester foil
Voltage supply	
Operating voltage U _B	12 36 V DC



Operating voltage $U_{\rm B}$ with lighting switched on

20 ... 36 V DC

Reverse voltage protection

Integrated

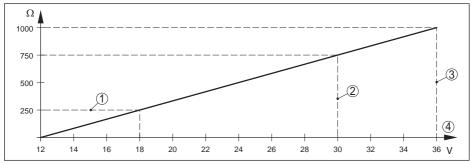


Fig. 31: Voltage diagram

- 1 HART load
- 2 Voltage limit Ex ia instrument
- 3 Voltage limit non-Ex-/Ex d ia instrument
- 4 Operating voltage

Permissible residual ripple

– < 100 Hz	U_{ss} < 1 V
– 100 Hz 10 kHz	$U_{ss} < 10 \text{ mV}$
Load	see diagram

Potential connections and electrical separating measures in the instrument

Electronics

Non-floating

Galvanic separation

between electronics and metallic parts Reference voltage 500 V AC of the device

Conductive connection

Between ground terminal and metallic process fitting

Electrical protective measures

Protection rating

Housing material	Version	IP-protection class	NEMA protection
Plastic	Single chamber	IP66/IP67	Type 4X
	Double chamber	IP66/IP67	Type 4X
Aluminium	Single chamber	IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar)	Туре 6Р
		IP68 (1 bar)	Type 6P
	Double chamber	IP66/IP67	Type 4X
		IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar)	Type 6P
		IP68 (1 bar)	Type 6P
Stainless steel (electro- polished)	Single chamber	IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar)	Type 6P



Housing material	Version	IP-protection class	NEMA protection				
Stainless steel (precision	Single chamber	IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar)	Type 6P				
casting)	IP68 (1 bar)		Type 6P				
	Double chamber	IP66/IP67	Type 4X				
		IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar)	Туре 6Р				
		IP68 (1 bar)	Type 6P				

Connection of the feeding power supply Networks of overvoltage category III unit

Altitude above sea level

- by default	up to 2000 m (6562 ft)
- with connected overvoltage protection	up to 5000 m (16404 ft)
Pollution degree 7)	4
Protection class	II (IEC 61010-1)

Functional safety (SIL)

Functional safety is already activated on instruments with SIL qualification ex factory. On instruments without SIL qualification ex factory, the functional safety must be activated by the user via the display and adjustment module or via PACTware for applications according to SIL.

Functional safety according to IEC 61508-4

- Single channel architecture (1001D) up to SIL2
- double channel diversitary redundant up to SIL3 architecture (10o2D)

You can find detailed information in the supplied Safety Manual of the instrument series or under " www.vega.com", " Downloads", " Approvals".

Approvals

Instruments with approvals can have different technical specifications depending on the version.

For that reason the associated approval documents of these instruments have to be carefully noted. They are part of the delivery or can be downloaded by entering the serial number of your instrument into the search field under <u>www.vega.com</u> as well as in the general download area.

11.2 Dimensions

The following dimensional drawings represent only an extract of all possible versions. Detailed dimensional drawings can be downloaded at <u>www.vega.com/downloads</u> under " *Drawings*".

7) When used with fulfilled housing protection



Plastic housing

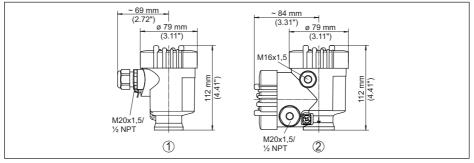


Fig. 32: Housing versions in protection IP66/IP67 (with integrated display and adjustment module the housing is 9 mm/0.35 in higher)

- 1 Plastic single chamber
- 2 Plastic double chamber

Aluminium housing with protection rating IP66/IP68 (1 bar)

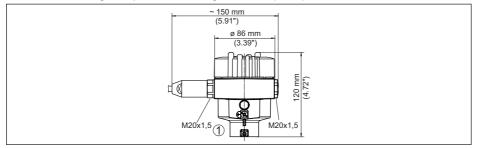


Fig. 33: Housing version with protection rating IP66/IP68 (1 bar), (with integrated display and adjustment module the housing is 18 mm/0.71 in higher)

1 Aluminium - single chamber



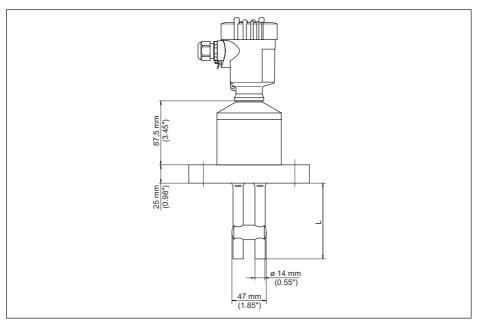


Fig. 34: VEGACAL 69

L Sensor length, see chapter "Technical data"



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Printing date:



All statements concerning scope of delivery, application, practical use and operating conditions of the sensors and processing systems correspond to the information available at the time of printing.

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