Operating Instructions

Radiometric sensor for level detection

POINTRAC 31

Profibus PA





Document ID: 43835







Contents

1	Abou	t this document	. 4
	1.1	Function	. 4
	1.2	Target group	
	1.3	Symbols used	. 4
2	For y	our safety	. 5
	2.1	Authorised personnel	. 5
	2.2	Appropriate use	
	2.3	Warning about incorrect use	. 5
	2.4	General safety instructions	
	2.5	EU conformity	. 6
	2.6	NAMUR recommendations	
	2.7	Installation and operation in the USA and Canada	
	2.8	Environmental instructions	. 6
3	Produ	uct description	. 7
	3.1	Configuration	
	3.2	Principle of operation	
	3.3	Packaging, transport and storage	
	3.4	Accessories	
	3.5	Corresponding source container	11
4	Mour	ting	13
	4.1	General instructions	
	4.2	Mounting instructions	
_	•	ecting to power supply	
5			
	5.1 5.2	Preparing the connection	
	5.2 5.3	Connection Set instrument address	
6		p with the display and adjustment module	
	6.1	Insert display and adjustment module	27
	6.2	Adjustment system	
	6.3	Parameter adjustment	
	6.4	Saving the parameterisation data	
7	Setup	o with PACTware	
	7.1	Connect the PC	
	7.2	Parameter adjustment with PACTware	
	7.3	Saving the parameterisation data	42
8	Set u	p with other systems	
	8.1	DD adjustment programs	43
9	Diagr	nostics and servicing	44
	9.1	Maintenance	44
	9.2	Status messages	
	9.3	Rectify faults	
	9.4	Exchanging the electronics module	
	9.5	Software update How to proceed if a repair is necessary	
	9.6		



10	Dism	ount	50
	10.1	Dismounting steps	50
		Disposal	
44		lement	
	11.1	Technical data	51
	11.2	Device communication Profibus PA	55
	11.3	Dimensions	59
	11.4	Industrial property rights	64
		Trademark	



Safety instructions for Ex areas

Take note of the Ex specific safety instructions for Ex applications. These instructions are attached as documents to each instrument with Ex approval and are part of the operating instructions.

Editing status: 2021-11-25



1 About this document

1.1 Function

This instruction provides all the information you need for mounting, connection and setup as well as important instructions for maintenance, fault rectification, the exchange of parts and the safety of the user. Please read this information before putting the instrument into operation and keep this manual accessible in the immediate vicinity of the device.

1.2 Target group

This operating instructions manual is directed to trained personnel. The contents of this manual must be made available to the qualified personnel and implemented.

1.3 Symbols used

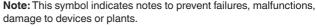
Document ID

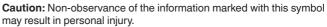
This symbol on the front page of this instruction refers to the Document ID. By entering the Document ID on <u>www.vega.com</u> you will reach the document download.



i

Information, note, tip: This symbol indicates helpful additional information and tips for successful work.





Warning: Non-observance of the information marked with this symbol may result in serious or fatal personal injury.



Danger: Non-observance of the information marked with this symbol results in serious or fatal personal injury.



Ex applications

This symbol indicates special instructions for Ex applications.

List

The dot set in front indicates a list with no implied sequence.

1 Sequence of actions

Numbers set in front indicate successive steps in a procedure.



Battery disposal

This symbol indicates special information about the disposal of batteries and accumulators.



2 For your safety

2.1 Authorised personnel

All operations described in this documentation must be carried out only by trained, qualified personnel authorised by the plant operator.

During work on and with the device, the required personal protective equipment must always be worn.

2.2 Appropriate use

The POINTRAC 31 is a sensor for point level detection.

You can find detailed information about the area of application in chapter "*Product description*".

Operational reliability is ensured only if the instrument is properly used according to the specifications in the operating instructions manual as well as possible supplementary instructions.

2.3 Warning about incorrect use

Inappropriate or incorrect use of this product can give rise to application-specific hazards, e.g. vessel overfill through incorrect mounting or adjustment. Damage to property and persons or environmental contamination can result. Also, the protective characteristics of the instrument can be impaired.

2.4 General safety instructions

This is a state-of-the-art instrument complying with all prevailing regulations and directives. The instrument must only be operated in a technically flawless and reliable condition. The operator is responsible for the trouble-free operation of the instrument. When measuring aggressive or corrosive media that can cause a dangerous situation if the instrument malfunctions, the operator has to implement suitable measures to make sure the instrument is functioning properly.

The safety instructions in this operating instructions manual, the national installation standards as well as the valid safety regulations and accident prevention rules must be observed by the user.

For safety and warranty reasons, any invasive work on the device beyond that described in the operating instructions manual may be carried out only by personnel authorised by the manufacturer. Arbitrary conversions or modifications are explicitly forbidden. For safety reasons, only the accessory specified by the manufacturer must be used.

To avoid any danger, the safety approval markings and safety tips on the device must also be observed.

This measuring system uses gamma rays. Therefore take note of the instructions for radiation protection in chapter "*Product description*". Any work on the source container may only be carried out under the supervision of a qualified radiation protection officer.



2.5 EU conformity

The device fulfils the legal requirements of the applicable EU directives. By affixing the CE marking, we confirm the conformity of the instrument with these directives.

The EU conformity declaration can be found on our homepage.

Electromagnetic compatibility

Instruments in four-wire or Ex-d-ia version are designed for use in an industrial environment. Nevertheless, electromagnetic interference from electrical conductors and radiated emissions must be taken into account, as is usual with class A instruments according to EN 61326-1. If the instrument is used in a different environment, the electromagnetic compatibility to other instruments must be ensured by suitable measures.

2.6 NAMUR recommendations

NAMUR is the automation technology user association in the process industry in Germany. The published NAMUR recommendations are accepted as the standard in field instrumentation.

The device fulfils the requirements of the following NAMUR recommendations:

- NE 21 Electromagnetic compatibility of equipment
- NE 43 Signal level for fault information from measuring transducers
- NE 53 Compatibility of field devices and display/adjustment components
- NE 107 Self-monitoring and diagnosis of field devices

For further information see www.namur.de.

2.7 Installation and operation in the USA and Canada

This information is only valid for USA and Canada. Hence the following text is only available in the English language.

Installations in the US shall comply with the relevant requirements of the National Electrical Code (ANSI/NFPA 70).

Installations in Canada shall comply with the relevant requirements of the Canadian Electrical Code.

2.8 Environmental instructions

Protection of the environment is one of our most important duties. That is why we have introduced an environment management system with the goal of continuously improving company environmental protection. The environment management system is certified according to DIN EN ISO 14001.

Please help us fulfil this obligation by observing the environmental instructions in this manual:

- Chapter " Packaging, transport and storage"
- Chapter " Disposal"



Type label

3 Product description

3.1 Configuration

The type label contains the most important data for identification and use of the instrument:

1 POINTRAC 2 PT31XX WEMXX004	CE
3 -Electronics: 420mA HART four-wire 9 2022VDC/20.233VAC (59/60 Hz); AW/6VA 4 -0+420mA HART -0+420mA HART -0+420mA HART	
Image: Will Ver 10.2 SW Ver 10.0 s/n: 1998 Order: 0000000/000 s/n: 1998 VEEA 77761 Schiltach/Germany w	07099 🔛 ww.vega.com

Fig. 1: Layout of the type label (example)

- 1 Instrument type
- 2 Product code
- 3 Electronics
- 4 Protection rating
- 5 Process and ambient temperature, process pressure
- 6 Instrument length
- 7 Hardware and software version
- 8 Order number
- 9 Serial number of the instrument
- 10 ID numbers, instrument documentation

Serial number - Instrument search

The type label contains the serial number of the instrument. With it you can find the following instrument data on our homepage:

- Product code (HTML)
- Delivery date (HTML)
- Order-specific instrument features (HTML)
- Operating instructions and quick setup guide at the time of shipment (PDF)
- Test certificate (PDF) optional

Move to "www.vega.com" and enter in the search field the serial number of your instrument.

Alternatively, you can access the data via your smartphone:

- Download the VEGA Tools app from the "Apple App Store" or the "Google Play Store"
- Scan the QR-code on the type label of the device or
- Enter the serial number manually in the app

This operating instructions manual applies to the following instrument versions:

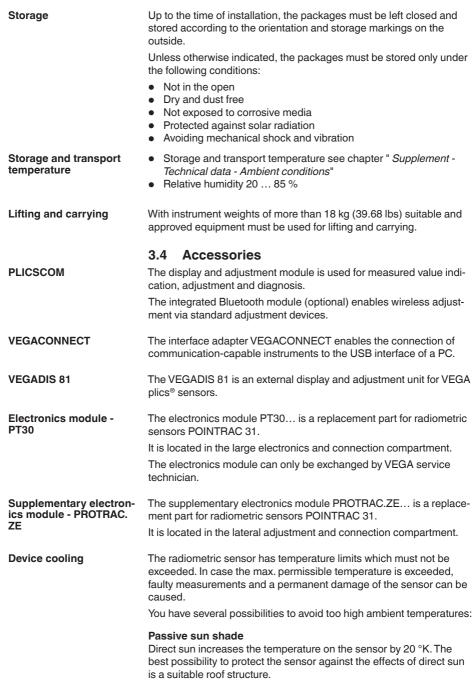
- Hardware from 1.0.5
- Software from 2.1.0

Scope of this operating

instructions



Electronics versions	The instrument is available in different electronics versions. Each version can be identified via the product code on the type label:
	Standard electronics type PROTRACPAFFXX
Scope of delivery	 The scope of delivery encompasses: Radiometric sensor Mounting accessories Documentation Bluetooth module (optional) This operating instructions manual Ex-specific " Safety instructions" (with Ex versions) If necessary, further certificates
	3.2 Principle of operation
Application area	The instrument is suitable for applications in liquids and bulk solids in vessels under difficult process conditions. There are application possibilities in nearly all areas of industry.
	The limit level is detected contactlessly through the vessel wall. Nei- ther a process fitting nor a vessel opening is required. The instrument is thus ideal for retrofitting.
Functional principle	In radiometric measurement, a Caesium-137 or Cobalt-60 isotope emits focussed gamma rays that are attenuated when penetrating the vessel wall and the medium. The PVT detector on the opposite side of the tank receives the radiation. When the intensity of the radiation drops below a defined value, e.g. due to damping, then the POINTRAC 31 switches. The measuring principle has proven itself well under extreme conditions because it measures contactlessly from outside through the vessel wall. The measuring system ensures maximum safety, reliability and plant availability independent of the medium and its properties.
	3.3 Packaging, transport and storage
Packaging	Your instrument was protected by packaging during transport. Its capacity to handle normal loads during transport is assured by a test based on ISO 4180.
	The packaging consists of environment-friendly, recyclable card- board. For special versions, PE foam or PE foil is also used. Dispose of the packaging material via specialised recycling companies.
Transport	Transport must be carried out in due consideration of the notes on the transport packaging. Nonobservance of these instructions can cause damage to the device.
Transport inspection	The delivery must be checked for completeness and possible transit damage immediately at receipt. Ascertained transit damage or concealed defects must be appropriately dealt with.



FGA



If this is not possible or only with great effort, then you can use the passive sun shade. The passive sun shade consists of a housing sun shade and a sun protection hose and can reduce the sensor temperature by 10 $^{\circ}{\rm K}.$

Air cooling

For ambient temperatures up to +80 °C you can use an air cooling. The cooling air is generated with vortex coolers. Please check if sufficient compressed air is available. You can find further information in the supplementary instructions of the air cooling. The air cooling cannot be retrofitted.

Water cooling

For ambient temperatures up to +100 °C you can use a water cooling. Please check if sufficient cooled water is available. You can find further information in the supplementary instructions of the water cooling. The water cooling cannot be retrofitted.

Gamma modulator

In order to exclude external interference radiation, you can mount a gamma modulator in front of the source holder. This allows reliable measurement even when interference radiation occurs.

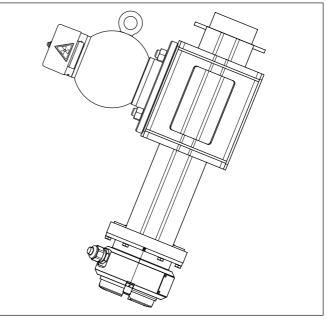


Fig. 2: Gamma modulator (optional) for uninterrupted measurement even with interference radiation

1 Gamma modulator (mounted on the source holder)

For ambient temperatures up to 120 $^{\circ}\text{C}$ (248 $^{\circ}\text{C})$ the gamma modulator is optionally available with water cooling.



Any number of devices can be synchronized. To synchronize several gamma modulators, you need a controller.

3.5 Corresponding source container

A radioactive isotope in a suitable source holder is the prerequisite for a radiometric measurement setup.

The handling of radioactive substances is regulated by law. The radiation protection rules of the country in which the system is operated apply first and foremost.

In Germany, for example, the current radiation protection ordinance (StrlSchV) based on the Atomic Energy Law (AtG) applies.

The following points are important for measurement with radiometric methods:

Handling permit A handling permit is required for operation of a system using gamma rays. This permit is issued by the respective government office or the responsible authority (in Germany, for example, offices for environmental protection, trade supervisory boards, etc.)

You can find further instructions in the operating instructions manual of the source container.

General instructions for radiation protection

When handling radioactive sources, unnecessary radiation exposure must be avoided. An unavoidable radiation exposure must be kept as low as possible. Take note of the following three important measures:

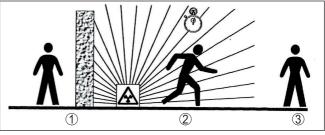


Fig. 3: Measures for protection against radioactive radiation

- 1 Shielding
- 2 Time
- 3 Distance

Shielding: Provide good shielding between the source and yourself as well as all other persons. Special source containers (e.g. VEGASOURCE) as well as all materials with high density (e.g. lead, iron, concrete, etc.) provide effective shielding.

Time: Stay as short a time as possible in radiation exposed areas.

Distance: Your distance to the source should be as large as possible. The local dose rate of the radiation decreases in proportion to the square of the distance to the radiation source.

Radiation safety officerThe plant operator must appoint a radiation safety officer with the
necessary expert knowledge. He is responsible for ensuring that the



radiation protection ordinance is complied with and for implementing all radiation protection measures.

Control area Control areas are areas in which the local dose rate exceeds a certain value. Only persons who undergo official dose monitoring are allowed into these control areas. You can find the respectively valid limit values for control areas in the guideline of the respective authority (in Germany, for example, the radiation protection ordinance).

We are at your disposal for further information concerning radiation protection and regulations in other countries.



Switch off source

4 Mounting

4.1 General instructions

The source container is part of the measuring system. In case the source container is already equipped with an active isotope, the source container must be locked before mounting.



Danger:

Before mounting; make sure that the source is securely closed. Use a padlock to secure the source container in the closed condition and prevent it from being inadvertently opened.

Protection against moisture Protect your instrument against moisture ingress through the following measures:

- Use a suitable connection cable (see chapter " Connecting to power supply")
- Tighten the cable gland or plug connector
- Lead the connection cable downward in front of the cable entry or plug connector

This applies mainly to outdoor installations, in areas where high humidity is expected (e.g. through cleaning processes) and on cooled or heated vessels.



Note:

Make sure that during installation or maintenance no moisture or dirt can get inside the instrument.

To maintain the housing protection, make sure that the housing lid is closed during operation and locked, if necessary.

Process conditions



Note:

For safety reasons, the instrument must only be operated within the permissible process conditions. You can find detailed information on the process conditions in chapter "*Technical data*" of the operating instructions or on the type label.

Hence make sure before mounting that all parts of the instrument exposed to the process are suitable for the existing process conditions.

These are mainly:

- Active measuring component
- Process fitting
- Process seal

Process conditions in particular are:

- Process pressure
- Process temperature
- Chemical properties of the medium
- Abrasion and mechanical influences



Cable glands

Metric threads

In the case of instrument housings with metric thread, the cable glands are screwed in at the factory. They are sealed with plastic plugs as transport protection.

You have to remove these plugs before electrical connection.

NPT thread

In the case of instrument housings with self-sealing NPT threads, it is not possible to have the cable entries screwed in at the factory. The free openings for the cable glands are therefore covered with red dust protection caps as transport protection.

Prior to setup you have to replace these protective caps with approved cable glands or close the openings with suitable blind plugs.

The suitable cable glands and blind plugs come with the instrument.

4.2 Mounting instructions

Installation position



Note:

During the planning, our specialists will analyse the conditions of the measurement loop to dimension the isotope accordingly.

You get a "Source Sizing" document specifying the required source activity and containing all relevant mounting information for your measuring point.

You must follow the instructions in this "Source Sizing" document in addition to the following mounting instructions.

The following mounting information is applicable as long as there is nothing else specified in the "Source Sizing" document.



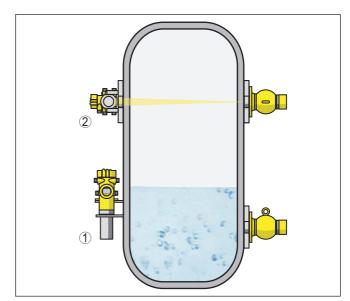


Fig. 4: Mounting position - level detection - version with detector tube

- 1 Vertical mounting
- 2 Mounting horizontally, at right angles to container



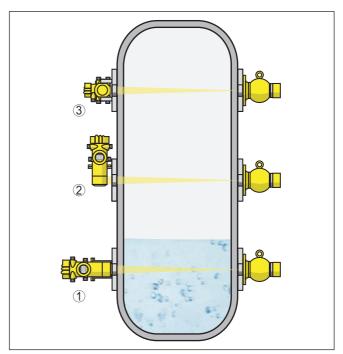


Fig. 5: Mounting position - level detection - version without detector tube

- 1 Horizontal mounting
- 2 Vertical mounting
- 3 Mounting horizontally, at right angles to container

You can find information on protective barriers and the mounting of the corresponding source container in the operating instructions manual of the source container, e.g. VEGASOURCE.

For level detection, the device is generally mounted horizontally at the height of the requested limit level. Make sure that there are no struts or reinforcements at this position in the vessel.

Direct the exit beam of the source container exactly towards the measuring range of POINTRAC 31.

Fasten the devices in such a way that it cannot fall out of the holder. If necessary, provide the device with a support from below.

Mount the source container as close as possible to the vessel. If there are gaps, secure the area with a safety fence and protective grating so that no one can reach into the dangerous area.

Mounting clamp

You can mount the device (version with detector tube) with the attached mounting clamp to your vessel.



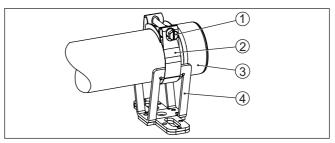


Fig. 6: Mounting clamp

- 1 Screw M8 x 80
- 2 Hinge bolt clamp
- 3 Detector tube
- 4 Console
- 1. Determine the exact mounting position of the mounting clamp and mark the holes.

Drill appropriate holes (max. M12) for fastening the mounting clamps.

2. For mounting, insert the detector tube (3) into the V-shape holding fixture of the console (4).

Draw the hinge bolt clamp (2) according to the illustration through the console (4).

Screw the hinge bolt clamp (2) together and tighten the screw (1) with a max. torque of 20 Nm (14.75 lbf/ft).



Note:

The mounting clamps do not come with fastening screws. Use fastening elements that are appropriate for the situation in your plant.

Sensor orientation

Level detection - max. detection

The POINTRAC 31 is suitable for level detection in liquids or bulk solids. It is mounted at the height of the requested switching point.



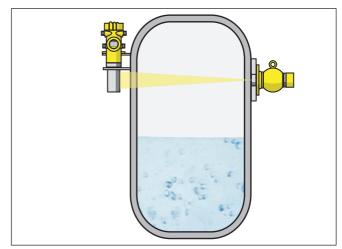
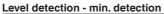


Fig. 7: POINTRAC 31 as max. level detection (uncovered)



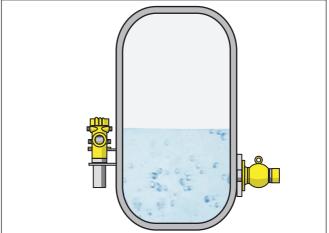


Fig. 8: POINTRAC 31 as min. level detection (covered)



Bulk solids with low density

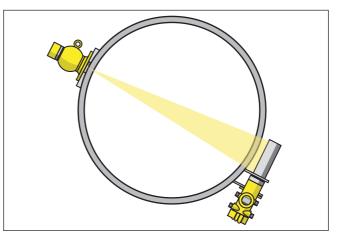


Fig. 9: POINTRAC 31 as level detection (top view)

POINTRAC 31 lends itself well for level detection of bulk solids with low density. Mount the instrument horizontally at the height of the requested switching point.

Mount the source container VEGASOURCE displaced by 90° in order to get the widest possible radiation angle.

When the sensor is covered by the medium, the radiation damping is considerably stronger - hence, the switching point is all the more reliable.

Protection against heat If the max. ambient temperature is exceeded, you must take suitable measures to protect the instrument against overheating.

You can protect the instrument by providing a suitable insulation against the heat or mounting the instrument further away from the heat source.

Make sure these measures are taken into account already in the planning stage. If you want to carry out such measures later on, contact our specialists to ensure that the accuracy of the application is not impaired.

If these measures are not sufficient to maintain the max. ambient temperature, you could consider using the water or air cooling system we offer for POINTRAC 31.

The cooling system must also be included in the calculations for the measuring point. Contact our specialists regarding the dimensioning of the cooling.



5 Connecting to power supply

5.1 Preparing the connection

Safety instructions

Always keep in mind the following safety instructions:

- The electrical connection must only be carried out by trained. qualified personnel authorised by the plant operator.
- If overvoltage surges are expected, overvoltage arresters should be installed.



Warning:

Only connect or disconnect in de-energized state.



Note: Install a disconnecting device for the instrument which is easy to access. The disconnecting device must be marked for the instrument (IEC/EN 61010).

Voltage supply via mains The instrument is designed in protection class I. To maintain this voltage protection class, it is absolutely necessary that the ground conductor be connected to the internal ground terminal. Take note of the national installation regulations.

> Supply voltage and signal output are carried on separate connection cables if reliable separation is required. The supply voltage range can differ depending on the instrument version.

The data for power supply are specified in chapter " Technical data".

Select connection cable

General requirements

- Make sure that the cable used has the required temperature resistance and fire safety for max. occurring ambient temperature
- Use cable with round cross section for instruments with housing and cable gland. To ensure the seal effect of the cable gland (IP protection rating), find out which cable outer diameter the cable gland is suitable for.
- Use a cable gland fitting the cable diameter.
- Unused cable glands do not offer sufficient protection against moisture and must be replaced by blind plugs.

Voltage supply

For power supply, an approved, three-wire installation cable with PE conductor is required.

Signal cable

Use for the signal output a cable according to the respective bus specifications.

Cable glands Metric threads

In the case of instrument housings with metric thread, the cable glands are screwed in at the factory. They are sealed with plastic plugs as transport protection.

You have to remove these plugs before electrical connection.



	NPT thread In the case of instrument housings with self-sealing NPT threads, it is not possible to have the cable entries screwed in at the factory. The free openings for the cable glands are therefore covered with red dust protection caps as transport protection.
	Before setup you have to replace these protective caps with approved cable glands or close the openings with suitable blind plugs. Unused cable glands do not provide sufficient protection against moisture and must be replaced with blind plugs.
	The suitable cable glands and blind plugs come with the instrument.
Cable screening and grounding	Make sure that the cable screen and grounding are carried out ac- cording to Fieldbus specification. We recommend to connect the cable screening to ground potential on both ends.
	In systems with potential equalisation, connect the cable screening directly to ground potential at the power supply unit, in the connection box and at the sensor. The screen in the sensor must be connected directly to the internal ground terminal. The ground terminal outside on the housing must be connected to the potential equalisation (low impedance).
Connection technology	The voltage supply and signal output are connected via the spring- loaded terminals in the housing.
	Connection to the display and adjustment module or to the interface adapter is carried out via contact pins in the housing.
Connection procedure	Proceed as follows:
	The procedure applies to instruments without explosion protection.
	1. Unscrew the big housing cover
	 Loosen compression nut of the cable gland and remove blind plug
	 Remove approx. 10 cm (4 in) of the cable mantle, strip approx. 1 cm (0.4 in) of insulation from the ends of the individual wires
	Insert the cable into the sensor through the cable entry

4. Insert the cable into the sensor through the cable entry



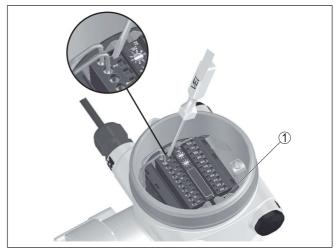


Fig. 10: Connection steps 4 and 5

- 1 Locking of the terminal blocks
- 5. Insert a small slotted screwdriver firmly into the rectangular lock openings of the respective connection terminal
- 6. Insert the wire ends into the round openings of the terminals according to the wiring plan

Information:

Solid cores as well as flexible cores with cable end sleeves are inserted directly into the terminal openings. In case of flexible cores without end sleeves, press the rectangular lock opening with a small screwdriver; the terminal opening is freed. When the screwdriver is released, the terminal opening closes again.

7. Check the hold of the wires in the terminals by lightly pulling on them

To loosen a line, insert a small slotted screwdriver firmly into the rectangular lock opening according to the illustration

- 8. Connect the shielding to the internal ground terminal, connect the external ground terminal to potential equalisation
- 9. Tighten the compression nut of the cable entry gland. The seal ring must completely encircle the cable
- 10. Screw the housing lid back on

The electrical connection is finished.

Information:

The terminal blocks are pluggable and can be detached from the electronics. To do this, loosen the two lateral locking levers of the terminal block with a small screwdriver. When loosening the locking, the terminal block is automatically squeezed out. It must snap in place when re-inserted.

43835-EN-211203



Electronics and connection compartment

output

- Non-Ex instruments and instruments with nonintrinsically safe signal

5.2 Connection

Non-Ex instruments and instruments with non-intrinsically safe signal output

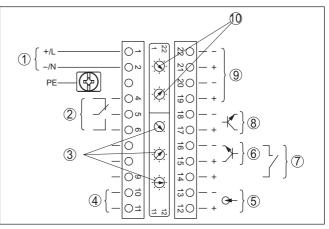


Fig. 11: Electronics and connection compartment with non-Ex instruments and instruments with non-intrinsically safe signal output

- 1 Voltage supply
- 2 Relay output
- 3 Adjustment bus address for Profibus PA
- 4 Signal output Profibus PA
- 5 Signal input 4 ... 20 mA (active sensor)
- 6 Switching input for NPN transistor
- 7 Switching input floating
- 8 Transistor output
- 9 Interface for sensor-sensor communication (MGC)
- 10 Setting the bus address for sensor-sensor communication (MGC) ¹⁾

Adjustment and connection compartment - Non-Ex instruments and instruments with nonintrinsically safe signal output

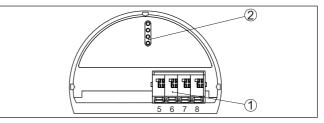


Fig. 12: Adjustment and connection compartment with non-Ex instruments and instruments with non-intrinsically safe signal output

- 1 Terminals for the external display and adjustment unit
- 2 Contact pins for the display and adjustment module or interface adapter

If inductive loads or stronger currents are switched through, the gold plating on the relay contact surface will be permanently damaged.

¹⁾ MGC = Multi Gauge Communication

43835-EN-211203

POINTRAC 31 • Profibus PA

Connection to a PLC



The contact is then no longer suitable for switching low-voltage circuits.

Inductive loads also result from the connection to a PLC input or output and/or in combination with long cables. It is imperative that you take measures to extinguish sparks to protect the relay contact (e.g. Z diode) or the transistor or 8/16 mA output.

Instruments with intrinsically safe signal output



You can find detailed information on the explosion-protected versions (Ex-ia, Ex-d) in the Ex-specific safety instructions. These safety instructions are part of the scope of delivery and come with the Exapproved instruments.

Electronics and connection compartment - Instruments with intrinsically safe signal output

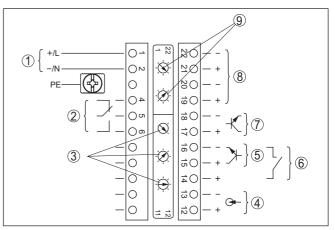


Fig. 13: Electronics and connection compartment (Ex-d) with instruments with intrinsically safe signal output

- 1 Voltage supply
- 2 Relay output
- 3 Adjustment bus address for Profibus PA
- 4 Signal input 4 ... 20 mA (active sensor)
- 5 Switching input for NPN transistor
- 6 Switching input floating
- 7 Transistor output
- 8 Interface for sensor-sensor communication (MGC)
- 9 Setting the bus address for sensor-sensor communication (MGC)²⁾



Adjustment and connection compartment - Instruments with intrinsically safe signal output

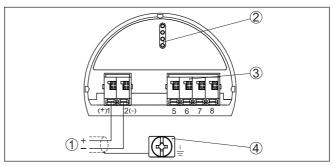


Fig. 14: Adjustment and connection compartment (Ex-ia) with instruments with intrinsically safe signal output

- 1 Terminals Signal output Profibus PA
- 2 Contact pins for the display and adjustment module or interface adapter
- 3 Terminals for the external display and adjustment unit
- 4 Ground terminal

Connection to a PLC	If inductive loads or stronger currents are switched through, the gold
	plating on the relay contact surface will be permanently damaged.
	The contact is then no longer suitable for switching low-voltage
	circuits.

Inductive loads also result from the connection to a PLC input or output and/or in combination with long cables. It is imperative that you take measures to extinguish sparks to protect the relay contact (e.g. Z diode) or the transistor or 8/16 mA output.

5.3 Set instrument address

Instrument address An address must be assigned to each Profibus PA instrument. The approved addresses are between 0 and 126. Each address must only be assigned once in the Profibus PA network. The sensor is only recognized by the control system if the address is set correctly.

When the instrument is shipped, address 126 is set. This address can be used to test the function of the instrument and to connect it to a Profibus PA network. Then the address must be changed to integrate additional instruments.

The address setting is carried out either via:

- The address selection switch in the electronics compartment of the instrument (address setting via hardware)
- The display and adjustment module (address setting via software)
- PACTware/DTM (address setting via software)

Hardware addressing

The hardware addressing is effective if an address <126 is set with the address selection switches on the instrument. Software addressing is then no longer effective, the set hardware address applies.



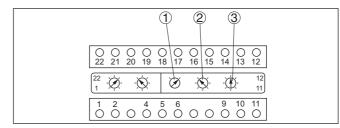


Fig. 15: Address selection switch

- 1 Addresses <100 (selection 0), addresses >100 (selection 1)
- 2 Decade of the address (selection 0 to 9)
- 3 Unit position of the address (selection 0 to 9)

Software addressing

Software addressing is only effective if address 126 or higher is set on the instrument with the address selection switches.

The addressing procedure is described in the operating instructions manual " *Display and adjustment module*.



6 Set up with the display and adjustment module

6.1 Insert display and adjustment module

Mount/dismount display and adjustment module

The display and adjustment module can be inserted into the sensor and removed again at any time. It is not necessary to interrupt the voltage supply.

Proceed as follows:

- 1. Unscrew the small housing cover
- Place the display and adjustment module in the desired position on the electronics (you can choose any one of four different positions - each displaced by 90°)
- 3. Press the display and adjustment module onto the electronics and turn it to the right until it snaps in
- 4. Screw housing lid with inspection window tightly back on

Disassembly is carried out in reverse order.

The display and adjustment module is powered by the sensor, an additional connection is not necessary.

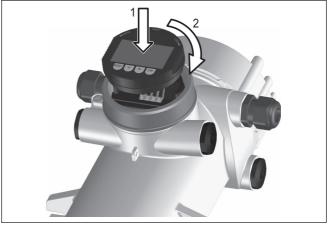


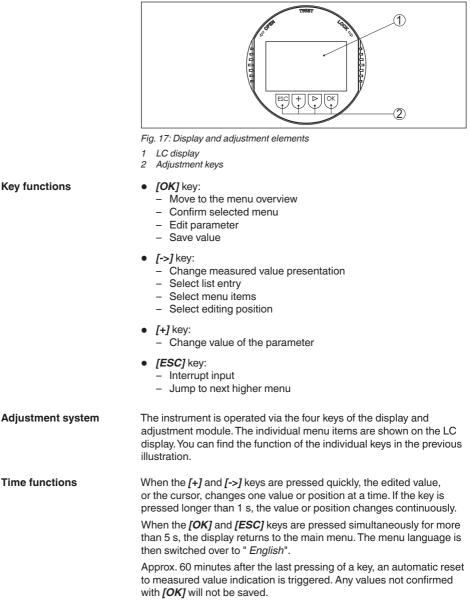
Fig. 16: Insert display and adjustment module

Note:

If you intend to retrofit the instrument with a display and adjustment module for continuous measured value indication, a higher lid with an inspection glass is required.



6.2 Adjustment system





Main menu

6.3 Parameter adjustment

The instrument is adapted to the application conditions via the parameter adjustment. The parameter adjustment is carried out with an adjustment menu.

The main menu is divided into five sections with the following functions:



Setup: Settings, e.g. for measurement loop name, isotope, application, background radiation, adjustment, signal output

Display: Settings, for example language, measured value display

Diagnosis: Information, for example, of device status, peak value, simulation

Additional adjustments: Instrument unit, reset, date/time, copying function

Info: Instrument name, hardware and software version, date of manufacture, instrument features

Procedure Check if the correct language is already set for the display. If not, you can change the language in the menu item " *Display - Menu language*".



Start with the setup of POINTRAC 31.

In the main menu item " *Setup*", the individual submenu items should be selected one after the other and provided with the correct parameters to ensure optimum setting of the measurement. The procedure is described in the following.

Stick with the normal sequence of the menu items as closely as possible.

6.3.1 Setup

An address must be assigned to each Profibus PA instrument. Each address may only be assigned once in the Profibus PA network. The sensor is only recognized by the control system if the address is set correctly.

When the instrument is shipped, address 126 is set. This address can be used to test the function of the instrument and to connect it to a Profibus PA network. Then the address must be changed to integrate additional instruments.

The address setting is carried out either via:

• The address selection switch in the electronics compartment of the instrument (address setting via hardware)

Sensor address

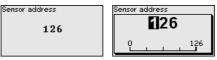


- The display and adjustment module (address setting via software)
- PACTware/DTM (address setting via software)

Hardware addressing Hardware addressing is effective if an address less than 126 is set with the address selection switches on the electronics module of POINTRAC 31. In such case, software addressing has no effect - only the set hardware address applies.

Software addressing

Software addressing is only effective if address 126 or higher is set on the instrument with the address selection switches.



If a hardware address was adjusted (< 126), then the instrument signals that the hardware address is active.

Sensor address
Hardware address active

Measurement loop name

In this menu item you can assign an unambiguous name to the sensor or measurement loop. Push the " OK" key to start the editing. With the " +" key you change the sign and with the " ->" key you jump to the next position.

You can enter names with max. 19 characters. The character set comprises:

- Capital letters from A ... Z
- Numbers from 0 ... 9
- Special characters + / _ blanks

Measurement loop name

SENSOR

Isotope

In this menu item you can adjust the POINTRAC 31 to the isotope installed in the source container.

For this purpose, check which isotope is in the source container. You can find this information on the type label of the source container.



Through this selection, the sensitivity of the sensor is adapted perfectly to the isotope. The normal reduction of source activity through radioactive decay is thus taken into account.

The POINTRAC 31 requires this information for the automatic decay compensation. This ensures error-free measurement over the entire

43835-EN-211203



lifetime of the gamma emitter - an annual recalibration is not necessary.

Enter the requested parameters via the appropriate keys, save your settings with *[OK]* and jump to the next menu item with the *[ESC]* and the *[->]* key.

Application Enter here, the respective application.

This menu item enables adaptation of the sensor to the requested application. You can choose between the following applications: "*Level*", "*Point level*" or "*Summation Secondary*".



Background radiation The natural radiation on earth influences the accuracy of the measurement.

With this menu item the natural background radiation can be faded out.

For this purpose, the POINTRAC 31 measures the natural background radiation and sets the pulse rate to zero.

In the future, the pulse rate from this background radiation will be automatically deducted from the total pulse rate. This means: only the component of the pulse rate originating from the source will be displayed.

The source container must be closed for this setting.



Unit

In this menu item you can select the temperature unit.

Tenperature uni	t
°C	•

Tenperature unit √≌ ≆

Adjustment mode in this menu item you can select if you want to carry out a single or double point adjustment on the sensor.

With the double point adjustment, the Delta I value is selected automatically.

We recommend selecting the double point adjustment. To use this, you must be able to change the level of the vessel so as to carry out the adjustment of the sensor with full status (covered) and with empty status (uncovered).

Hence, you will get a very reliable switching point.



With single point adjustment, you have to define the difference between the min. and max. adjustment points (Delta I) yourself during the following setup.



Adjustment "uncovered" (single point adjustment)

This menu item appears only if you have selected " **Single point** adjustment" as adjustment mode (Setup - Adjustment mode).

In this menu item you determine the point at which the POINTRAC 31 should switch in uncovered status.

Empty the vessel until the sensor is uncovered.

For this enter the requested pulse rate manually or let the rate be determined by POINTRAC 31. Automatic determination of the pulse rate should be given preference.

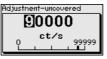
The count rate is stated in ct/s. This is the number of counts per second, i.e. the measured radioactive radiation dose actually reaching the sensor.

Prerequisites:

- Radiation is switched on Source container is set to "ON"
- There is no medium between source container and sensor



You can enter the value for " Adjustment uncovered" (ct/s) manually.



You can have the value for " *Adjustment uncovered*" determined by POINTRAC 31.



Delta I (single point adjustment)

This menu item appears only if you have selected " **Single point adjustment**" as adjustment mode (Setup - Adjustment mode).

In this menu item you can adjust at which percentage value of the max. pulse rate the sensor should switch over.

Since in most cases the radiation is almost completely absorbed when the sensor is covered, the pulse rate when the sensor is covered is very low.

The change between the two statuses is sufficiently clear.



Hence a percentage value of 90 % for the Delta I value is recommended.

You select lower values for sensitive detection of material cones or buildup which cause only partial absorption of the radiation.



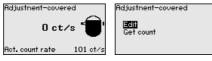
Adjustment "covered" (two-point adjustment) This menu item appears only if you have selected " **Two point adjustment**" as adjustment mode (Setup - Adjustment mode).

In this menu item you can set the min. pulse rate (ct/s) at which the sensor should switch over.

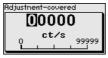
Fill the vessel until the POINTRAC 31 is covered.

You thus get the min. pulse rate (ct/s) for the "covered" adjustment.

Enter the requested pulse rate manually or let the rate be determined by POINTRAC 31. Automatic determination of the pulse rate should be given preference.



You can enter the adjustment point (ct/s) manually.



You can let the adjustment point be determined by POINTRAC 31.



Adjustment "uncovered" (two-point adjustment)

This menu item appears only if you have selected " **Two point adjustment**" as adjustment mode (Setup - Adjustment mode).

In this menu item you can set the max. pulse rate (ct/s) at which the sensor should switch over.

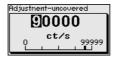
Empty the vessel until the POINTRAC 31 is uncovered.

You thus get the max. pulse rate (ct/s) for the "uncovered" adjustment.

Enter the requested pulse rate manually or let the rate be determined by POINTRAC 31. Automatic determination of the pulse rate should be given preference.



You can enter the adjustment point (ct/s) manually.



You can let the adjustment point be determined by POINTRAC 31.

Get count 610 ct/s Rocept Escape

AI FB1 Since the adjustment is very comprehensive, the menu points of Function Blocks 1 (FB1) were put together in a submenu.



Setup - AI FB1 - Channel In menu item" *Channel*" you determine which measured value the output refers to.



AI FB1 - scaling unit

In menu item " *Scaling unit*" you define the scaling variable and the scaling unit for the pulse rate on the display, e.g. volume in percent.

ture

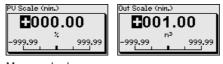
Out-Scale-Units	Height
Others 🔻	Density Mass flo
%	Dihers Tempera

Without unit ✓≧ ct∕s

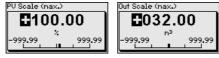
AI FB1 - scaling In menu item " *Scaling*" you define the scaling format on the display and the scaling of the measured values for 0 % and 100 %.

PV-/Out-Scale	OUT Scale Decimal Point
0.00 m	XXXXX
≅ 0.00 %	XXXXX
- 0.00 %	~******
100.00 m	******
≅ 100.00 %	*****

Measured value min.



Measured value max.





AI FB1 - damping	To damp process-dependent measured value fluctuations, you can set a time of 0 999 s in this menu item. PUFTime 0 s 0 s PUFTime 0 s s The default setting is a damping of 0 s.
Relay	In this menu item you can select which mode the sensor should oper- ate in. You can choose between overfill and dry run protection. The relay outputs of the sensor react accordingly. Overfill protection = the relay will deenergise (safe state) when the max. level is reached. Dry run protection = the relay will deenergise (safe state) when the min. level is reached.
Lock/Unlock adjustment	In the menu item " <i>Lock/unlock adjustment</i> ", you can protect the sensor parameters against unauthorized or inadvertent modification. The sensor is locked/unlocked permanently. With locked instrument, only the following adjustment functions are possible without entering a PIN: • Select menu items and show data • Read data from the sensor into the display and adjustment module Bedienung Gesperrt Freigeben? Before you lock the sensor in unlocked condition, you can modify the four-digit PIN number. Keep the entered PIN number in mind. Operation of the sensor is only possible with this PIN number.



Caution:

When the PIN is active, adjustment via PACTware/DTM as well as other systems is also blocked.

In delivery status, the PIN is 0000.

Call our service department if you have modified and forgotten the PIN.

6.3.2 Display

In the main menu point " *Display*", the individual submenu points should be selected one after the other and provided with the correct



parameters to ensure the optimum adjustment of the display. The procedure is described in the following.

Menu language This menu item enables the setting of the requested national language.

Menu language	Menu language Deutsch √ Istelisa
English 🔻	Français
	Español
	Pycokuu V

In delivery status, the sensor is set to the ordered national language. If no language is preset, you will be asked during setup.

Displayed value With this parameter you can change the indication of the display.

You can choose if the display should show the actual pulse rate, the electronics temperature or the percentage value.

6.3.3 Diagnostics

Device status

In this menu item, you can enquire the status of your sensor. In normal operation, the sensor displays the message " **OK**". In case of fault, you will find the corresponding fault code here.



Peak value indicator The peak value function holds the max. and min. values during operation.

- Pulse rates min./max.
- Temperature min./max./actually

Peak values	
Pulse/sec.min.	Oct/s
Pulse/sec.max.	35467 ct/s
Tmin.	21.5 °C
Tmax.	31.5 °C
Tact.	31.0 °C

Adjustment data

Here, you can retrieve the adjustment value of the sensor. This is the percentage value of the max. pulse rate at which the sensor switches over.

If you have carried out a single point adjustment, this is the entered value. With a two-point adjustment, this is the calculated value.

The value is an indication for the reliability and non-repeadability of the switching point.

The greater the difference in the pulse rate between covered and uncovered status, the greater the differential value (Delta I) and the more reliable the measurement. The automatically calculated damp-



ing is also oriented around the Delta I value. The higher the value, the lower the damping.

A Delta I value below 10 % is an indication for a critical measurement.



Simulation

In this menu item you can simulate measured values via the signal output. This allows the signal path to be tested, e.g. through down-stream indicating instruments or the input card of the control system.



Note:

To carry out a simulation with the display and adjustment module, you have to switch on the simulation switch on the electronics module (switch position 1).

You can find the rotary switch on the electronics module in the electronics and connection department (large cover).

You can simulate different values:



Pulse rate of the sensor



Switching function of the relay

Sinulation running	Simulation running
Relay	Relay
Closed 💌	Open √ Closed

Information: 10 minutes af

10 minutes after the key was pressed for the last time, the simulation is interrupted automatically. You can also interrupt the simulation with the switch on the electronics module.

Calculated damping

The sensor calculates a suitable integration time automatically.





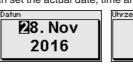
6.3.4 Additional adjustments

Date/Time



In this menu item you can set the actual date, time and display format.





T	
8:47	

Reset

When a reset is carried out, all settings (with only a few exceptions) are reset. The exceptions are: PIN, language, SIL and HART mode.



The following reset functions are available:

Basic settings: Resetting of the parameter adjustments to default values at the time of shipment. Order-specific settings are deleted.

Default settings: Resetting of the parameter adjustment like under "*Basic settings*". In addition, special parameters are reset to default values. Order-specific settings are deleted.

Peak values of measured value: Resetting of the parameter adjustments in the menu item " *Setup*" to the default values of the respective instrument. Order-specific settings remain but are not taken over into the current parameters.

Peak values of temperature: Resetting of the measured min. and max. temperatures to the actual measured value.

The following table shows the default values of the instrument. The values apply for the application " *Limit level*". First of all you have to select the application.

Depending on the instrument version, not all menu items may be available or they may be differently assigned:



Menu	Menu item	Default value
Setup	Sensor address	126
	Measurement loop name	Sensor
	Isotope	Cs-137
	Application	Limit level
	Background radiation	0 ct/s
	Temperature unit	°C
	Adjustment mode	1-point
	Adjustment (uncovered)	90000 ct/s
	Delta I	90 %
	AI FB1 Channel	Process value
	AI FB1 scaling unit	%
	AI FB1 scaling	0 % = 0 %
		100 % = 100 %
	AI FB1 damping	0 s
	Mode - Relay	Dry run protection
	Lock adjustment	Released
Display	Language	Selected language
	Displayed value	Pulse rate (ct/s)

HART mode

With this function you can select the mode.

The sensor offers the HART modes standard and multidrop.



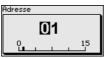
The default setting is standard with address 0.

If the measured value is output via the 4 ... 20 mA output, you must not switch over to HART Multidrop.

The mode 'Standard', with fixed address 0 (factory setting), means output of the measured value as 8/16 mA signal.

In Multidrop mode, several sensors are communicating on one twowire cable via the HART protocol.

In Multidrop mode, up to 15 sensors can be operated on one two-wire cable. An address between 1 and 15 must be assigned to each sensor.



43835-EN-211203

Copy instrument settings With this function



- Load parameter adjustment data from the sensor into the display and adjustment module
- Write parameter adjustment data from the display and adjustment module into the sensor



The copied data are permanently saved in an EEPROM memory in the display and adjustment module and remain there even in case of a power failure. From there, they can be written into one or more sensors or kept as backup for a possible sensor exchange.

Note:

Before the data are copied into the sensor, a check is carried out to determine if the data fit the sensor. If the data do not fit, a fault signal is triggered. When data are being written into the sensor, the display shows which instrument type the data originate from and which TAG number this sensor had.

6.3.5 Info

In this menu you will find the following menu items:

- Instrument name shows instrument name and serial number
- Instrument version shows hardware and software version of the instrument
- Date of manufacture shows calibration date and the date of the last change
- Profibus Ident Number shows the Profibus ident number
- Instrument features shows further instrument features, such as e.g. approval, electronics ...

Examples for info display:



6.4 Saving the parameterisation data

On paper We recommended writing down the adjustment data, e.g. in this operating instructions manual, and archiving them afterwards. They are thus available for multiple use or service purposes.

In the display and adjustment module If the instrument is equipped with a display and adjustment module, the parameter adjustment data can be saved therein. The procedure is described in menu item " *Copy device settings*".

43835-EN-211203

Info



7 Setup with PACTware

7.1 Connect the PC

Via the interface adapter directly on the sensor

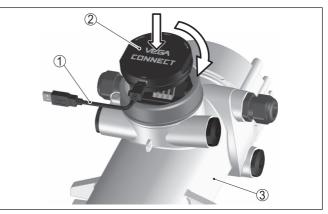


Fig. 18: Connection of the PC directly to the sensor via the interface adapter

- 1 USB cable to the PC
- 2 Interface adapter VEGACONNECT 4
- 3 Sensor



The interface adapter VEGACONNECT 3 is not suitable for connection to the sensor.

7.2 Parameter adjustment with PACTware

Prerequisites

For parameter adjustment of the sensor via a Windows PC, the configuration software PACTware and a suitable instrument driver (DTM) according to FDT standard are required. The up-to-date PACTware version as well as all available DTMs are compiled in a DTM Collection. The DTMs can also be integrated into other frame applications according to FDT standard.

Note:

To ensure that all instrument functions are supported, you should always use the latest DTM Collection. Furthermore, not all described functions are included in older firmware versions. You can download the latest instrument software from our homepage. A description of the update procedure is also available in the Internet.

Further setup steps are described in the operating instructions manual " *DTM Collection/PACTware*" attached to each DTM Collection and which can also be downloaded from the Internet. Detailed descriptions are available in the online help of PACTware and the DTMs.



SENSOR # Online para	ect Device Extras Window Help Device Extras Window Help Device State S	4 F X Application: Point level
Setion Setion		of the switching thresholds)
Software version 1.0.1/PRE Serial number 19245346 Device status OK	02 Adjustment mode Adjustment point	Adjustment point
12 ct/s	Delta I wice and data set 📝 🦉 Administrator	Determine pulse rate 90 % OK Cancel

Fig. 19: Example of a DTM view

Standard/Full version

All device DTMs are available as a free-of-charge standard version and as a full version that must be purchased. In the standard version, all functions for complete setup are already included. An assistant for simple project configuration simplifies the adjustment considerably. Saving/printing the project as well as import/export functions are also part of the standard version.

In the full version there is also an extended print function for complete project documentation as well as a save function for measured value and echo curves. In addition, there is a tank calculation program as well as a multiviewer for display and analysis of the saved measured value and echo curves.

The standard version is available as a download under <u>www.vega.com/downloads</u> and " *Software*". The full version is available on CD from the agency serving you.

7.3 Saving the parameterisation data

We recommend documenting or saving the parameterisation data via PACTware. That way the data are available for multiple use or service purposes.



8 Set up with other systems

8.1 DD adjustment programs

Device descriptions as Enhanced Device Description (EDD) are available for DD adjustment programs such as, for example, AMS[™] and PDM.

The files can be downloaded at <u>www.vega.com/downloads</u> under " *Software*".



9 Diagnostics and servicing

9.1 Maintenance

If the device is used properly, no special maintenance is required in normal operation.

The corresponding source container must be checked in regular intervals. You can find further information in the operating instructions manual of the source container.

9.2 Status messages

The instrument features self-monitoring and diagnostics according to NE 107 and VDI/VDE 2650. In addition to the status messages in the following tables there are more detailed error messages available under the menu item " *Diagnostics*" via the respective adjustment module.

Status messages

The status messages are divided into the following categories:

- Failure
- Function check
- Out of specification
- Maintenance required

and explained by pictographs:

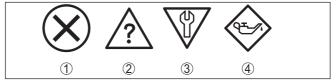


Fig. 20: Pictographs of the status messages

- 1 Failure red
- 2 Out of specification yellow
- 3 Function check orange
- 4 Maintenance required blue

Failure: Due to a malfunction in the instrument, a fault signal is output.

This status message is always active. It cannot be deactivated by the user.

Function check: The instrument is being worked on, the measured value is temporarily invalid (for example during simulation).

This status message is inactive by default.

Out of specification: The measured value is unreliable because an instrument specification was exceeded (e.g. electronics temperature).

This status message is inactive by default.

Maintenance required: Due to external influences, the instrument function is limited. The measurement is affected, but the measured value is still valid. Plan in maintenance for the instrument because a failure is expected in the near future (e.g. due to buildup).



Failure

This status message is inactive by default.

Code	Cause	Rectification
Text message		
F008 Error multi sensor communication	Additional sensors not switched on EMC influences No other sensor available	Check wiring between the sensors Connect the sensors correctly and make them ready for operation
F013 Sensor signals a fault F016	Error on the current input/digital input No valid measured value Connected instruments without function Values of the min. and max. adjustment ex-	Check current input Check connected instruments (Secondary instrument) Correct adjustment data
Adjustment data ex- changed	changed	
F017 Adjustment span too small	The values of the min. and max. adjustment are too close together	Correct adjustment data
F025 Invalid linearization table	Wrong or empty linearization table (1074, 1075, 1080, 1100, 1106) Wrong value in the linearization table (1143, 1144)	Create linearization table Correct linearization table
F030 Process value out of limits	Process values are not within the adjusted measuring range	Repeat adjustment
F034 EPROM hardware error	Electronics defective	Exchanging the electronics
F035 EPROM data error	Error in the internal instrument communi- cation	Carry out a reset Exchanging the electronics
F036 Faulty program memory	Error during software update	Repeat software update Exchanging the electronics
F037 RAM hardware error	Error in RAM	Exchanging the electronics
F038 Secondary signals failure	Connection cable to the Secondary instru- ment interrupted Instrument not defined as Secondary in- strument One of the Secondary instruments signals a failure	Check the connection cable to the Second- ary instrument Define instrument as Secondary Check Secondary instruments
F040 Hardware error	Instrument defective (1092, 1126) Temperature outside the specification (1091)	Restart instrument Exchanging the electronics Cool the instrument or protect it with isola- tion material against heat/cold
F041 Photomultiplier error	Error in the measured value recording	Exchanging the electronics



Code	Cause	Rectification
Text message		
F045	Error on the current output	Check wiring of the current output
Error on the current output		Exchanging the electronics
F052	Invalid parameter adjustment	Carry out a reset
Faulty configuration		
F114	Discharge accumulator	Readjust real time clock
Error real time clock		
F122	Instrument addresse was assigned sever-	Change instrument addresses
Double address on the multisensor com- munication bus	al times	
F123	External instruments cause radiation	Determine reason for X-ray alarm
X-ray alarm	Radiation above the max. adjustment value	In case of brief X-ray radiation: Monitor switching outputs for this time manually
F124	Radiation dose too high	Determine reason for increased radiation
Alarm due to in- creased radiation		
F125	Ambient temperature on the housing out-	Cool (heat) the instrument or protect it with
Ambient temperature too high	side the specification	isolation material against cold or radia- tion heat
F126	Instrument error	Call our service
Error in the trend re- cording		
F141	Secondary instrument does not answer	Check Secondary instruments
Communication error on the multisensor communication bus		

Tab. 2: Error codes and text messages, information on causes as well as corrective measures

Function check

Code	Cause	Rectification
Text message		
C029	Simulation active	Finish simulation
Simulation		Wait for the automatic end after 60 mins.

Tab. 3: Error codes and text messages, information on causes as well as corrective measures

Out of specification

Code	Cause	Rectification
Text message		
S017	Accuracy outside the specification	Correct adjustment data
Accuracy outside the speci- fication		



Code	Cause	Rectification
Text message		
S025	Bad linearization table	Carry out linearisation
Bad linearization table		
S038	Secondary instrument outside the spec-	Check Secondary instruments
Secondary outside the specification	ification	
S125	Ambient temperature too high/too low	Protect instrument with isolating material
Ambient temperature too high/too low		against extreme temperatures

Tab. 4: Error codes and text messages, information on causes as well as corrective measures

Maintenance	The instrument has no status messages to the section " <i>Mainte-nance</i> ".	
	9.3 Rectify faults	
Reaction when malfunc- tion occurs	The operator of the system is responsible for taking suitable meas- ures to rectify faults.	
Procedure for fault recti-	The first measures are:	
fication	 Evaluation of fault messages via the display and adjustment module Checking the output signal Treatment of measurement errors 	
	Further comprehensive diagnosis possibilities are offered by a PC with the software PACTware and suitable DTM.	
	In many case, the failure reasons can thus be determined and faults rectified.	
Check output signal	The following table describes possible faults that may not generate ar	

Check ou	itput s	ignal
----------	---------	-------

n error message:

Error	Cause	Rectification
The instrument signals cov-	Voltage supply missing	Check cables for breaks; repair if necessary
ered without being covered by the measured medium	Operating voltage too low	Check, adapt if necessary
The instrument signals uncov- ered while covered with the measured medium	Electrical connection faulty	Check connection according to chapter " Connection steps" and if necessary, correct ac- cording to chapter " Wiring plan"
	Electronics defective	Change the switching behaviour of the sensors under "Diagnosis/Simulation". If the instrument does not switch over, send it in for repair.
	Buildup on the inner wall of the vessel	Remove buildup Check the Delta I value. Improve the switching threshold - carry out a double point adjustment



Reaction after fault recti- fication	Depending on the reason for the fault and the measures taken, the steps described in chapter " <i>Setup</i> " must be carried out again or must be checked for plausibility and completeness.	
24 hour service hotline	Should these measures not be successful, please call in urgent cases the VEGA service hotline under the phone no. +49 1805 858550.	
	The hotline is also available outside normal working hours, seven days a week around the clock.	
	Since we offer this service worldwide, the support is provided in English. The service itself is free of charge, the only costs involved are the normal call charges.	

9.4 Exchanging the electronics module

If the electronics module is defective, it can be replaced by the user.



In Ex applications, only instruments and electronics modules with appropriate Ex approval may be used.

If there is no electronics module available on site, the electronics module can be ordered through the agency serving you. The electronics modules are adapted to the respective sensor and differ in signal output or voltage supply.

The new electronics module must be loaded with the default settings of the sensor. These are the options:

- In the factory
- Or on site by the user

In both cases, the serial number of the sensor is needed. The serial numbers are stated on the type label of the instrument, on the inside of the housing as well as on the delivery note.

When loading on site, the order data must first be downloaded from the Internet (see operating instructions " *Electronics module*").



Caution:

All application-specific settings must be entered again. That's why you have to carry out a fresh setup after exchanging the electronics.

If you saved the parameter settings during the first setup of the sensor, you can transfer them to the replacement electronics module. A fresh setup is then not necessary.

9.5 Software update

The following components are required to update the instrument software:

- Instrument
- Voltage supply
- Interface adapter VEGACONNECT
- PC with PACTware
- Current instrument software as file

You can find the current instrument software as well as detailed information on the procedure in the download area of our homepage: <u>www.vega.com</u>.



You can find information about the installation in the download file.



Caution:

Instruments with approvals can be bound to certain software versions. Therefore make sure that the approval is still effective after a software update is carried out.

You can find detailed information in the download area at <u>www.vega.com</u>.

9.6 How to proceed if a repair is necessary

The following procedure refers only to the sensor. Should a repair of the source container be necessary, you can find the respective instructions in the operating instructions manual of the source container.

You can find an instrument return form as well as detailed information about the procedure in the download area of our homepage: <u>www.vega.com</u>

By doing this you help us carry out the repair quickly and without having to call back for needed information.

If a repair is necessary, please proceed as follows:

- Print and fill out one form per instrument
- Clean the instrument and pack it damage-proof
- Attach the completed form and, if need be, also a safety data sheet outside on the packaging
- Please contact the agency serving you to get the address for the return shipment. You can find the agency on our home page <u>www.vega.com</u>.



10 Dismount

10.1 Dismounting steps



Before dismounting, be aware of dangerous process conditions such as e.g. pressure in the vessel or pipeline, high temperatures, corrosive or toxic media etc.

Take note of chapters " *Mounting*" and " *Connecting to voltage supply*" and carry out the listed steps in reverse order.

10.2 Disposal

The instrument consists of materials which can be recycled by specialised recycling companies. We use recyclable materials and have designed the electronics to be easily separable.

WEEE directive

The instrument does not fall in the scope of the EU WEEE directive. Article 2 of this Directive exempts electrical and electronic equipment from this requirement if it is part of another instrument that does not fall in the scope of the Directive. These include stationary industrial plants.

Pass the instrument directly on to a specialised recycling company and do not use the municipal collecting points.

If you have no way to dispose of the old instrument properly, please contact us concerning return and disposal.



11 Supplement

11.1 Technical data

Note for approved instruments

The technical data in the respective safety instructions which are included in delivery are valid for approved instruments (e.g. with Ex approval). These data can differ from the data listed herein, for example regarding the process conditions or the voltage supply.

All approval documents can be downloaded from our homepage.

General data	
316L corresponds to 1.4404 or 1.4435	
Materials, non-wetted parts	
- Detector tube	316L (only with version with 152 mm or 304 mm)
 Scintillation material 	PVT (Polyvinyltoluene)
 Aluminium die-cast housing 	Aluminium die-casting AlSi10Mg, powder-coated (Basis: Polyester)
 Stainless steel housing 	316L
- Seal between housing and housing lid	NBR (stainless steel housing, investment casting), silicone (Aluminium housing)
 Inspection window in housing cover (optional) 	Polycarbonate or glass
 Ground terminal 	316L
 Cable gland 	PA, stainless steel, brass
 Sealing, cable gland 	NBR
 Blind plug, cable gland 	PA, stainless steel
 Mounting accessories 	316L
Process fittings	
 Fastening lugs 	ø 9 mm (0.35 in), hole centre distance 119 mm (4.69 in)
Weight	
 Aluminium housing, with electronics 	3.4 kg (7.5 lbs) + measuring length
 Stainless steel housing, with electron- ics 	8.36 kg (18.43 lbs) + measuring length
 Measuring length 46 mm (1.8 in) 	0.7 kg (1.54 lbs)
 Measuring length 152 mm (6 in) 	0.98 kg (2.16 lbs)
 Measuring length 304 mm (12 in) 	1.95 kg (4.3 lbs)
- Maximum total weight, incl. accessory	72 kg (158 lbs)
Max. torque, mounting screws	
 Fastening lugs in the sensor housing 	15 Nm (11.1 lbf ft), stainless steel A4-70
Max. torque for NPT cable glands and Co	nduit tubes
 Aluminium/Stainless steel housing 	50 Nm (36.88 lbf ft)

Input variable

Measured variable

The measured variable is the intensity of the gamma radiation. When the intensity of the radiation is below the stipulated value due to a damping by the medium, the POINTRAC 31 switches.

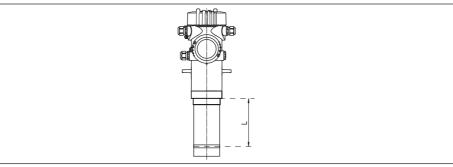


Fig. 21: Data of the input variable

L Measuring range (range in which the switching point must lie)

6 mm (1.8 in), 152 mm (6 in) or 304 mm (12 in)
20 mA, passive
250 Ω
nax. 6 V
0 mA
00 mA
nax. 24 V
r

Output variable

Output	
 Output signal 	digital output signal, format according to IEEE-754
 Sensor address 	126 (default setting)
Damping (63 % of the input variable)	0 999 s, adjustable
Profibus PA profile	3.02
Number of FBs with AI (function blocks with analogue input)	3
Default values	
– 1. FB	PV
– 2. FB	Electronics temperature
– 3. FB	Pulse rate
Current value	10 mA, ±0.5 mA



Relay output	
Output	Relay output (SPDT), floating spdt
Switching voltage	max. 253 V AC/DC
	With circuits > 150 V AC/DC, the relay contacts must be in the same circuit.
Switching current	max. 3 A AC (cos phi > 0.9), 1 A DC
Switching current	
- Standard	max. 3 A AC (cos phi > 0.9), 1 A DC
– USA, Canada	max. 3 A AC (cos phi > 0.9)
Breaking capacity	
– Min.	50 mW
– Max.	Standard: 750 VA AC, 40 W DC (at U < 40 V DC)
	USA, Canada: 750 VA AC
	If inductive loads or stronger currents are switched through, the gold plating on the relay contact surface will be permanently damaged. The contact is then no longer suitable for switching low-level signal circuits.
Contact material (relay contacts)	AgNi or AgSnO2 each with 3 μ m gold plating
Transistor output	
Output	Floating transistor output, permanently shortcircuit-proof
Load current	< 400 mA
Voltage loss	< 1 V
Switching voltage	< 55 V DC
Blocking current	< 10 µA
Measurement accuracy (according	to DIN EN 60770-1)
Process reference conditions according	g to DIN EN 61298-1
- Temperature	+18 +30 °C (+64 +86 °F)
 Relative humidity 	45 75 %
 Air pressure 	860 … 1060 mbar/86 … 106 kPa (12.5 … 15.4 psig)
Non-repeatability	≤ 0.5 %
Deviation with bulk solids	The values depend to a great extent on the application. Binding specifications are thus not possible.
Deviation under EMC influence	≤ 1 %
Ambient conditions	
Storage and transport temperature	-40 +60 °C (-40 +140 °F)
Process conditions	
	o note the specifications on the type label. The lower value
always applies.	

43835-EN-211203



Process temperature (measured on the	-40 +60 °C (-40 +140 °F)		
detector tube)	With temperatures of more than 60 °C we recommend the use of water cooling		
Vibration resistance ³⁾	mechanical vibrations up to 1 g in the frequency range 5 200 Hz		

Electromechanical data - version IP66/IP67

Options of the cable entry

- Cable entry
- Cable gland
- Blind plug
- Closing cap

M20 x 1.5; ½ NPT M20 x 1.5; ½ NPT (cable diameter see below table) M20 x 1.5; ½ NPT ½ NPT

Material ca- Material seal	Cable diameter					
ble gland	insert	4.5 8.5 mm	5 9 mm	6 12 mm	7 12 mm	10 14 mm
PA	NBR	-	•	•	-	•
Brass, nickel- plated	NBR	•	•	•	-	-
Stainless steel	NBR	-	•	•	-	•

Flammability class - Supply lines

at least VW-1

Wire cross-section (spring-loaded terminals)

- Massive wire,	stranded wire
-----------------	---------------

- Stranded wire with end sleeve

Output of the temperature values

0.2 ... 2.5 mm² (AWG 24 ... 14) 0.2 ... 1.5 mm² (AWG 24 ... 16)

Integrated clock

0	
Date format	Day.Month.Year
Time format	12 h/24 h
Time zone, factory setting	CET
Max. rate deviation	10.5 min/year

Additional output parameter - Electronics temperature

Output of the temperature values	
- Analogue	Via the current output
- Digital	Via the digital output signal (depending on the electron- ics version)
Range	-40 +50 °C (-40 +122 °F)
Resolution	< 0.1 K
Accuracy	±5 K

43835-EN-211203

³⁾ Tested according to the guidelines of German Lloyd, GL directive 2.



Voltage supply			
Sensor power supply	24 65 V DC (-15 +10 %) or 24 230 V AC (-15 +10 %), 50/60 Hz 9 32 V DC		
Profibus PA			
Number of sensors per DP/PA segment coupler, max.	32		
Electrical protective measures			
Application area	Outdoor areas		
Altitude above sea level	2000 m (6561 ft)		
Protection class	1		
Pollution degree	4 ⁴)		
Relative humidity	max. 100 %		
Protection, depending on housing ver- sion	IP66/IP67 (NEMA Type 4X) ⁵⁾		
Overvoltage category	 6)		

11.2 Device communication Profibus PA

In the following, the necessary device-specific details are shown. You can find further information of Profibus PA on <u>www.profibus.com</u>.

Instrument master file

The instrument master file (GSD) contains the characteristic data of the Profibus PA instrument. These data are, e.g. the permissible transmission rates as well as information on diagnostics values and the format of the measured value output by the PA instrument.

A bitmap file is also provided for the Profibus network planning tool. This file is installed automatically when the GSD file is integrated. The bitmap file is used for symbolic indication of the PA instrument in the configuration tool.

ID number

Each Profibus instrument gets an unambiguous ident number (ID number) from the Profibus user organisation (PNO). This ID number is also included in the name of the GSD file. Optionally in addition to this manufacturer-specific GSD file, PNO also provides a general so-called profile-specific GSD file. If the general GSD file is used, the sensor must be set to the profile-specific ident number via the DTM software. By default, the sensor operates with the manufacturer-specific ID number. When using the instruments on a segment coupler SK-2 or SK-3, no special GSD files are required.

The following table shows the instrument ID and the GSD names for the PROTRAC sensor series.

Device name	Instrument ID		GSD file name	
	VEGA Instrument class in profile 3.02		VEGA	Profile-specific
MINITRAC 31	0xCF5	0x9702	VE010CF5.GSD	PA139702.GSD
FIBERTRAC 31	0xCF2	0x9702	VE010CF2.GSD	PA139702.GSD

- ⁴⁾ Micro-environment in housing: pollution degree 2
- ⁵⁾ A suitable cable is required for maintaining the protection rating.
- ⁶⁾ Alternative: Overvoltage category II with operating height up to 5000 m



Device name	Instrur	nent ID	GSD fil	e name		
	VEGA	Instrument class in profile 3.02	VEGA	Profile-specific		
SOLITRAC 31	0xCF4	0x9702	VE010CF4.GSD	PA139702.GSD		
POINTRAC 31	0xD48	0x9702	VE010D48.GSD	PA139702.GSD		
WEIGHTRAC 31	0xCF8	0x9702	VE010CF8.GSD	PA139702.GSD		

Cyclical data traffic

The Primary class 1 (e.g. PLC) cyclically reads out measured values from the sensor during operation. The below block diagram below shows which data can be accessed by the PLC.

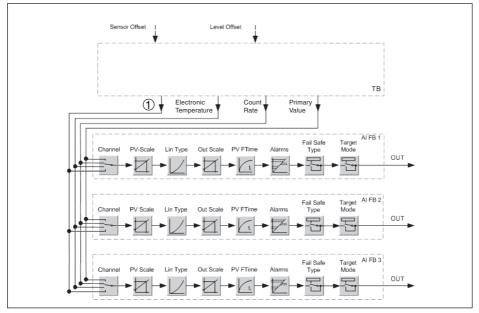


Fig. 22: POINTRAC 31: Block diagram with AI FB 1 ... AI FB 3 OUT values

TB Transducer Block FB 1 ... FB 3

Function Block

1 Output value, adjustable (depending on instrument type and application - see following list)

- Process temperature
- Vapour density
- Density
- Volume flow
- Ground
- Belt speed
- Loading

Module of the PA sensors

For the cyclic data traffic, POINTRAC 31 provides the following modules:





- AI FB1 (OUT)
- Out value of the AI FB1 after scaling
- AI FB2 (OUT)
 - Out value of the AI FB2 after scaling
- AI FB3 (OUT)
 - Out value of the AI FB3 after scaling
- Free Place
 - This module must be used if a value in the data telegram of the cyclical data traffic should not be used (e.g. replacement of temperature and Additional Cyclic Value)

A maximum of three modules can be active. By means of the configuration software of the Profibus master you can determine the configuration of the cyclical data telegram with these modules. The procedure depends on the respective configuration software.

• Note:

The modules are available in two versions:

- Short for Profibus master supporting only one "Identifier Format" byte, e.g. Allen Bradley
- Long for Profibus master only supporting the "Identifier Format" byte, e.g. Siemens S7-300/400

Examples of telegram configuration

In the following you will see how the modules can be combined and how the appendant data telegram is structured.

Example 1

- AI FB1 (OUT)
- AI FB2 (OUT)
- AI FB3 (OUT)

Byte- No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
For- mat	IEEE-754-Floating point Sta- value tus							loating lue	point	Sta- tus	IEEE	point	Sta- tus		
Value		AI FB1	(OUT)		AI FB1		AI FB2	(OUT)		AI AI FB3 (OUT) FB2					AI FB3

Example 2

- AI FB1 (OUT)
- Free Place
- Free Place

Byte-No.	1	2	3	4	5
Format		IEEE-754-Floa	ting point value		Status
Value		AI FB1			



Bytes 6-15 are not used in this example.



Data format of the output signal

Byte4	Byte3	Byte2	Byte1	Byte0
Status	Va	alue (IEE	E-754)	

Fig. 23: Data format of the output signal

The status byte corresponds to profile 3.02 "Profibus PA Profile for Process Control Devices" coded. The status "Measured value OK" is coded as 80 (hex) (Bit7 = 1, Bit6 ... 0 = 0).

The measured value is transferred as a 32 bit floating point number in the IEEE-754 format.

Byte n Byte n+1										Byte n+2								Byte n+3													
Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
VZ	-	26	25	2 ⁴	2 ³	2 ²	21	20	2-1	2-2	2 ⁻³	2-4	2.5	2.6	27	2-8	2-9	210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	2 ²	⁰ 2 ²¹	222	223
Sigr Bit													Sig	nific	ant			Significant													

Value = $(-1)^{VZ} \cdot 2^{(Exponent - 127)} \cdot (1 + Significant)$

Fig. 24: Data format of the measured value

Coding of the status byte associated with the PA output value

You can find further information for the coding of the status byte in the Device Description 3.02 on <u>www.profibus.com</u>.

Status code	Description according to Profibus standard	Fault description
0 x 24	bad	(F) Failure
0 x 3C	bad	(C) Function Check
0 x 78	uncertain	(S) Out of Spec
0 x A4	good	(M) Maintenance required
0 x A8	good	(M) Maintenance demanded
0 x 00	good	(G) Good

Mapping - User error codes

Priority	Description according to Profibus standard	User Error Codes	NE-107 status
31	Hardware Failure	40, 41	FAILURE
30	Memory Failure	34, 35, 36, 37	FAILURE
29	Software Failure	80	FAILURE
28	Parameterization corrupt	72	FAILURE
27	Undefined 27	-	-
26	Undefined 26	-	-
25	Parameterization Error	16, 17, 25, 52, 53, 57, 66, 117, 120	FAILURE
24	Conflict in MGC	121, 122, 141	FAILURE



Priority	Description according to Profibus standard	User Error Codes	NE-107 status
23	Communication Error in MGC	8	FAILURE
22	MGC-Secondary reports Error	38	FAILURE
21	Undefined 21	-	-
20	Undefined 20	-	-
19	Undefined 19	-	-
18	Detector Temperature critical	125	OUT_OF_SPEC
17	Error while Auto-Standardization	73	FAILURE
16	Excessive Radiation	123, 124	FAILURE
15	Input out of Bounds	13	OUT_OF_SPEC
14	Error while Signal Processing	68	FAILURE
13	Undefined 13	-	-
12	Undefined 12	-	-
11	Undefined 11	-	-
10	Undefined 10	-	-
9	Undefined 9	-	-
8	Undefined 8	-	-
7	AITB Simulated	29	FUNCTION CHECK
6	Undefined 6	-	-
5	Undefined 5	-	-
4	Undefined 4	-	-
3	Undefined 3	-	-
2	Undefined 2	-	-
1	Error while Trend Recording	126, 127	GOOD
0	Undefined 01	-	-
Not display	ed	33, 45, 71, 86	GOOD

• Note:

The NE-107 status preset in the delivery status is only a recommendation. You can adapt the settings according to PA profile 3.02. See DIAG_EVENT_SWITCH.

11.3 Dimensions

The following dimensional drawings represent only an extract of all possible versions. Detailed dimensional drawings can be downloaded at <u>www.vega.com/downloads</u> under " *Drawings*".



Aluminium and stainless steel housing

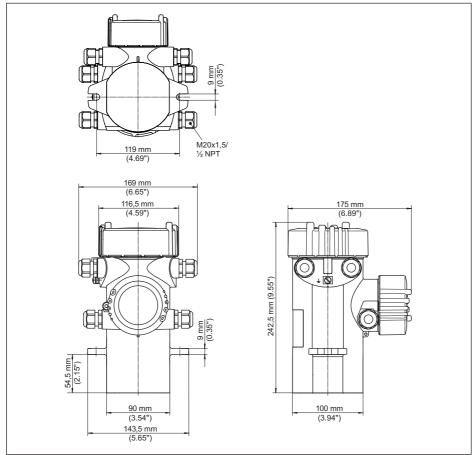


Fig. 25: Aluminium housing or stainless steel housing (precision casting)



POINTRAC 31 with detector tube

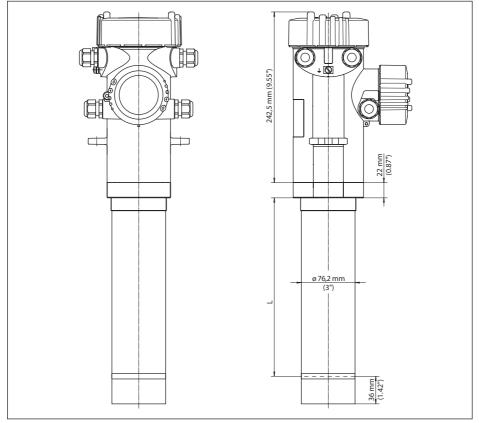


Fig. 26: POINTRAC 31 with detector tube - measuring length: 152 mm or 304 mm (6 in/12 in)

L Measuring range = Order length 152 mm or 304 mm (6 in/12 in)



POINTRAC 31 - Mounting example

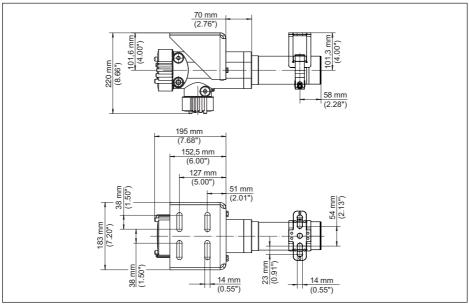
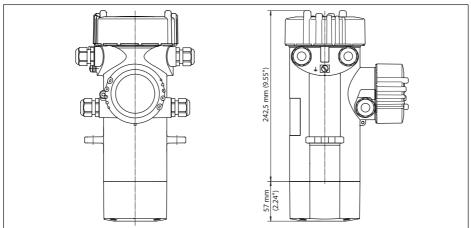


Fig. 27: POINTRAC 31 with detector tube, 152 mm or 304 mm (6 in/12 in) - with supplied mounting accessories



POINTRAC 31 without detector tube

Fig. 28: POINTRAC 31 without detector tube - measuring range = order length 46 mm (1.8 in)



POINTRAC 31 - Mounting example

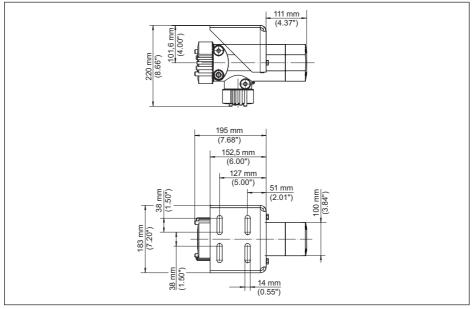


Fig. 29: POINTRAC 31 without detector tube, 46 mm (1.8 in) - supplied mounting accessories



11.4 Industrial property rights

VEGA product lines are global protected by industrial property rights. Further information see <u>www.vega.com</u>.

VEGA Produktfamilien sind weltweit geschützt durch gewerbliche Schutzrechte.

Nähere Informationen unter www.vega.com.

Les lignes de produits VEGA sont globalement protégées par des droits de propriété intellectuelle. Pour plus d'informations, on pourra se référer au site <u>www.vega.com</u>.

VEGA lineas de productos están protegidas por los derechos en el campo de la propiedad industrial. Para mayor información revise la pagina web <u>www.vega.com</u>.

Линии продукции фирмы ВЕГА защищаются по всему миру правами на интеллектуальную собственность. Дальнейшую информацию смотрите на сайте <u>www.vega.com</u>.

VEGA系列产品在全球享有知识产权保护。

进一步信息请参见网站< www.vega.com。

11.5 Trademark

All the brands as well as trade and company names used are property of their lawful proprietor/ originator.



INDEX

Α

Accessories 9 - Display and adjustment module 9 - External display and adjustment unit 9 - Gamma modulator 10 Adjustment - System 28 Adjustment data 36 Adjustment mode 31 Adjustment point 32 AI FB1 Function Block 34 Application 31

В

Background radiation 31

С

Cable entry 14, 20 Cable gland 14, 20 Channel 34 Check signal 47 Connection cable 20 Connection procedure 21 Connection technology 21 Control areas 12 Cooling 9 Cyclical data traffic 56

D

Damping 35, 37 Data format, output signal 58 Date 38 Date of manufacture 40 Default values 38 Delta I 32 Device DTM 41 Device name 40 Device settings Copy 39 Device status 36 Displayed value 36

E

EDD (Enhanced Device Description) 43

F

Fault rectification 47 Functional principle 8

Ga Ga

43835-EN-211203

Gamma modulator 10

GSD file 55

Н

Handling permit 11 Hardware addressing 25, 30 HART 39 Heat 19

I

Installation position 14 Instrument address 25 Instrument features 40 Instrument master file 55 Instrument return form 49 Isotope - Co-60 30 - Cs-137 30

L

Language 36 Lock adjustment 35

Μ

Main menu 29 Measurement loop name 30 Mode 39

Ν

NAMUR NE 107 44

- Failure 45 - Function check 46
- Maintenance 47
- Out of specification 46

Ρ

PACTware 41 PA modules 56 Peak value indicator 36 Protection class 20

R

Radiation protection 11 Radiation safety officer 11 Relay 35 Repair 49 Replacement parts – Electronics module 9 Reset 38

S

Scaling 34



Scaling unit 34 Sensor address 29 Sensor orientation 17 Service hotline 48 Simulation 37 Software addressing 26, 30 Source 30 Source holder 11 Status bytes PA output value 58

Т

Telegram configuration 57 Time 38 Type label 7

U

Unit 31

V

Voltage supply 20

W

Water cooling 19



Printing date:



All statements concerning scope of delivery, application, practical use and operating conditions of the sensors and processing systems correspond to the information available at the time of printing.

Subject to change without prior notice

© VEGA Grieshaber KG, Schiltach/Germany 2021

CE

VEGA Grieshaber KG Am Hohenstein 113 77761 Schiltach Germany

Phone +49 7836 50-0 E-mail: info.de@vega.com www.vega.com