Operating Instructions

Submersible pressure transmitter with metal measuring cell

VEGABAR 87

Profibus PA





Document ID: 45047







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Safety instructions for Ex areas



Take note of the Ex specific safety instructions for Ex applications. These instructions are attached as documents to each instrument with Ex approval and are part of the operating instructions.

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1 About this document

1.1 Function

This instruction provides all the information you need for mounting, connection and setup as well as important instructions for maintenance, fault rectification, the exchange of parts and the safety of the user. Please read this information before putting the instrument into operation and keep this manual accessible in the immediate vicinity of the device.

1.2 Target group

This operating instructions manual is directed to trained personnel. The contents of this manual must be made available to the qualified personnel and implemented.

1.3 Symbols used



Document ID

This symbol on the front page of this instruction refers to the Document ID. By entering the Document ID on www.vega.com you will reach the document download.



Information, **note**, **tip**: This symbol indicates helpful additional information and tips for successful work.



Note: This symbol indicates notes to prevent failures, malfunctions, damage to devices or plants.



Caution: Non-observance of the information marked with this symbol may result in personal injury.



Warning: Non-observance of the information marked with this symbol may result in serious or fatal personal injury.



Danger: Non-observance of the information marked with this symbol results in serious or fatal personal injury.



Ex applications

This symbol indicates special instructions for Ex applications.

List

The dot set in front indicates a list with no implied sequence.

Sequence of actions Numbers set in front indicate successive steps in a procedure.

teries and accumulators.



Battery disposal

This symbol indicates special information about the disposal of bat-

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2 For your safety

2.1 Authorised personnel

All operations described in this documentation must be carried out only by trained, qualified personnel authorised by the plant operator.

During work on and with the device, the required personal protective equipment must always be worn.

2.2 Appropriate use

Model VEGABAR 87 is a pressure transmitter for level and gauge measurement.

You can find detailed information about the area of application in chapter " *Product description*".

Operational reliability is ensured only if the instrument is properly used according to the specifications in the operating instructions manual as well as possible supplementary instructions.

2.3 Warning about incorrect use

Inappropriate or incorrect use of this product can give rise to application-specific hazards, e.g. vessel overfill through incorrect mounting or adjustment. Damage to property and persons or environmental contamination can result. Also, the protective characteristics of the instrument can be impaired.

2.4 General safety instructions

This is a state-of-the-art instrument complying with all prevailing regulations and directives. The instrument must only be operated in a technically flawless and reliable condition. The operator is responsible for the trouble-free operation of the instrument. When measuring aggressive or corrosive media that can cause a dangerous situation if the instrument malfunctions, the operator has to implement suitable measures to make sure the instrument is functioning properly.

The safety instructions in this operating instructions manual, the national installation standards as well as the valid safety regulations and accident prevention rules must be observed by the user.

For safety and warranty reasons, any invasive work on the device beyond that described in the operating instructions manual may be carried out only by personnel authorised by the manufacturer. Arbitrary conversions or modifications are explicitly forbidden. For safety reasons, only the accessory specified by the manufacturer must be used.

To avoid any danger, the safety approval markings and safety tips on the device must also be observed.

2.5 EU conformity

The device fulfils the legal requirements of the applicable EU directives. By affixing the CE marking, we confirm the conformity of the instrument with these directives.



The EU conformity declaration can be found on our homepage.

2.6 NAMUR recommendations

NAMUR is the automation technology user association in the process industry in Germany. The published NAMUR recommendations are accepted as the standard in field instrumentation.

The device fulfils the requirements of the following NAMUR recommendations:

- NE 21 Electromagnetic compatibility of equipment
- NE 53 Compatibility of field devices and display/adjustment components
- NE 107 Self-monitoring and diagnosis of field devices

For further information see www.namur.de.

2.7 Installation and operation in the USA and Canada

This information is only valid for USA and Canada. Hence the following text is only available in the English language.

Installations in the US shall comply with the relevant requirements of the National Electrical Code (ANSI/NFPA 70).

Installations in Canada shall comply with the relevant requirements of the Canadian Electrical Code.

2.8 Environmental instructions

Protection of the environment is one of our most important duties. That is why we have introduced an environment management system with the goal of continuously improving company environmental protection. The environment management system is certified according to DIN EN ISO 14001.

Please help us fulfil this obligation by observing the environmental instructions in this manual:

- Chapter " Packaging, transport and storage"
- Chapter " Disposal"



3 Product description

3.1 Configuration

Scope of delivery

The scope of delivery encompasses:

- VEGABAR 87 pressure transmitter
- Ventilation valves, closing screws depending on version (see chapter "Dimensions")

The further scope of delivery encompasses:

- Documentation
 - Quick setup guide VEGABAR 87
 - Test certificate for pressure transmitters
 - Instructions for optional instrument features
 - Ex-specific "Safety instructions" (with Ex versions)
 - If necessary, further certificates

Information:



Optional instrument features are also described in this operating instructions manual. The respective scope of delivery results from the order specification.

Scope of this operating instructions

This operating instructions manual applies to the following instrument versions:

- Hardware from 1.0.0
- Software version from 1.2.0

Note



You can find the hardware and software version of the instrument as follows:

- On the type plate of the electronics module
- In the adjustment menu under " Info"

Type label

The type label contains the most important data for identification and use of the instrument:





Fig. 1: Layout of the type label (example)

- 1 Product code
- 2 Field for approvals
- 3 Technical data
- 4 Serial number of the instrument
- 5 QR code
- 6 Symbol of the device protection class
- 7 ID numbers, instrument documentation

Serial number - Instrument search

The type label contains the serial number of the instrument. With it you can find the following instrument data on our homepage:

- Product code (HTML)
- Delivery date (HTML)
- Order-specific instrument features (HTML)
- Operating instructions and quick setup guide at the time of shipment (PDF)
- Order-specific sensor data for an electronics exchange (XML)
- Test certificate (PDF) optional

Move to "www.vega.com" and enter in the search field the serial number of your instrument.

Alternatively, you can access the data via your smartphone:

- Download the VEGA Tools app from the "Apple App Store" or the "Google Play Store"
- Scan the DataMatrix code on the type label of the instrument or
- Enter the serial number manually in the app

3.2 Principle of operation

Measured variables

The VEGABAR 87 is suitable for the measurement of the following process variables:

Level



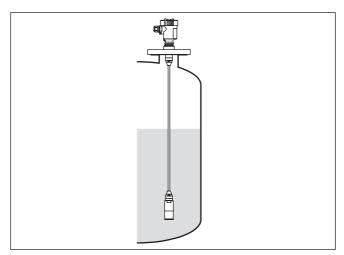


Fig. 2: Level measurement with VEGABAR 87

Electronic differential pressure

Depending on the version, the VEGABAR 87 is also suitable for electronic differential pressure measurement. For this, the instrument is combined with a Secondary Device.

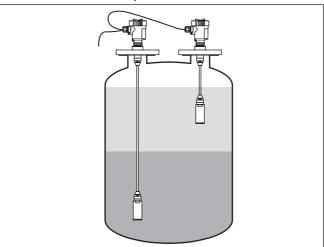


Fig. 3: Electronic differential pressure measurement via a Primary/Secondary combination

You can find detailed information in the operating instructions of the respective Secondary Device.

Application area

The VEGABAR 87 is a pressure transmitter for pressure and level measurements of liquids with higher temperatures in the chemical, food processing and pharmaceutical industry.



Measured products

Measured products are liquids.

Depending on the instrument version and the measurement setup, the measured products can be also viscous.

Measuring system

The process pressure acts on the sensor element via the stainless steel diaphragm and an internal transmission liquid. The process pressure causes a resistance change which is converted into a corresponding output signal and output as measured value.

The METEC® measuring cell is the measuring unit. It consists of the ceramic-capacitive CERTEC® measuring cell and a special, temperature-compensated isolating system.

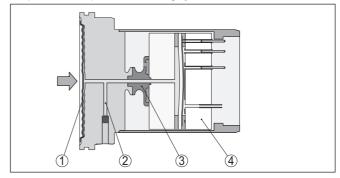


Fig. 4: Configuration of the METEC® measuring cell with VEGABAR 87

- 1 Process diaphragm
- 2 Isolating liquid
- 3 FeNi adapter
- 4 CERTEC® measuring cell

Seal concept

The measuring system is completely welded and hence sealed against the process. The sealing of the process fitting against the process is carried out by a seal provided on site.

Seal concept

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The following illustration shows the installation of the ceramic measuring cell in the sensor as well as the sealing concept.

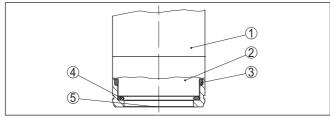


Fig. 5: Front-flush installation of the ceramic measuring cell with double seal

- 1 Housing, sensor
- 2 Measuring cell
- 3 Lateral seal for measuring cell
- 4 Additional, front seal for measuring cell
- 5 Diaphragm



3.3 Packaging, transport and storage

Packaging

Your instrument was protected by packaging during transport. Its capacity to handle normal loads during transport is assured by a test based on ISO 4180.

The packaging consists of environment-friendly, recyclable cardboard. For special versions, PE foam or PE foil is also used. Dispose of the packaging material via specialised recycling companies.

Transport

Transport must be carried out in due consideration of the notes on the transport packaging. Nonobservance of these instructions can cause damage to the device.

Transport inspection

The delivery must be checked for completeness and possible transit damage immediately at receipt. Ascertained transit damage or concealed defects must be appropriately dealt with.

Storage

Up to the time of installation, the packages must be left closed and stored according to the orientation and storage markings on the outside.

Unless otherwise indicated, the packages must be stored only under the following conditions:

- Not in the open
- Drv and dust free
- · Not exposed to corrosive media
- Protected against solar radiation
- · Avoiding mechanical shock and vibration

Storage and transport temperature

- Storage and transport temperature see chapter " Supplement -Technical data - Ambient conditions"
- Relative humidity 20 ... 85 %

Lifting and carrying

With instrument weights of more than 18 kg (39.68 lbs) suitable and approved equipment must be used for lifting and carrying.

3.4 Accessories

The instructions for the listed accessories can be found in the download area on our homepage.

PLICSCOM

The display and adjustment module is used for measured value indication, adjustment and diagnosis.

The integrated Bluetooth module (optional) enables wireless adjustment via standard adjustment devices.

VEGACONNECT

The interface adapter VEGACONNECT enables the connection of communication-capable instruments to the USB interface of a PC.

Secondary sensors

Secondary sensors of VEGABAR series 80 enable in conjunction with VEGABAR 87 an electronic differential pressure measurement.

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VEGADIS 81 The VEGADIS 81 is an external display and adjustment unit for VEGA

plics® sensors.

VEGADIS adapter The VEGADIS adapter is an accessory part for sensors with double

chamber housings. It enables the connection of VEGADIS 81 to the

sensor housing via an M12 x 1 plug.

Overvoltage protection The overvoltage arrester B81-35 is used instead of the terminals in

the single or double chamber housing.

Protective cover The protective cover protects the sensor housing against soiling and

intense heat from solar radiation.

Flanges Screwed flanges are available in different versions according to the

following standards: DIN 2501, EN 1092-1, BS 10, ASME B 16.5,

JIS B 2210-1984, GOST 12821-80.

Welded socket, threaded and hygienic adapter

Welded sockets are used to connect the devices to the process, threaded and hygienic adapters for easy adaptation of devices with

standard threaded fittings, e.g. to hygienic connections on the pro-

cess side.



4 Mounting

4.1 General instructions

Process conditions



Note:

For safety reasons, the instrument must only be operated within the permissible process conditions. You can find detailed information on the process conditions in chapter " *Technical data*" of the operating instructions or on the type label.

Hence make sure before mounting that all parts of the instrument exposed to the process are suitable for the existing process conditions.

These are mainly:

- · Active measuring component
- Process fitting
- Process seal

Process conditions in particular are:

- Process pressure
- Process temperature
- · Chemical properties of the medium
- Abrasion and mechanical influences

Protection against moisture

Protect your instrument against moisture ingress through the following measures:

- Use a suitable connection cable (see chapter " Connecting to power supply")
- Tighten the cable gland or plug connector
- Lead the connection cable downward in front of the cable entry or plug connector

This applies mainly to outdoor installations, in areas where high humidity is expected (e.g. through cleaning processes) and on cooled or heated vessels.



Note:

Make sure that during installation or maintenance no moisture or dirt can get inside the instrument.

To maintain the housing protection, make sure that the housing lid is closed during operation and locked, if necessary.

Screwing in

Devices with threaded fitting are screwed into the process fitting with a suitable wrench via the hexagon.

See chapter " Dimensions" for wrench size.



Warning:

The housing or the electrical connection may not be used for screwing in! Depending on the device version, tightening can cause damage, e. g. to the rotation mechanism of the housing.

Vibrations

Avoid damages on the device by lateral forces, for example by vibrations. It is thus recommended to fix the devices with process fitting



thread G½ of plastic at the installation site via a suitable measuring instrument holder

If there is strong vibration at the mounting location, the instrument version with external housing should be used. See chapter " *External housing*".

Permissible process pressure (MWP) - Device

The permissible process pressure range is specified on the type label with "MWP" (Maximum Working Pressure), see chapter "*Configuration*". This applies even if a measuring cell with a measuring range (order-related) higher than the permissible pressure range of the process fitting is installed.

In addition, a temperature derating of the process fitting, e. g. with flanges, can limit the permissible process pressure range according to the respective standard.

Permissible process pressure (MWP) - Mounting accessory

The permissible process pressure range is stated on the type label. The instrument should only be operated with these pressures if the mounting accessory used also fulfils these values. This should be ensured by suitable flanges, welded sockets, tension rings with Clamp connections, sealings, etc.

Temperature limits

Higher process temperatures often mean also higher ambient temperatures. Make sure that the upper temperature limits stated in chapter "*Technical data*" for the environment of the electronics housing and connection cable are not exceeded.

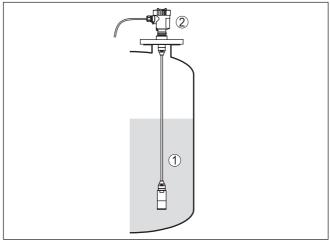


Fig. 6: Temperature ranges

- 1 Process temperature
- 2 Ambient temperature

Transport and mounting protection

Depending on the transmitter, the VEGABAR 87 is supplied with a protective cap or a transport and mounting protection.



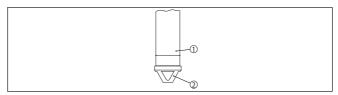


Fig. 7: VEGABAR 87, transport and mounting protection

- 1 Transmitter
- 2 Transport and mounting protection

Remove this protection after mounting and before setting up the instrument.

In case of slightly contaminated measured media, the transport and mounting protection can remain on the instrument as an impact protection during operation.

4.2 Ventilation and pressure compensation

Filter element - Function

The filter element in the electronics housing has the following functions:

- Ventilation of the electronics housing
- Atmospheric pressure compensation (with relative pressure measuring ranges)



Caution:

The filter element causes a time-delayed pressure compensation. When quickly opening/closing the housing cover, the measured value can change for approx. 5 s by up to 15 mbar.

For an effective ventilation, the filter element must be always free from buildup. In case of horizontal mounting, turn the housing so that the filter element points downward after the instrument is installed. This provides better protection against buildup.



Caution:

Do not use a high-pressure cleaner. The filter element could be damaged, which would allow moisture into the housing.

The following paragraphs describe how the filter element is arranged in the different instrument versions.



Filter element - Position

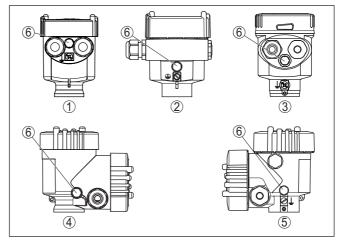


Fig. 8: Position of the filter element

- 1 Plastic, stainless steel single chamber (precision casting)
- 2 Aluminium single chamber
- 3 Stainless steel single chamber (electropolished)
- 4 Plastic double chamber
- 5 Aluminium, stainless steel double chamber housing (precision casting)
- 6 Filter element

With the following instruments a blind plug is installed instead of the filter element:

- Instruments in protection IP66/IP68 (1 bar) ventilation via capillaries in non-detachable cable
- Instruments with absolute pressure

Filter element - Position Ex-d version

→ Turn the metal ring in such a way that the filter element points downward after installation of the instrument. This provides better protection against buildup.



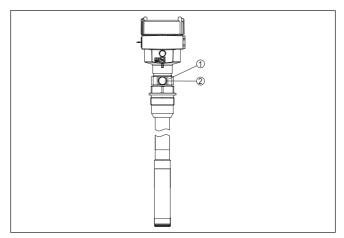


Fig. 9: Position of the filter element - Ex-d version

- 1 Rotatable metal ring
- 2 Filter element

With absolute pressure measuring ranges, a blind plug is used instead of the filter element.

Filter element - Position Second Line of Defense

The Second Line of Defense (SLOD) is a second level of the process separation in form of a gas-tight leadthrough in the housing neck, preventing products from penetrating into the housing.

With these instruments, the process assembly is completely encapsulated. An absolute pressure measuring cell is used so that no ventilation is required.

With relative pressure measuring ranges, the ambient pressure is detected and compensated by a reference sensor in the electronics.

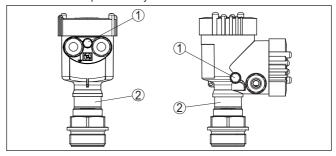


Fig. 10: Position of the filter element - gastight leadthrough

- 1 Filter element
- 2 Gas-tight leadthrough



Filter element - Position IP69K version

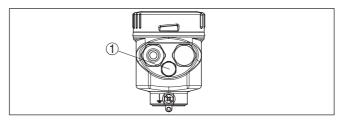


Fig. 11: Position of the filter element - IP69K version

1 Filter element

Instruments with absolute pressure have a blind plug mounted instead of the filter element.

4.3 Level measurement

Measurement setup

Keep the following in mind when setting up the measuring system:

- Do not mount the instrument close to the filling stream or emptying area.
- Mount the instrument so that it is protected against pressure shocks from the stirrer

4.4 External housing

Configuration

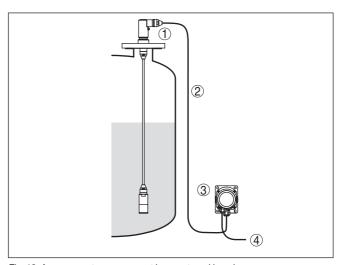


Fig. 12: Arrangement measurement loop, external housing

- 1 Sensor
- 2 Connection cable sensor, external housing
- 3 External housing
- 4 Signal cable



5 Connecting to the bus system

5.1 Preparing the connection

Safety instructions

Always keep in mind the following safety instructions:

- Carry out electrical connection by trained, qualified personnel authorised by the plant operator
- If overvoltage surges are expected, overvoltage arresters should be installed



Warning:

Only connect or disconnect in de-energized state.

Voltage supply

The voltage supply is provided by a Profibus DP /PA segment coupler.

The voltage supply range can differ depending on the instrument version. You can find the data for voltage supply in chapter " *Technical data*".

Connection cable

Connection is made with shielded cable according to the Profibus specification. Power supply and digital bus signal are carried over the same two-wire connection cable.

Use cable with round cross section for instruments with housing and cable gland. To ensure the seal effect of the cable gland (IP protection rating), find out which cable outer diameter the cable gland is suitable for

Use a cable gland fitting the cable diameter.

Make sure that the entire installation is carried out according to the Profibus specification. In particular, make sure that the bus is terminated with suitable terminating resistors.

You can find detailed information of the cable specification, installation and topology in the " *Profibus PA - User and Installation Guideline*" on www.profibus.com.

Cable screening and grounding

Make sure that the cable screen and grounding are carried out according to Fieldbus specification. We recommend to connect the cable screening to ground potential on both ends.

In systems with potential equalisation, connect the cable screening directly to ground potential at the power supply unit, in the connection box and at the sensor. The screen in the sensor must be connected directly to the internal ground terminal. The ground terminal outside on the housing must be connected to the potential equalisation (low impedance).

Cable glands

Metric threads

In the case of instrument housings with metric thread, the cable glands are screwed in at the factory. They are sealed with plastic plugs as transport protection.



Note:

You have to remove these plugs before electrical connection.

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NPT thread

In the case of instrument housings with self-sealing NPT threads, it is not possible to have the cable entries screwed in at the factory. The free openings for the cable glands are therefore covered with red dust protection caps as transport protection.

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Note

Prior to setup you have to replace these protective caps with approved cable glands or close the openings with suitable blind plugs.

On plastic housings, the NPT cable gland or the Conduit steel tube must be screwed into the threaded insert without grease.

Max. torque for all housings, see chapter " Technical data".

5.2 Connecting

Connection technology

The voltage supply and signal output are connected via the springloaded terminals in the housing.

Connection to the display and adjustment module or to the interface adapter is carried out via contact pins in the housing.

•

Information:

The terminal block is pluggable and can be removed from the electronics. To do this, lift the terminal block with a small screwdriver and pull it out. When reinserting the terminal block, you should hear it snap in.

Connection procedure

Proceed as follows:

- 1. Unscrew the housing lid
- If a display and adjustment module is installed, remove it by turning it slightly to the left
- 3. Loosen compression nut of the cable gland and remove blind plug
- Remove approx. 10 cm (4 in) of the cable mantle, strip approx.
 1 cm (0.4 in) of insulation from the ends of the individual wires
- 5. Insert the cable into the sensor through the cable entry

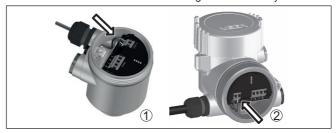


Fig. 13: Connection steps 5 and 6

- 1 Single chamber housing
- 2 Double chamber housing
- 6. Insert the wire ends into the terminals according to the wiring plan





Note:

Solid cores as well as flexible cores with wire end sleeves are inserted directly into the terminal openings. In case of flexible cores without end sleeves, press the terminal from above with a small screwdriver, the terminal opening is then free. When the screwdriver is released, the terminal closes again.

- Check the hold of the wires in the terminals by lightly pulling on them
- 8. Connect the shielding to the internal ground terminal, connect the external ground terminal to potential equalisation
- Tighten the compression nut of the cable entry gland. The seal ring must completely encircle the cable
- 10. Reinsert the display and adjustment module, if one was installed
- 11. Screw the housing lid back on

The electrical connection is finished.

5.3 Single chamber housing



The following illustration applies to the non-Ex, Ex-ia and Ex-d version.

Electronics and connection compartment

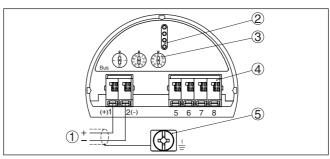


Fig. 14: Electronics and connection compartment - single chamber housing

- 1 Voltage supply, signal output
- 2 For display and adjustment module or interface adapter
- 3 Selection switch for instrument address
- 4 For external display and adjustment unit
- 5 Ground terminal for connection of the cable screening

5.4 Double chamber housing



The following illustrations apply to the non-Ex as well as to the Ex-ia version.



Electronics compartment

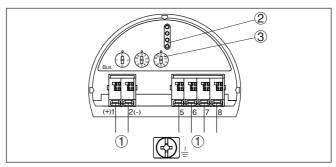


Fig. 15: Electronics compartment - double chamber housing

- 1 Internal connection to the connection compartment
- 2 Contact pins for the display and adjustment module or interface adapter
- 3 Selection switch for bus address

Connection compartment

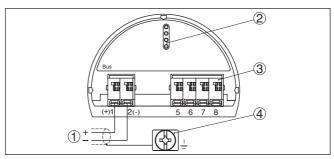


Fig. 16: Connection compartment - double chamber housing

- 1 Voltage supply, signal output
- 2 For display and adjustment module or interface adapter
- 3 For external display and adjustment unit
- 4 Ground terminal for connection of the cable screening



5.5 Double chamber housing with VEGADIS-Adapter

Electronics compartment

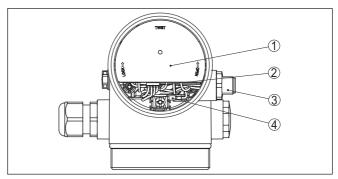


Fig. 17: View to the electronics compartment with VEGADIS adapter for connection of the external display and adjustment unit

- 1 VEGADIS adapter
- 2 Internal plug connection
- 3 M12 x 1 plug connector

Assignment of the plug connector

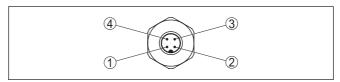


Fig. 18: Top view of the M12 x 1 plug connector

- 1 Pin 1
- 2 Pin 2
- 3 Pin 3
- 4 Pin 4

Contact pin	Colour, connection ca- ble in the sensor	Terminal, electronics module
Pin 1	Brown	5
Pin 2	White	6
Pin 3	Blue	7
Pin 4	Black	8



Wire assignment, connection cable

5.6 Housing IP66/IP68 (1 bar)

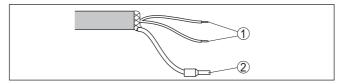


Fig. 19: Wire assignment in permanently connected connection cable

- 1 Brown (+) and blue (-) to power supply or to the processing system
- 2 Shielding

5.7 External housing

Terminal compartment, housing socket

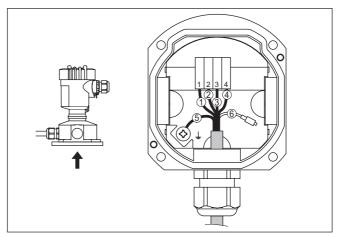


Fig. 20: Connection of the process component in the housing base

- 1 Yellow
- 2 White
- 3 Red
- 4 Black
- 5 Shielding
- 6 Breather capillaries



Electronics and connection compartment for power supply

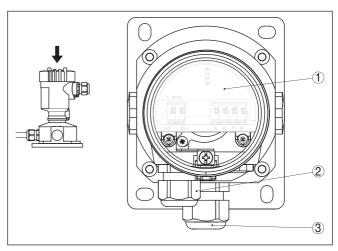


Fig. 21: Electronics and connection compartment

- 1 Electronics module
- 2 Cable gland for voltage supply
- 3 Cable gland for connection cable, transmitter

Electronics and connection compartment

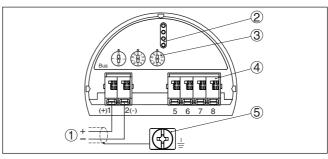


Fig. 22: Electronics and connection compartment - single chamber housing

- 1 Voltage supply, signal output
- 2 For display and adjustment module or interface adapter
- 3 Selection switch for instrument address
- 4 For external display and adjustment unit
- 5 Ground terminal for connection of the cable screening

5.8 Switch-on phase

After connecting the instrument to power supply or after a voltage recurrence, the instrument carries out a self-check:

- · Internal check of the electronics
- Indication of a status message on the display or PC



Then the actual measured value is output to the signal cable. The value takes into account settings that have already been carried out, e.g. default setting.



6 Set up with the display and adjustment module

6.1 Insert display and adjustment module

The display and adjustment module can be inserted into the sensor and removed again at any time. You can choose any one of four different positions - each displaced by 90°. It is not necessary to interrupt the power supply.

Proceed as follows:

- 1. Unscrew the housing lid
- 2. Place the display and adjustment module on the electronics in the desired position and turn it to the right until it snaps in.
- 3. Screw housing lid with inspection window tightly back on

Disassembly is carried out in reverse order.

The display and adjustment module is powered by the sensor, an additional connection is not necessary.



Fig. 23: Installing the display and adjustment module in the electronics compartment of the single chamber housing



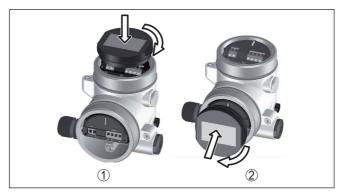


Fig. 24: Installing the display and adjustment module in the double chamber housing

- 1 In the electronics compartment
- 2 In the connection compartment

i

Note:

If you intend to retrofit the instrument with a display and adjustment module for continuous measured value indication, a higher lid with an inspection glass is required.

6.2 Adjustment system

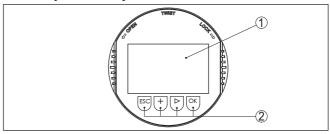


Fig. 25: Display and adjustment elements

- 1 LC display
- 2 Adjustment keys

Key functions

[OK] key:

- Move to the menu overview
- Confirm selected menu
- Edit parameter
- Save value

• [->] key:

- Change measured value presentation
- Select list entry
- Select menu items
- Select editing position
- [+] key:



- Change value of the parameter
- [ESC] key:
 - Interrupt input
 - Jump to next higher menu

Operating system - Keys direct

The instrument is operated via the four keys of the display and adjustment module. The individual menu items are shown on the LC display. You can find the function of the individual keys in the previous illustration.

Adjustment system - keys via magnetic pen

With the Bluetooth version of the display and adjustment module you can also adjust the instrument with the magnetic pen. The pen operates the four keys of the display and adjustment module right through the closed lid (with inspection window) of the sensor housing.

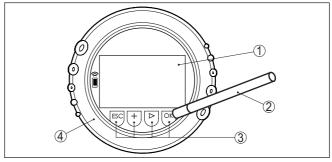


Fig. 26: Display and adjustment elements - with adjustment via magnetic pen

- 1 LC display
- 2 Magnetic pen
- 3 Adjustment keys
- 4 Lid with inspection window

Time functions

When the [+] and [->] keys are pressed quickly, the edited value, or the cursor, changes one value or position at a time. If the key is pressed longer than 1 s, the value or position changes continuously.

When the *[OK]* and *[ESC]* keys are pressed simultaneously for more than 5 s, the display returns to the main menu. The menu language is then switched over to " *English*".

Approx. 60 minutes after the last pressing of a key, an automatic reset to measured value indication is triggered. Any values not confirmed with **[OK]** will not be saved.

6.3 Measured value indication

Measured value indication

With the [->] key you can move between three different indication modes.

In the first view, the selected measured value is displayed in large digits.

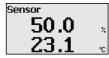
In the second view, the selected measured value and a respective bargraph presentation are displayed.



In the third view, the selected measured value as well as a second selectable value, e.g. the temperature, are displayed.



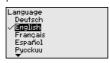




With the " **OK**" key you move (during the initial setup of the instrument) to the selection menu " *Language*".

Selection language

In this menu item, you can select the national language for further parameterization.



With the "[->]" button, you can select the requested language, with " *OK*" you confirm the selection and move to the main menu.

You can change your selection afterwards with the menu item " Setup - Display, Menu language".

6.4 Parameter adjustment - Quick setup

To quickly and easily adapt the sensor to the application, select the menu item " *Quick setup*" in the start graphic on the display and adjustment module.



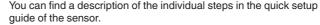
Select the individual steps with the [->] key.

After the last step, " Quick setup terminated successfully" is displayed briefly.

The return to the measured value indication is carried out through the [->] or [ESC] keys or automatically after 3 s



Note:



You can find " Extended adjustment" in the next sub-chapter.

6.5 Parameter adjustment - Extended adjustment

For technically demanding measuring points, you can carry out extended settings in " Extended adjustment".





Main menu

The main menu is divided into five sections with the following functions:



Setup: Settings, for example, to measurement loop name, application, units, position correction, adjustment, AI FB 1 Channel - scaling - damping

Display: Settings, e.g., for language, measured value display, lighting **Diagnosis:** Information, e.g. on instrument status, pointer, measurement reliability, AI FB 1 simulation

Additional adjustments: PIN, date/time, reset, copy function

Info: Instrument name, hardware and software version, date of manufacture, sensor features

To ensure optimum adjustment of the measurement, the individual submenu items in the main menu " *Setup*" should be selected one after the other and provided with the correct parameters. The menu items are described in the following.

6.5.1 Setup

Instrument address

An address must be assigned to each Profibus PA instrument. Each address may only be assigned once in the Profibus PA network. The sensor is only recognized by the control system if the address is set correctly.

When the instrument is shipped, address 126 is set. This address can be used to test the function of the instrument and to connect it to a Profibus PA network. Then the address must be changed to integrate additional instruments.

The address setting is carried out either via:

- The address selection switch in the electronics compartment of the instrument (address setting via hardware)
- The display and adjustment module (address setting via software)
- PACTware/DTM (address setting via software)

Hardware addressing

Hardware addressing is effective if an address less than 126 is set with the address selection switches on the electronics module of VEGABAR 87. In such case, software addressing has no effect - only the set hardware address applies.

Software addressing

Software addressing is only effective if address 126 or higher is set on the instrument with the address selection switches.







Measurement loop name

In the menu item " Sensor TAG" you edit a twelve-digit measurement loop designation.

45047-EN-210726

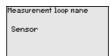


You can enter an unambiguous designation for the sensor, e.g. the measurement loop name or the tank or product designation. In digital systems and in the documentation of larger plants, a singular designation must be entered for exact identification of individual measuring points.

The available digits include:

- Letters from A ... Z
- Numbers from 0 ... 9
- Special characters +, -, /, -





Application

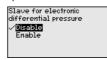
In this menu item you activate/deactivate the Secondary sensor for electronic differential pressure and select the application.

VEGABAR 87 can be used for process pressure and level measurement. Default setting is process pressure measurement. The mode can be changed in this adjustment menu.

If you have connected **no** Secondary sensor, you confirm this with " Deactivate".

Depending on the selected application, different subchapters in the following adjustment steps are important. There you can find the individual adjustment steps.





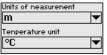


Enter the requested parameters via the appropriate keys, save your settings with *[OK]* and jump to the next menu item with the *[ESC]* and the *[->]* key.

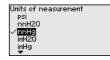
Units

In this menu item, the adjustment units of the instrument are determined. The selection determines the unit displayed in the menu items " *Min. adjustment (Zero)*" and " *Max. adjustment (Span)*".

Unit of measurement:





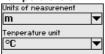


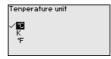
If the level should be adjusted in a height unit, the density of the medium must also be entered later during the adjustment.

In addition, the temperature unit of the instrument is specified. The selection determines the unit displayed in menu items " *Peak value, temperature*" and "in the variables of the digital output signal".



Temperature unit:





Enter the requested parameters via the appropriate keys, save your settings with **[OK]** and jump to the next menu item with the **[ESC]** and the **[->]** key.

Position correction

Especially with chemical seal systems, the installation position of the instrument can shift (offset) the measured value. Position correction compensates this offset. In the process, the actual measured value is taken over automatically. With relative pressure measuring cells a manual offset can also be carried out.







If the actual measured value should be taken over as correction value during automatic position correction, this value must not be influenced by product coverage or static pressure.

With the manual position correction, the offset value can be determined by the user. Select for this purpose the function " *Edit*" and enter the requested value.

Save your settings with **[OK]** and move with **[ESC]** and **[->]** to the next menu item.

After the position correction is carried out, the actual measured value is corrected to 0. The corrective value appears with an inverse sign as offset value in the display.

The position correction can be repeated as often as necessary. However, if the sum of the corrective values exceeds 20 % of the nominal measuring range, then no position correction is possible.

Adjustment

VEGABAR 87 always measures pressure independently of the process variable selected in the menu item "Application". To output the selected process variable correctly, an allocation of the output signal to 0 % and 100 % must be carried out (adjustment).

With the application "Level", the hydrostatic pressure, e.g. with full and empty vessel, is entered for adjustment. See following example:



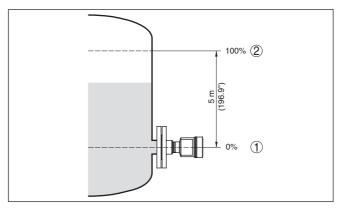


Fig. 27: Parameter adjustment example Min./max. adjustment, level measurement

- 1 Min. level = 0 % corresponds to 0.0 mbar
- 2 Max. level = 100 % corresponds to 490.5 mbar

If these values are not known, an adjustment with filling levels of e.g. 10 % and 90 % is also possible. By means of these settings, the real filling height is then calculated.

The actual product level during this adjustment is not important, because the min./max. adjustment is always carried out without changing the product level. These settings can be made ahead of time without the instrument having to be installed.

Note:

If the adjustment ranges are exceeded, the entered value will not be accepted. Editing can be interrupted with *[ESC]* or corrected to a value within the adjustment ranges.

For the other process variables such as e.g. process pressure, differential pressure or flow, the adjustment is performed in like manner.

Zero adjustment

Proceed as follows:

Select the menu item " Setup" with [->] and confirm with [OK].
 Now select with [->] the menu item " Zero adjustment" and confirm with [OK].





Edit the mbar value with [OK] and set the cursor to the requested position with [->].





3. Set the requested mbar value with [+] and store with [OK].



4. Go with [ESC] and [->] to the span adjustment The zero adjustment is finished.

Information:



The Zero adjustment shifts the value of the span adjustment. The span, i.e. the difference between these values, however, remains unchanged.

For an adjustment with pressure, simply enter the actual measured value indicated at the bottom of the display.

If the adjustment ranges are exceeded, the message " *Outside* parameter limits" appears. The editing procedure can be aborted with *[ESC]* or the displayed limit value can be accepted with *[OK]*.

Span adjustment

Proceed as follows:

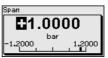
 Select with [->] the menu item Span adjustment and confirm with [OK].





Edit the mbar value with [OK] and set the cursor to the requested position with [->].





3. Set the requested mbar value with [+] and store with [OK].

For an adjustment with pressure, simply enter the actual measured value indicated at the bottom of the display.

If the adjustment ranges are exceeded, the message " *Outside* parameter limits" appears. The editing procedure can be aborted with *[ESC]* or the displayed limit value can be accepted with *[OK]*.

The span adjustment is finished.

Min. adjustment - Level

Proceed as follows:

 Select the menu item " Setup" with [->] and confirm with [OK]. Now select with [->] the menu item " Adjustment", then " Min. adjustment" and confirm with [OK].







- Edit the percentage value with [OK] and set the cursor to the requested position with f->1.
- 3. Set the requested percentage value (e.g. 10 %) with [+] and save with [OK]. The cursor jumps now to the pressure value.
- Enter the pressure value corresponding to the min. level (e.g. 0 mbar).



Save settings with [OK] and move with [ESC] and [->] to the max. adjustment.

The min. adjustment is finished.

For an adjustment with filling, simply enter the actual measured value indicated at the bottom of the display.

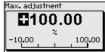
Max. adjustment - Level

Proceed as follows:

Select with [->] the menu item Max. adjustment and confirm with [OK].







- Edit the percentage value with [OK] and set the cursor to the requested position with [->].
- 3. Set the requested percentage value (e.g. 90 %) with [+] and save with [OK1. The cursor jumps now to the pressure value.
- Enter the pressure value for the full vessel (e.g. 900 mbar) corresponding to the percentage value.
- 5. Save settings with [OK]

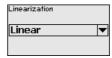
The max, adjustment is finished.

For an adjustment with filling, simply enter the actual measured value indicated at the bottom of the display.

Linearisation

A linearization is necessary for all vessels in which the vessel volume does not increase linearly with the level - e.g. a horizontal cylindrical or spherical tank - and the indication or output of the volume is required. Corresponding linearization curves are preprogrammed for these vessels. They represent the correlation between the level percentage and vessel volume. The linearization applies to the measured value indication and the current output.









Caution:

Note the following, if the respective sensor is used as part of an overfill protection system according to WHG:

If a linearisation curve is selected, the measuring signal is no longer necessarily linear to the filling height. This must be considered by the user especially when setting the switching point on the limit signal transmitter.

AI FB1

Since the parameter adjustment of the Function Block 1 (FB1) is very comprehensive, it was divided into various submenu items.



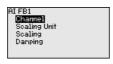


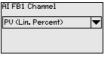


Al FB1 - Channel

In menu item " Channel" you determine the input signal for further processing in AI FB 1.

As input signals, the output values of Transducer Block (TB) can be selected.







Al FB1 - scaling unit

In the menu item " Scaling unit" you define the scaling variable and scaling unit of the output value of FB 1.





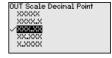


AI FB1 - scaling

In the menu item " *Scaling*", you assign the min. and max. values of the input signal (Channel) to the respective values of the output (Out Scale). The units correspond to the previous selection.







Min. values for PV lin Proc. and Out Scale process pressure in bar:





Max. values for PV lin Proc. and Out Scale process pressure in bar:

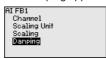




Al FB1 - damping

To damp process-dependent measured value fluctuations, you can set a time of 0 \dots 999 s in this menu item.

The damping applies to the level and interface measurement.







The default setting is a damping of 0 s.



Lock/Unlock adjustment

In the menu item " Lock/unlock adjustment" you safeguard the sensor parameters against unauthorized or unintentional modifications.

This is done by entering a four-digit PIN.







With active PIN, only the following adjustment functions are possible without entering a PIN:

- Select menu items and show data
- Read data from the sensor into the display and adjustment module

Releasing the sensor adjustment is also possible in any menu item by entering the PIN.



Caution:

With active PIN, adjustment via PACTware/DTM and other systems is also blocked.

6.5.2 Display

Language

This menu item enables the setting of the requested national lanquage.





The following languages are available:

- German
- English
- French
- Spanish
- Russian
- Italian
- Dutch
- Portuguese
- Japanese
- Chinese
- PolishCzech
- Turkish

In delivery status, the VEGABAR 87 is set to English.

Display value 1 and 2

In this menu item, you define which measured value is displayed.







The default setting for the display value is " Lin. percent".



Display format 1 and 2

In this menu item you define the number of decimal positions with which the measured value is displayed.







The default setting for the display format is " Automatic".

Backlight

The display and adjustment module has a backlight for the display. In this menu item you can switch on the lighting. You can find the required operating voltage in chapter " *Technical data*".





In delivery status, the lighting is switched on.

6.5.3 Diagnostics

Device status

In this menu item, the device status is displayed.





In case of error, e.g. the error code F017, e.g. the error description "
Adjustment span too small" and a four digit figure are displayed for service purposes. You can find the error codes with description, reason as well as rectification in chapter "Asset Management".

Peak value, pressure

The respective min. and max. measured values are saved in the sensor. The two values are displayed in menu item " *Peak values, pressure*".

In another window you can carry out a reset of the peak values separately.



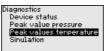




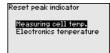
Peak value, temperature

The respective min. and max. measured values of the measuring cell and the electronics temperature are stored in the sensor. In menu item " *Peak value, temperature*", both values are displayed.

In another window you can carry out a reset of the two peak values separately.



Measuring cell temp.
Min. 20.26 °C
Max. 26.59 °C
Electronics temperature
Min. - 32.80 °C
Max. 38.02 °C

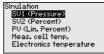


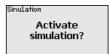


Simulation

In this menu item you simulate measured values. Hence, the signal path can be tested via the bus system to the input card of the control system.

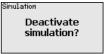












Select the requested simulation variable and set the requested value. To deactivate the simulation, you have to push the *[ESC]* key and confirm the message " *Deactivate simulation*" with the *[OK]* key.



Caution:

During simulation, the simulated value is output as digital signal. The status message along with the Asset Management function is "

Maintenance".

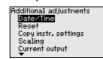


Information:

The sensor terminates the simulation automatically after 60 minutes.

6.5.4 Additional adjustments

In this menu item, you adjust the internal clock of the sensor. There is no adjustment for summer/winter (daylight saving) time.





Reset

Date/Time

After a reset, certain parameter adjustments made by the user are reset.



The following reset functions are available:

Delivery status: Restores the parameter settings at the time of shipment from the factory, incl. the order-specific settings. Any user-defined linearisation curve as well as the measured value memory are deleted.

Basic settings: Resets the parameter settings, incl. special parameters, to the default values of the respective instrument. Any programmed linearisation curve as well as the measured value memory are deleted.





Note:

You can find the default values of the device in chapter " Menu over-

Copy instrument settings

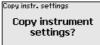
The instrument settings are copied with this function. The following functions are available:

- Read from sensor: Read data from sensor and store into the display and adjustment module
- Write into sensor: Store data from the display and adjustment module back into the sensor

The following data or settings for adjustment of the display and adjustment module are saved:

- All data of the menu " Setup" and " Display"
- In the menu " Additional adjustments" the items " Reset, Date/ Time"
- The user-programmable linearization curve







The copied data are permanently saved in an EEPROM memory in the display and adjustment module and remain there even in case of power failure. From there, they can be written into one or more sensors or kept as backup for a possible electronics exchange.



Note

Before the data are saved in the sensor, a safety check is carried out to determine if the data match the sensor. In the process the sensor type of the source data as well as the target sensor are displayed. If the data do not match, a fault message is outputted or the function is blocked. The data are saved only after release.

Special parameters

In this menu item you gain access to the protected area where you can enter special parameters. In exceptional cases, individual parameters can be modified in order to adapt the sensor to special requirements.

Change the settings of the special parameters only after having contacted our service staff.





6.5.5 Info

Device name

In this menu item, you can read out the instrument name and the instrument serial number:



Info Device name Instrument version Factory calibration date Profibus Ident Number Sensor characteristics

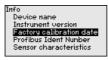
Instrument version

In this menu item, the hardware and software version of the sensor is displayed.



Factory calibration date

In this menu item, the date of factory calibration of the sensor as well as the date of the last change of sensor parameters are displayed via the display and adjustment module or via the PC.



Profibus ident number

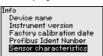
In this menu item, the Profibus ident number of the sensor is displayed.





Sensor characteristics

In this menu item, the features of the sensor such as approval, process fitting, seal, measuring range, electronics, housing and others are displayed.





6.6 Menu overview

The following tables show the adjustment menu of the instrument. Depending on the instrument version or application, all menu items may not be available or some may be differently assigned.

Setup

Menu item	Parameter	Default value
Sensor address		126
Measurement loop name	19 alphanumeric characters/special characters	Sensor

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Menu item	Parameter	Default value
Application	Level, process pressure	Level
	Secondary Device for electronic differential pressure 1)	Deactivated
Units	Adjustment unit (m, bar, Pa, psi user-defined)	mbar (with nominal measuring range ≤ 400 mbar)
		bar (with nominal measuring ranges ≥ 1 bar)
	Temperature unit (°C, °F)	°C
Position correction		0.00 bar
Adjustment	Zero/Min. adjustment	0.00 bar
		0.00 %
	Span/Max. adjustment	Nominal measuring range in bar
		100.00 %
Linearisation	Linear, cylindrical tank, user-defined	Linear
AI FB 1	Channel	Primary Value
	Scaling format	Pressure
	Scaling	0 % corresponds to 0 bar
		100 % corresponds to measuring range final value
	Damping	PV FTime 1 s
Lock adjustment	Blocked, released	Released

Display

Menu item	Default value	
Menu language	Selected language	
Displayed value 1	Signal output in %	
Displayed value 2	Ceramic measuring cell: Measuring cell temperature in °C	
	Metallic measuring cell: Electronics temperature in °C	
Display format	Number of positions after the decimal point, automatically	
Backlight	Switched on	

Diagnostics

Menu item	Parameter	Default value
Device status		-
Peak value indicator	Pressure	Current pressure measured value
Pointer function temp.	Temperature	Actual measuring cell and electronic temperature

1) Parameter only active if the instrument is connected to the Secondary sensor



Menu item	Parameter	Default value
Simulation	Pressure, percent, signal output, linearized percent, measuring cell tem- perature, electronics temperature	Process pressure

Additional adjustments

Menu item	Parameter	Default value
Date/Time		Actual date/Actual time
Reset	Delivery status, basic settings	
Copy instrument settings	Read from sensor, write into sensor	
Scaling	Scaling size	Volume in I
	Scaling format	0 % corresponds to 0 I
		100 % corresponds to 0 I
Special parameters	Service-Login	No reset

Info

Menu item	Parameter
Device name	VEGABAR 87
Instrument version	Hardware and software version
Factory calibration date	Date
Profibus Ident Number	Identification number of the instrument on a Profibus system
Sensor characteristics	Order-specific characteristics

6.7 Saving the parameterisation data

On paper

We recommended writing down the adjustment data, e.g. in this operating instructions manual, and archiving them afterwards. They are thus available for multiple use or service purposes.

In the display and adjustment module

If the instrument is equipped with a display and adjustment module, the parameter adjustment data can be saved therein. The procedure is described in menu item " *Copy device settings*".



7 Setup with PACTware

7.1 Connect the PC

Via the interface adapter directly on the sensor



Fig. 28: Connection of the PC directly to the sensor via the interface adapter

- 1 USB cable to the PC
- 2 Interface adapter VEGACONNECT
- 3 Sensor

7.2 Parameter adjustment with PACTware

Prerequisites

For parameter adjustment of the instrument via a Windows PC, the configuration software PACTware and a suitable instrument driver (DTM) according to FDT standard are required. The latest PACTware version as well as all available DTMs are compiled in a DTM Collection. The DTMs can also be integrated into other frame applications according to FDT standard.



Note:

To ensure that all instrument functions are supported, you should always use the latest DTM Collection. Furthermore, not all described functions are included in older firmware versions. You can download the latest instrument software from our homepage. A description of the update procedure is also available in the Internet.

Further setup steps are described in the operating instructions manual "DTM Collection/PACTware" attached to each DTM Collection and which can also be downloaded from the Internet. Detailed descriptions are available in the online help of PACTware and the DTMs.



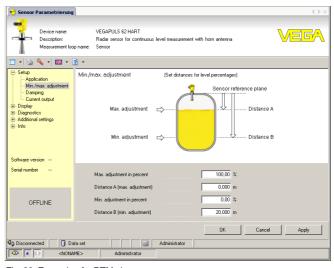


Fig. 29: Example of a DTM view

Standard/Full version

All device DTMs are available as a free-of-charge standard version and as a full version that must be purchased. In the standard version, all functions for complete setup are already included. An assistant for simple project configuration simplifies the adjustment considerably. Saving/printing the project as well as import/export functions are also part of the standard version.

In the full version there is also an extended print function for complete project documentation as well as a save function for measured value and echo curves. In addition, there is a tank calculation program as well as a multiviewer for display and analysis of the saved measured value and echo curves.

The standard version is available as a download under www.vega.com/downloads and "Software". The full version is available on CD from the agency serving you.

7.3 Saving the parameterisation data

We recommend documenting or saving the parameterisation data via PACTware. That way the data are available for multiple use or service purposes.



8 Set up with other systems

8.1 DD adjustment programs

Device descriptions as Enhanced Device Description (EDD) are available for DD adjustment programs such as, for example, AMS^{TM} and PDM.

The files can be downloaded at www.vega.com/downloads under "Software".



9 Diagnosis, asset management and service

9.1 Maintenance

Maintenance

If the device is used properly, no special maintenance is required in normal operation.

Precaution measures against buildup

In some applications, product buildup on the diaphragm can influence the measuring result. Depending on the sensor and application, take precautions to ensure that heavy buildup, and especially a hardening thereof, is avoided.

Cleaning

The cleaning helps that the type label and markings on the instrument are visible.

Take note of the following:

- Use only cleaning agents which do not corrode the housings, type label and seals
- Use only cleaning methods corresponding to the housing protection rating

9.2 Diagnosis memory

The instrument has several memories available for diagnostic purposes. The data remain there even in case of voltage interruption.

Measured value memory

Up to 100,000 measured values can be stored in the sensor in a ring memory. Each entry contains date/time as well as the respective measured value.

Depending on the instrument version, values that can be stored are for example:

- Level
- Process pressure
- · Differential pressure
- Static pressure
- Percentage value
- Scaled values
- Current output
- Lin. percent
- Measuring cell temperature
- Electronics temperature

When the instrument is shipped, the measured value memory is active and stores pressure value and measuring cell temperature every 10 s, with electronic differential pressure also the static pressure.

The requested values and recording conditions are set via a PC with PACTware/DTM or the control system with EDD. Data are thus read out and also reset.

Event memory

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Up to 500 events are automatically stored with a time stamp in the sensor (non-deletable). Each entry contains date/time, event type, event description and value. Event types are for example:

Modification of a parameter



- Switch-on and switch-off times
- Status messages (according to NE 107)
- Error messages (according to NE 107)

The data are read out via a PC with PACTware/DTM or the control system with EDD.

9.3 Asset Management function

The instrument features self-monitoring and diagnostics according to NE 107 and VDI/VDE 2650. In addition to the status messages in the following tables there are more detailed error messages available under the menu item " *Diagnostics*" via the respective adjustment module.

Status messages

The status messages are divided into the following categories:

- Failure
- Function check
- Out of specification
- Maintenance required

and explained by pictographs:

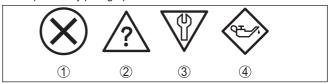


Fig. 30: Pictographs of the status messages

- 1 Failure red
- 2 Out of specification yellow
- 3 Function check orange
- 4 Maintenance required blue

Failure: Due to a malfunction in the instrument, a fault signal is output.

This status message is always active. It cannot be deactivated by the

Function check: The instrument is being worked on, the measured value is temporarily invalid (for example during simulation).

This status message is inactive by default.

Out of specification: The measured value is unreliable because an instrument specification was exceeded (e.g. electronics temperature).

This status message is inactive by default.

Maintenance required: Due to external influences, the instrument function is limited. The measurement is affected, but the measured value is still valid. Plan in maintenance for the instrument because a failure is expected in the near future (e.g. due to buildup).

This status message is inactive by default.



Failure

Code	Cause	Rectification	DevSpec
Text message			Diagnosis Bits
F013	Gauge pressure or low pressure	Exchange measuring cell	Bit 0
No valid measured value available	Measuring cell defective	Send instrument for repair	
F017	Adjustment not within specifi-	Change the adjustment accord-	Bit 1
Adjustment span too small	cation	ing to the limit values	
F025	Index markers are not continu-	Check linearization table	Bit 2
Error in the linearization table	ously rising, for example illogical value pairs	Delete table/Create new	
F036	Failed or interrupted software	Repeat software update	Bit 3
no operable sensor soft-	update	Check electronics version	
ware		Exchanging the electronics	
		Send instrument for repair	
F040	Hardware defect	Exchanging the electronics	Bit 4
Error in the electronics		Send instrument for repair	
F041	No connection to the sensor	Check connection between sen-	Bit 13
Communication error	electronics	sor and main electronics (with separate version)	
F042	No connection to the Second-	Check connection between Primary and Secondary sensor	Bit 28 of
Communication error Secondary sensor	ary sensor		Byte 0 5
F080	General software error	Disconnect operating voltage	Bit 5
General software error		briefly	
F105	The instrument is still in the	Wait for the end of the switch-	Bit 6
Measured value is determined	switch-on phase, the measured value could not yet be determined	on phase	
F113	Error in the internal instrument	Disconnect operating voltage	Bit 12
Communication error	communication	briefly	
		Send instrument for repair	
F260	Error in the calibration carried out	Exchanging the electronics	Bit 8
Error in the calibration	in the factory Error in the EEPROM	Send instrument for repair	
F261	Error during setup	Repeat setup	Bit 9
Error in the instrument settings	Error when carrying out a reset	Repeat reset	
F264	Inconsistent settings (e.g.: dis-	Modify settings	Bit 10
Installation/Setup error	tance, adjustment units with application process pressure) for selected application	Modify connected sensor configuration or application	-
	Invalid sensor configuration (e.g.: application electronic differential pressure with connected differential pressure measuring cell)		



Code Text message	Cause	Rectification	DevSpec Diagnosis Bits
F265	Sensor no longer carries out a	Carry out a reset	Bit 11
Measurement function disturbed	measurement	Disconnect operating voltage briefly	

Tab. 7: Error codes and text messages, information on causes as well as corrective measures

Function check

Code	Cause	Rectification	DevSpec
Text message			Diagnosis Bits
C700	A simulation is active	Finish simulation	Bit 27
Simulation active		Wait for the automatic end after 60 mins.	

Out of specification

Code	Cause	Rectification	DevSpec
Text message			Diagnosis Bits
S600	Temperature of the electronics in	Check ambient temperature	Bit 23
Impermissible electron-	the non-specified range	Insulate electronics	
ics temperature		Use instrument with higher temperature range	
S603	Operating voltage below speci-	Check electrical connection	Bit 26
Impermissible operating voltage	fied range	If necessary, increase operating voltage	
S605	Measured process pressure be- low or above the adjustment	Check nominal measuring range of the instrument	Bit 29
Impermissible pressure value	range	If necessary, use an instrument with a higher measuring range	

Maintenance

Code	Cause	Rectification	DevSpec
Text message			Diagnosis Bits
M500	The data could not be restored	Repeat reset	Bit 15
Error in the delivery status	during the reset to delivery status	Load XML file with sensor data into the sensor	
M501	Index markers are not continu-	Check linearization table	Bit 16
Error in the non-active linearisation table	ously rising, for example illogical value pairs	Delete table/Create new	
M502	Hardware error EEPROM	Exchanging the electronics	Bit 17
Error in the event mem- ory		Send instrument for repair	
M504	Hardware defect	Exchanging the electronics	Bit 19
Error at a device inter- face		Send instrument for repair	



Code Text message	Cause	Rectification	DevSpec Diagnosis Bits
M507	Error during setup	Carry out reset and repeat setup	Bit 22
Error in the instrument settings	Error when carrying out a reset		

9.4 Rectify faults

Reaction when malfunction occurs

The operator of the system is responsible for taking suitable measures to rectify faults.

Fault rectification

The first measures are:

- Evaluation of fault messages
- Checking the output signal
- Treatment of measurement errors

A smartphone/tablet with the adjustment app or a PC/notebook with the software PACTware and the suitable DTM offer you further comprehensive diagnostic possibilities. In many cases, the causes can be determined in this way and the faults eliminated.

Reaction after fault rectification

Depending on the reason for the fault and the measures taken, the steps described in chapter " *Setup*" must be carried out again or must be checked for plausibility and completeness.

24 hour service hotline

Should these measures not be successful, please call in urgent cases the VEGA service hotline under the phone no. +49 1805 858550.

The hotline is also available outside normal working hours, seven days a week around the clock.

Since we offer this service worldwide, the support is provided in English. The service itself is free of charge, the only costs involved are the normal call charges.

9.5 Exchange process module on version IP68 (25 bar)

On version IP68 (25 bar), the user can exchange the process module on site. Connection cable and external housing can be kept.

Required tools:

Hexagon key wrench, size 2



Caution:

The exchange may only be carried out in the complete absence of line voltage.



In Ex applications, only a replacement part with appropriate Ex approval may be used.



Caution:

During exchange, protect the inner side of the parts against contamination and moisture.



Proceed as follows when carrying out the exchange:

- 1. Losen the fixing screw with the hexagon key wrench
- 2. Carefully detach the cable assembly from the process module

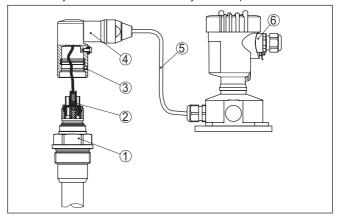


Fig. 31: VEGABAR 87 in IP68 version, 25 bar and lateral cable outlet, external housing

- 1 Process module
- 2 Plug connector
- 3 Cable assembly
- 4 Connection cable
- 5 External housing
- 3. Loosen the plug connector
- 4. Mount the new process module on the measuring point
- 5. Plug the connector back in
- Mount the cable assembly on the process module and turn it to the desired position
- 7. Tighten the fixing screw with the hexagon key wrench

The exchange is finished.

9.6 Exchanging the electronics module

In case of a defect, the user can replace the electronics module with another one of identical type.



In Ex applications, only instruments and electronics modules with appropriate Ex approval may be used.

You can find detailed information you need to carry out an electronics exchange in the handbook of the electronics module.

9.7 Software update

The following components are required to update the instrument software:

- Instrument
- Voltage supply

45047-EN-210726



- Interface adapter VEGACONNECT
- PC with PACTware
- Current instrument software as file

You can find the current instrument software as well as detailed information on the procedure in the download area of our homepage: www.vega.com.

You can find information about the installation in the download file.



Caution:

Instruments with approvals can be bound to certain software versions. Therefore make sure that the approval is still effective after a software update is carried out.

You can find detailed information in the download area at www.vega.com.

9.8 How to proceed if a repair is necessary

You can find an instrument return form as well as detailed information about the procedure in the download area of our homepage. By doing this you help us carry out the repair quickly and without having to call back for needed information.

In case of repair, proceed as follows:

- Print and fill out one form per instrument
- Clean the instrument and pack it damage-proof
- Attach the completed form and, if need be, also a safety data sheet outside on the packaging
- Ask the agency serving you to get the address for the return shipment. You can find the agency on our homepage.



10 Dismount

10.1 Dismounting steps



Warning:

Before dismounting, be aware of dangerous process conditions such as e.g. pressure in the vessel or pipeline, high temperatures, corrosive or toxic media etc.

Take note of chapters " *Mounting*" and " *Connecting to voltage sup*ply" and carry out the listed steps in reverse order.

10.2 Disposal

The instrument consists of materials which can be recycled by specialised recycling companies. We use recyclable materials and have designed the electronics to be easily separable.

WEEE directive

The instrument does not fall in the scope of the EU WEEE directive. Article 2 of this Directive exempts electrical and electronic equipment from this requirement if it is part of another instrument that does not fall in the scope of the Directive. These include stationary industrial plants.

Pass the instrument directly on to a specialised recycling company and do not use the municipal collecting points.

If you have no way to dispose of the old instrument properly, please contact us concerning return and disposal.



11 Supplement

11.1 Technical data

Note for approved instruments

The technical data in the respective safety instructions which are included in delivery are valid for approved instruments (e.g. with Ex approval). These data can differ from the data listed herein, for example regarding the process conditions or the voltage supply.

All approval documents can be downloaded from our homepage.

Materials and weights

Materials	wottod	narte

Process fitting 316L

Transmitter 316L

Suspension cable FEP

Seal, suspension cable FKM, FEP

Connection tube 316L

Diaphragm Alloy C276 (2.4819)

Protective cap PFA
Seal for process fitting (in the scope of delivery)

Thread G1½ (DIN 3852-A)
 Threaded fitting
 Klingersil C-4400
 Klingersil C-4400

Materials, non-wetted parts

Isolating liquid Essomarcal (medical white oil, FDA-approved)

Straining clamp 1.4301 Screw connection for suspension cable 316L

Sensor housing

- Housing Plastic PBT (Polyester), Aluminium AlSi10Mg (powder-

coated, basis: Polyester), 316L

Cable gland
 PA, stainless steel, brass

Cable gland: Seal, closure
 NBR, PA

Seal, housing lid
 Silicone SI 850 R, NBR silicone-free
 Inspection window housing cover
 Polycarbonate (UL-746-C listed), glass ²⁾

- Ground terminal 316L

External housing - deviating materials

Housing and socket
 Plastic PBT (Polyester), 316L

Socket seal
 Seal below wall mounting plate ³⁾
 EPDM

- Inspection window housing cover Polycarbonate (UL-746-C listed)

Ground terminal 316Ti/316L

²⁾ Glass with Aluminium and stainless steel precision casting housing

³⁾ Only for 316L with 3A approval



Connection cable with IP68 (25 bar) version 4)

Cable coverType label support on cablePE hard

Materials, transmitter protection

Transport and mounting protection PFA transport protection net PE

Weights

 Basic weight
 0.7 kg (1.543 lbs)

 Suspension cable
 0.1 kg/m (0.07 lbs/ft)

 Connection tube
 1.5 kg/m (1 lbs/ft)

 Straining clamp
 0.2 kg (0.441 lbs)

 Threaded fitting
 0.4 kg (0.882 lbs)

Torques

Max. torque for process fitting

- G1½ 200 Nm (147.5 lbf ft)

Max. torque for NPT cable glands and Conduit tubes

Plastic housing
 Aluminium/Stainless steel housing
 Mm (7.376 lbf ft)
 Mm (36.88 lbf ft)

Input variable

The specifications are only an overview and refer to the measuring cell. Limitations due to the material and version of the process fitting as well as the selected pressure type are possible. The specifications on the nameplate apply:⁵⁾

Nominal measuring ranges and overload capability in bar/kPa

Nominal range	Overload capability		
	Maximum pressure	Minimum pressure	
Gauge pressure			
0 +0.1 bar/0 +10 kPa	+15 bar/+1500 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa	
0 +0.4 bar/0 +40 kPa	+25 bar/+2500 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa	
0 +1 bar/0 +100 kPa	+25 bar/+2500 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa	
0 +2.5 bar/0 +250 kPa	+25 bar/+2500 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa	
0 +10 bar/0 +1000 kPa	+25 bar/+2500 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa	
0 +25 bar/0 +2500 kPa	+25 bar/+2500 kPa	-1 bar/-100 kPa	
Absolute pressure			
0 1 bar/0 100 kPa	25 bar/+2500 kPa	0 bar abs.	
0 2.5 bar/0 250 kPa	25 bar/+2500 kPa	0 bar abs.	
0 10 bar/0 1000 kPa	25 bar/+2500 kPa	0 bar abs.	

⁴⁾ Between transmitter and external electronics housing.

⁵⁾ Data on overload capability apply for reference temperature.



Nominal range	Overload capability	
	Maximum pressure Minimum pressure	
0 25 bar/0 2500 kPa	25 bar/+2500 kPa	0 bar abs.

Nominal measuring ranges and overload capacity in psi

Nominal range	Overlo	ad capability
	Maximum pressure	Minimum pressure
Gauge pressure	·	
0 +1.5 psig	+225 psig	-14.51 psig
0 +5 psig	+360 psig	-14.51 psig
0 +15 psig	+360 psig	-14.51 psig
0 +30 psig	+360 psig	-14.51 psig
0 +150 psig	+360 psig	-14.51 psig
0 +300 psig	+360 psig	-14.51 psig
Absolute pressure	·	
0 15 psi	360 psi	0 psi
0 30 psi	360 psi	0 psi
0 150 psi	360 psi	0 psi
0 300 psi	360 psi	0 psi

Adjustment ranges

Specifications refer to the nominal measuring range, pressure values lower than -1 bar cannot be set

Min./Max. adjustment:

Percentage value
 Pressure value
 -10 ... 110 %
 -20 ... 120 %

Zero/Span adjustment:

- Zero-20 ... +95 %- Span-120 ... +120 %

Difference between zero and span max. 120 % of the nominal range
 Max. permissible Turn Down Unlimited (recommended 20 : 1)

Switch-on phase

Start-up time with operating voltage $\boldsymbol{U}_{\scriptscriptstyle B}$

 $- \ge 12 \text{ V DC}$ $\le 9 \text{ s}$ - < 12 V DC $\le 22 \text{ s}$

(Эu	tp	ut	va	ria	b	le

Output signal digital output signal, Profibus protocol

Transmission rate 31.25 Kbit/s



Instrument address 126 (default setting)

Damping (63 % of the input variable) 0 ... 999 s, adjustable

Profibus PA profile 3.02 Number of FBs with AI (function blocks 3

with analogue input)

Default values

- 1. FB Primary Value (pressure linearized in %)

- 2. FB Secondary Value 1 (pressure)- 3. FB Secondary Value 2 (pressure in %)

Current value

- Non-Ex, Ex-ia and Ex-d instruments 12 mA, ±0.5 mA

Dynamic behaviour output

Dynamic characteristics depending on medium and temperature

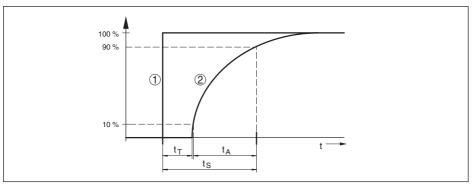


Fig. 32: Behaviour in case of sudden change of the process variable. t_{τ} dead time; t_{s} : rise time; t_{s} : jump response time

- 1 Process variable
- 2 Output signal

Dead time $\leq 50 \text{ ms}$ Rise time $\leq 150 \text{ ms}$

Step response time ≤ 200 ms (ti: 0 s, 10 ... 90 %)

Damping (63 % of the input variable) 0 ... 999 s, adjustable via menu item "Damping"

Additional output parameter - Measuring cell temperature

Range -60 ... +150 °C (-76 ... +302 °F)

Resolution < 0.2 K

Deviation

- Range of 0 ... +100 °C ±2 K

(+32 ... +212 °F)



Range of -60 ... 0 °C (-76 ... +32 °F) typ. ±4 K and +100 ... +150 °C (+212 ... +302 °F)

Output of the temperature values

Indication
 Via the display and adjustment module

Analogue
 Digital
 Via the current output, the additional current output
 Via the digital output signal (depending on the electron-

ics version)

Reference conditions and influencing variables (according to DIN EN 60770-1)

Reference conditions according to DIN EN 61298-1

- Temperature +15 ... +25 °C (+59 ... +77 °F)

- Relative humidity 45 ... 75 %

Air pressure
 Beauth of the state of the stat

Characteristic curve Linear

Reference installation position upright, diaphragm points downward

Influence of the installation position < 0.2 mbar/20 Pa (0.003 psig)

Deviation (according to IEC 60770-1)

Specifications refer to the set span. Turn down (TD) is the ratio: nominal measuring range/set span.

	Non-linearity, hysteresis and repeatability with TD 1 : 1 up to 5 : 1	Non-linearity, hysteresis and repeatability with 5 : 1
0.1 %	< 0.1 %	< 0.02 % x TD

Influence of the product temperature

Thermal change zero signal and output span

Turn down (TD) is the relation nominal measuring range/adjusted span.



Ceramic/Metal measuring cell - Standard

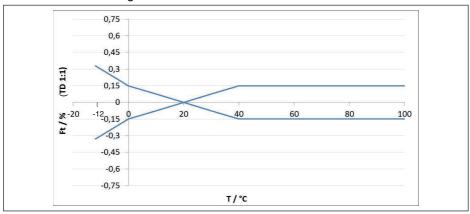


Fig. 33: Basic temperature error F_{TBasis} at TD 1 : 1

The basic temperature error in % from the above graphic can increase due to the additional factors, depending on the measuring cell version (factor FMZ) and the Turn Down (factor FTD). The additional factors are listed in the following tables.

Additional factor through measuring cell version

Measuring cell ver-	Measuring cell - Standard	Measuring cell climate-compensated, depending on measing range		
0.1 % 10 bar, 25 bar 1 b		1 bar, 2.5 bar	0.4 bar	
Factor FMZ	1	1	2	3

Additional factor through Turn Down

The additional factor FTD through Turn down is calculated according to the following formula:

$$F_{TD} = 0.5 \times TD + 0.5$$

In the table, example values for typical Turn downs are listed.

Turn Down	TD 1:1	TD 2.5 : 1	TD 5:1	TD 10:1	TD 20:1
Factor FTD	1	1.75	3	5.5	10.5

Long-term stability (according to DIN 16086)

Applies to the respective **digital** signal output (e.g. HART, Profibus PA) as well as to **analogue** current output 4 ... 20 mA under reference conditions. Specifications refer to the set span. Turn down (TD) is the ratio nominal measuring range/set span.

Long-term stability zero signal and output span

Time period	All measuring ranges	Measuring range 0 +0.025 bar/0 +2.5 kPa
One year	< 0.05 % x TD	< 0.1 % x TD
Five years	< 0.1 % x TD	< 0.2 % x TD



Time period	All measuring ranges	Measuring range 0 +0.025 bar/0 +2.5 kPa
Ten years	< 0.2 % x TD	< 0.4 % x TD

Long-term stability zero signal and output span - version climate-compensated

Nominal measuring range in bar/kPa	Nominal measuring range in psig		
0 10 bar/0 1000 kPa	0 150 psig	< (0.1 % x TD)/year	
0 25 bar/0 2500 kPa	0 350 psig	1 < (0.1 % X 1D)/year	
0 1 bar/0 100 kPa	0 15 psig	c (0.25 % x TD)/year	
0 2.5 bar/0 250 kPa	0 35 psig	< (0.25 % x TD)/year	
0 0.4 bar/0 40 kPa	0 6 psig	< (1 % x TD)/year	

Ambient conditions

Version	Ambient temperature	Storage and transport temperature
Version with connection tube	-40 +80 °C (-40 +176 °F)	-60 +80 °C (-76 +176 °F)
Version with FEP suspension cable	-20 +80 °C (-4 +176 °F)	-20 +80 °C (-4 +176 °F)
Version IP68 (1 bar) with connection cable PE	-20 +60 °C (-4 +140 °F)	-20 +60 °C (-4 +140 °F)

Process conditions

Process temperature

Process temperature

Suspension cable
 -12 ... +100 °C (+10 ... +212 °F)
 Connection tube
 -12 ... +100 °C (+10 ... +212 °F)

Process pressure

Permissible process pressure see specification "process pressure" on the type label

Mechanical stress⁶⁾

Vibration resistance

- Suspension cable 4 g at 5 ... 200 Hz according to EN 60068-2-6 (vibration

with resonance)

Connection tube
 1 g (with lengths > 0.5 m (1.64 ft), the tube must be sup-

ported in addition)

Shock resistance 50 g, 2.3 ms according to EN 60068-2-27 (mechanical

shock)7)

Electromechanical data - version IP66/IP67 and IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar) 8)

Options of the cable entry

Cable entryM20 x 1.5; ½ NPT

⁶⁾ Depending on the instrument version.

⁷⁾ 2 g with housing version stainless steel double chamber.

⁸⁾ IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar), only with absolute pressure.



- Cable gland M20 x 1.5, ½ NPT (cable ø see below table)

− Blind plug M20 x 1.5; ½ NPT

- Closing cap ½ NPT

Material cable gland/Seal insert		Cable diameter										
	5 9 mm	6 12 mm	7 12 mm	10 14 mm								
PA/NBR	•	•	-	•								
Brass, nickel-plated/NBR	•	•	-	-								
Stainless steel/NBR	_	_	•	_								

Wire cross-section (spring-loaded terminals)

Massive wire, stranded wire
 Stranded wire with end sleeve
 0.2 ... 2.5 mm² (AWG 24 ... 14)
 Stranded wire with end sleeve
 0.2 ... 1.5 mm² (AWG 24 ... 16)

Electromechanical data - version IP68 (25 bar)

Connection cable transmitter - external housing, mechanical data

- Configuration Wires, strain relief, breather capillaries, screen braiding,

metal foil, mantle 9)

Standard length
 Max. length
 Min. bending radius at 25 °C/77 °F
 St m (16.40 ft)
 180 m (590.5 ft)
 25 mm (0.985 in)

- Diameter approx. 8 mm (0.315 in)

MaterialColourBlack, blue

Connection cable transmitter - external housing, electrical data – Wire cross-section 0.5 mm 2 (AWG 20) – Wire resistance 0.037 Ω /m (0.012 Ω /ft)

Electromechanical data - version suspension cable IP68 (25 bar)

Suspension cable, mechanical data

Configuration
 Wires, strain relief, breather capillaries, screen braiding,

metal foil, mantle

 - Standard length
 5 m (16.40 ft)

 - Max. length
 250 m (820.2 ft)

 - Min. bending radius (at 25 °C/77 °F)
 25 mm (0.985 in)

- Diameter approx. 8 mm (0.315 in)

- Colour, suspension cable PE Black, blue

- Colour, suspension cable PUR/FEP Blue

Suspension cable, electrical data

- Wire cross-section 0.5 mm² (AWG 20) - Wire resistance R 0.037 Ω /m (0.012 Ω /ft)

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⁹⁾ Breather capillaries not with Ex-d version.



Interface to the external display and adjustment unit

Data transmission Digital (I²C-Bus)

Connection cable Four-wire

Sensor version	Configuration, connection cable									
	Cable length	Shielded								
4 20 mA/HART	FO									
Modbus	50 m	•	_							
Profibus PA, Foundation Fieldbus	25 m	-	•							

Interface to the Secondary sensor

Data transmission

Digital (I²C-Bus)

Configuration, connection cable

4-wire, shielded

Max. cable length 25 m

Integrated clock

Time zone, factory setting

Date format Day.Month.Year
Time format 12 h/24 h

Max. rate deviation 10.5 min/year

Additional output parameter - Electronics temperature

-40 ... +85 °C (-40 ... +185 °F)

Resolution < 0.1 K

Deviation + 3 K

Availability of the temperature values

- Indication Via the display and adjustment module

CFT

Output
 Via the respective output signal

Voltage supply

Operating voltage U_B 9 ... 32 V DC
Operating voltage U_B with lighting 13.5 ... 32 V DC

switched on

Number of sensors per DP/PA segment 32

coupler, max.

Potential connections and electrical separating measures in the instrument

Electronics Not non-floating

Reference voltage ¹⁰⁾ 500 V AC

Conductive connection Between ground terminal and metallic process fitting

¹⁰⁾ Galvanic separation between electronics and metal housing parts



Electrical protective measures 11)

Housing material	Version	Protection acc. to IEC 60529	Protection acc. to NEMA	
Plastic	Single chamber	ID00/ID07	T 4V	
	Double chamber	IP66/IP67	Type 4X	
Aluminium	Single chamber	IP66/IP67	Type 4X	
		IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar)	Type 6P	
		IP68 (1 bar)	-	
	Double chamber	IP66/IP67	Type 4X	
		IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar)	Type 6P	
Stainless steel (electro-polished)	Single chamber	IP66/IP67	Type 4X	
		IP69K		
Stainless steel (precision cast-	Single chamber	IP66/IP67	Type 4X	
ing)		IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar)	Type 6P	
		IP68 (1 bar)	-	
	Double chamber	IP66/IP67	Type 4X	
		IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar)	Type 6P	
Stainless steel	Transmitter, version with external housing	IP68 (25 bar)	-	

Connection of the feeding power supply Networks of overvoltage category III

Altitude above sea level

by default up to 2000 m (6562 ft)
 with connected overvoltage protection up to 5000 m (16404 ft)

Pollution degree ¹²⁾ 2
Protection rating (IEC/EN 61010-1) II

11.2 Communication Profibus PA

In the following, the necessary device-specific details are shown. You can find further information of Profibus PA on www.profibus.com.

Instrument master file

The instrument master file (GSD) contains the characteristic data of the Profibus PA instrument. These data are, e.g. the permissible transmission rates as well as information on diagnostics values and the format of the measured value output by the PA instrument.

A bitmap file is also provided for the Profibus network planning tool. This file is installed automatically when the GSD file is integrated. The bitmap file is used for symbolic indication of the PA instrument in the configuration tool.

ID number

Each Profibus instrument gets an unambiguous ident number (ID number) from the Profibus user

¹¹⁾ Protection rating IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar) only in conjunction with absolute pressure.

¹²⁾ When used with fulfilled housing protection.



organisation (PNO). This ID number is also included in the name of the GSD file. Optionally in addition to this manufacturer-specific GSD file, PNO also provides a general so-called profile-specific GSD file. If the general GSD file is used, the sensor must be set to the profile-specific ident number via the DTM software. By default, the sensor operates with the manufacturer-specific ID number. When using the instruments on a segment coupler SK-2 or SK-3, no special GSD files are required.

The following table shows the instrument ID and the GSD names for VEGABAR series 80.

Device name	Instrur	nent ID	GSD file name					
	VEGA	Instrument class in profile 3.02	VEGA	Profile-specific				
VEGABAR series 80	0x0BF9	0x9702	VE010BF9.GSD	PA139702.GSD				

Cyclical data traffic

The Primary class 1 (e.g. PLC) cyclically reads out measured values from the sensor during operation. The below block diagram below shows which data can be accessed by the PLC.

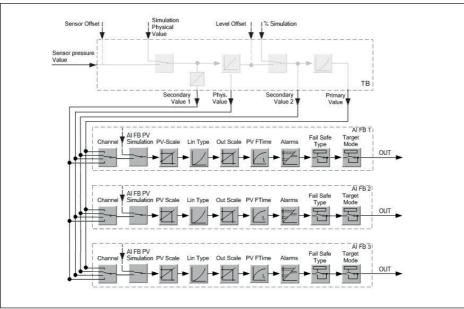


Fig. 34: VEGABAR 87: Block diagram with AI FB 1 ... AI FB 3 OUT values

TB Transducer Block

FB Function Block

Al Analogue Input

Module of the PA sensors

For the cyclic data traffic, VEGABAR 87 provides the following modules:

- AI FB1 (OUT)
 - Out value of the AI FB1 after scaling
- AI FB2 (OUT)
 - Out value of the AI FB2 after scaling



- AI FB3 (OUT)
- Out value of the AI FB3 after scaling
- Free Place
 - This module must be used if a value in the data telegram of the cyclical data traffic should not be used (e.g. replacement of temperature and Additional Cyclic Value)

A maximum of three modules can be active. By means of the configuration software of the Profibus master you can determine the configuration of the cyclical data telegram with these modules. The procedure depends on the respective configuration software.



Note:

The modules are available in two versions:

- Short for Profibus master supporting only one "Identifier Format" byte, e.g. Allen Bradlev
- Long for Profibus master only supporting the "Identifier Format" byte, e.g. Siemens S7-300/400

Examples of telegram configuration

In the following you will see how the modules can be combined and how the appendant data telegram is structured.

Example 1

- AI FB1 (OUT)
- AI FB2 (OUT)
- AI FB3 (OUT)

Byte- No.	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	10	11	12	13	14	15
Format	nat IEEE-754-Floating point value IEEE-754-Floating point value				point	Status	Status								
Value		AI FB1	(OUT))	AI FB1		AI FB2	(OUT)		Al FB2	AI FB3 (OUT)				AI FB3

Example 2

- AI FB1 (OUT)
- Free Place
- Free Place

Byte-No.	1	5
Format		Status
Value		AI FB1



Note:

Bytes 6-15 are not used in this example.

Data format of the output signal

Byte4	Byte3	Byte2	Byte1	Byte0
Status	Va	lue (IEE	E-754)	

Fig. 35: Data format of the output signal

The status byte corresponds to profile 3.02 "Profibus PA Profile for Process Control Devices" coded.



The status "Measured value OK" is coded as 80 (hex) (Bit7 = 1, Bit6 ... 0 = 0).

The measured value is transferred as a 32 bit floating point number in the IEEE-754 format.

	Byte n Byte n+1							Byte n+2							Byte n+3																
Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit	Bit
7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0	7	6	5	4	3	2	1	0
VZ		26	25	24	2 ³	22	21	20	2-1	2-2	2-3	2-4	2.5	2-6	2-7	2-8	2-9	210	211	212	213	214	215	216	217	218	219	220	221	222	2-23
Sign Bit								Sig	nific	ant						Siç	gnifi	can	t												

Value = $(-1)^{VZ} \cdot 2^{(Exponent - 127)} \cdot (1 + Significant)$

Fig. 36: Data format of the measured value

Coding of the status byte associated with the PA output value

You can find further information for the coding of the status byte in the Device Description 3.02 on www.profibus.com.

Status code	Description according to Profibus standard	Possible cause
0 x 00	bad - non-specific	Flash-Update active
0 x 04	bad - configuration error	Adjustment error Configuration error with PV-Scale (PV-Span too small) Unit irregularity Error in the linearization table
0 x 0C	bad - sensor failure	Hardware error Converter error Leakage pulse error Trigger error
0 x 10	bad - sensor failure	Measured value generation error Temperature measurement error
0 x 1f	bad - out of service con- stant	"Out of Service" mode switched on
0 x 44	uncertain - last unstable value	Failsafe replacement value (Failsafe-Mode = "Last val- ue" and already valid measured value since switching on)
0 x 48	uncertain substitute set	Switch on simulation Failsafe replacement value (Failsafe-Mode = "Fsafe value")
0 x 4c	uncertain - initial value	Failsafe replacement value (Failsafe-Mode = "Last valid value" and no valid measured value since switching on)
0 x 51	uncertain - sensor; con- version not accurate - low limited	Sensor value < lower limit
0 x 52	uncertain - sensor; con- version not accurate - high limited	Sensor value > upper limit
0 x 80	good (non-cascade) - OK	ОК
0 x 84	good (non-cascade) - active block alarm	Static revision (FB, TB) changed (10 sec. active, after the parameter of the static category has been written)



Status code	Description according to Profibus standard	Possible cause
0 x 89	good (non-cascade) - active advisory alarm - low limited	Lo-Alarm
0 x 8a	good (non-cascade) - active advisory alarm - high limited	Hi-Alarm
0 x 8d	good (non-cascade) - ac- tive critical alarm - low limited	Lo-Lo-Alarm
0 x 8e	good (non-cascade) - ac- tive critical alarm - high limited	Hi-Hi-Alarm

11.3 Calculation of the total deviation

The total deviation of a pressure transmitter indicates the maximum measurement error to be expected in practice. It is also called maximum practical deviation or operational error.

According to DIN 16086, the total deviation F_{total} is the sum of the basic deviation F_{perf} and the long-term stability F_{stab} :

$$F_{total} = F_{perf} + F_{stab}$$

The basic deviation F_{pert} in turn consists of the thermal change of the zero signal and the output span F_{τ} (temperature error) as well as the deviation $F_{\kappa t}$:

$$F_{perf} = \sqrt{((F_T)^2 + (F_{KI})^2)}$$

The thermal change of zero signal and output span F_{τ} is specified in chapter " *Technical data*". The basic temperature error F_{τ} is shown in a graphic. Depending on the measuring cell version and Turn down, this value must be multiplied with the additional factors FMZ and FTD:

Also these values are specified in chapter " Technical data".

This applies initially to the digital signal output through HART, Profibus PA, Foundation Fieldbus or Modbus

With 4 \dots 20 mA output, the thermal change of the current output F_a must be added:

$$F_{perf} = \sqrt{((F_{T})^{2} + (F_{KI})^{2} + (F_{a})^{2})}$$

To provide a better overview, the formula symbols are listed together below:

- F_{total}: Total deviation
- F_{perf}: Basic deviation
- F_{stab}: Long-term stability
- F_τ:Thermal change of zero signal and output span (temperature error)
- F_{KI}^{\cdot} : Deviation
- F: Thermal change of the current output
- FMZ: Additional factor measuring cell version
- FTD: Additional factor Turn down

11.4 Practical example

Data

Level measurement in a water reservoir, 1,600 mm height corresponds to 0.157 bar (157 kPa),



medium temperature 50 °C

VEGABAR 87 with measuring range 0.4 bar, deviation < 0.1 %, meas. cell ø 28 mm

1. Calculation of the Turn down

TD = 0.4 bar/0.157 bar, TD = 2.6:1

2. Determination temperature error F_T

The necessary values are taken from the technical data:

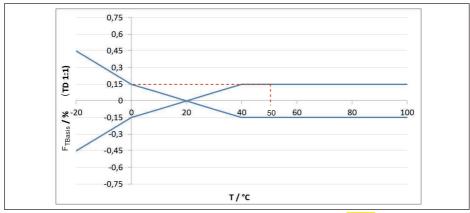


Fig. 37: Determination of the basic temperature error for the above example: $F_{TBasis} = 0.15 \%$

Turn Down	TD 1:1	TD 2.5 : 1	TD 5:1	TD 10:1	TD 20 : 1	
Factor FTD	1	<mark>1.75</mark>	3	5.5	10.5	

Tab. 26: Determination of the additional factor "turn down" for the above example: $F_{TD} = \frac{1.75}{1.00}$

Turn Down	TD 1:1	TD 2.5 : 1	TD 5 : 1	TD 10:1	TD 20 : 1
Factor FTD	1	1.75	3	5.5	10.5

Tab. 27: Determination of the additional factor "turn down" for the above example: $F_{TD} = 1.75$

$$F_T = F_{TBasis} x F_{MZ} x F_{TD}$$

$$F_{T} = 0.15 \% \times 1 \times 1.75$$

$$F_{-} = 0.26 \%$$

3. Determination of deviation and long-term stability

The required values for deviation $F_{_{KI}}$ and long-term stability $F_{_{_{Stab}}}$ are available in the technical data:

Accuracy class	Non-linearity, hysteresis and non-repeatability		
	TD ≤ 5 : 1	TD > 5:1	
0.1 %	< 0.1 %	< 0.02 % x TD	

Tab. 28: Determination of the deviation from table: $F_{KI} = 0.1 \%$



VEGABAR 86

Time pe- riod	Mea	Measuring cell	
	All measuring ranges	Measuring range 0 +0.025 bar/0 +2.5 kPa	ø 17.5 mm
One year	< 0.05 % x TD	< 0.1 % x TD	< 0.1 % x TD
Five years	< 0.1 % x TD	< 0.2 % x TD	< 0.2 % x TD
Ten years	< 0.2 % x TD	< 0.4 % x TD	< 0.4 % x TD

VEGABAR 87

Time period	All measuring ranges	Measuring range 0 +0.025 bar/0 +2.5 kPa
One year	< 0.05 % x TD	< 0.1 % x TD
Five years	< 0.1 % x TD	< 0.2 % x TD
Ten years	< 0.2 % x TD	< 0.4 % x TD

Tab. 29: Determination of the long-term stability from the table, consideration for one year: $F_{\text{stab}} = 0.05 \% \times \text{TD} = 0.05 \% \times 2.6 = \frac{0.13 \%}{6}$

4. Calculation of the total deviation - digital signal

- 1. step: Basic accuracy F_{perf}

$$F_{perf} = \sqrt{((F_T)^2 + (F_{KI})^2)}$$

$$F_{-} = 0.26 \%$$

$$F_{perf} = \sqrt{(0.26 \%)^2 + (0.1 \%)^2}$$

$$F_{perf} = 0.28 \%$$

- 2. step: Total deviation F

$$F_{total} = F_{perf} + F_{stab}$$

$$F_{perf} = 0.28 \%$$
 (result of step 1)

$$F_{stab} = (0.05 \% x TD)$$

$$F_{stab} = (0.05 \% x 2.5)$$

$$F_{stab} = 0.13 \%$$

$$F_{\text{total}} = 0.28 \% + 0.13 \% = 0.41 \%$$

The total deviation of the measuring system is hence 0.41 %.

Deviation in mm: 0.41 % of 1600 mm = 7 mm

The example shows that the measurement error in practice can be considerably higher than the basic accuracy. Reasons are temperature influence and Turn down.

11.5 Dimensions

The following dimensional drawings represent only an extract of the possible versions. Detailed dimensional drawings can be downloaded at www.vega.com under " Downloads" and " Drawings".



Plastic housing

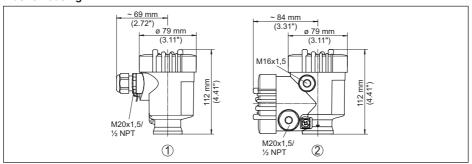


Fig. 38: Housing versions in protection IP66/IP67 (with integrated display and adjustment module the housing is 9 mm/0.35 in higher)

- 1 Plastic single chamber
- 2 Plastic double chamber

Aluminium housing

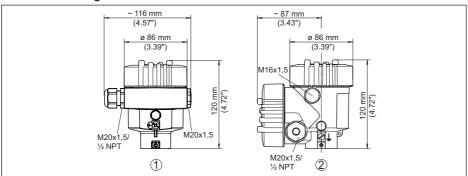


Fig. 39: Housing versions with protection rating IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar), (with integrated display and adjustment module the housing is 18 mm/0.71 in higher)

- 1 Aluminium single chamber
- 2 Aluminium double chamber



Aluminium housing with protection rating IP66/IP68 (1 bar)

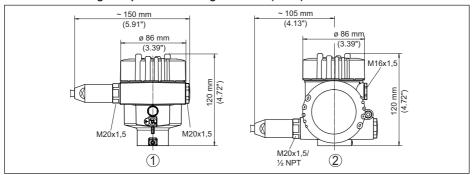


Fig. 40: Housing version with protection rating IP66/IP68 (1 bar), (with integrated display and adjustment module the housing is 18 mm/0.71 in higher)

- 1 Aluminium single chamber
- 2 Aluminium double chamber

Stainless steel housing

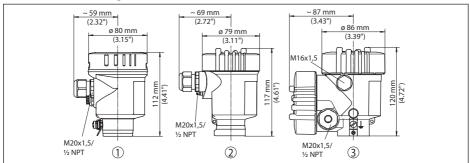


Fig. 41: Housing versions in protection rating IP66/IP68 (0.2 bar), (with integrated display and adjustment module the housing is 9 mm/0.35 in or 18 mm/0.71 in higher)

- 1 Stainless steel single chamber (electropolished)
- 2 Stainless steel single chamber (precision casting)
- 2 Stainless steel double chamber housing (precision casting)



Stainless steel housing with protection rating IP66/IP68 (1 bar)

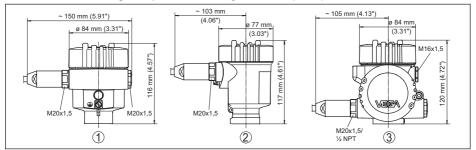


Fig. 42: Housing versions in protection rating IP66/IP68 (1 bar), (with integrated display and adjustment module the housing is 9 mm/0.35 in or 18 mm/0.71 in higher)

- 1 Stainless steel single chamber (electropolished)
- 2 Stainless steel single chamber (precision casting)
- 3 Stainless steel double chamber housing (precision casting)

Stainless steel housing with protection rating IP69K

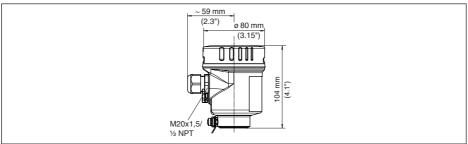


Fig. 43: Housing version with protection rating IP69K (with integrated display and adjustment module the housing is 9 mm/0.35 in higher)

1 Stainless steel single chamber (electropolished)



External housing on IP68 version

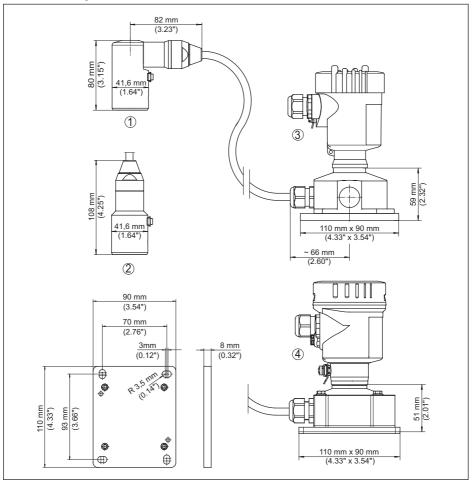


Fig. 44: VEGABAR 87, IP68 version with external housing

- 1 Lateral cable outlet
- 2 Axial cable outlet
- 3 Plastic single chamber
- 4 Stainless steel single chamber
- 5 Seal 2 mm (0.079 in), (only with 3A approval)



VEGABAR 87

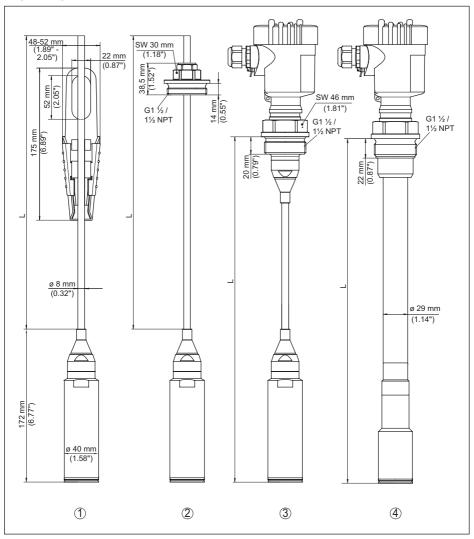


Fig. 45: VEGABAR 87, standard fittings

- 1 Straining clamp
- 2 Threaded fitting
- 3 Thread G11/2
- 4 Thread 11/2 NPT
- 5 Lock fitting



VEGABAR 87, flange connection

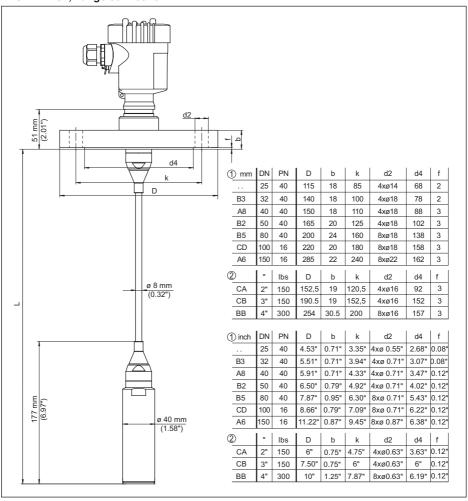


Fig. 46: VEGABAR 87, flange connection

- 1 Flanges according to DIN 2501
- 2 Flanges according to ASME B16.5



VEGABAR 87, hygienic fitting

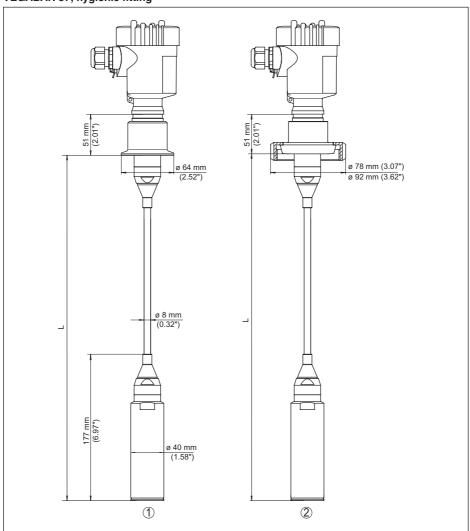


Fig. 47: VEGABAR 87, hygienic fittings

- 1 Clamp 2" PN 16 (ø 64 mm) DIN 32676, ISO 2852
- 2 Slotted nut DN 50



11.6 Industrial property rights

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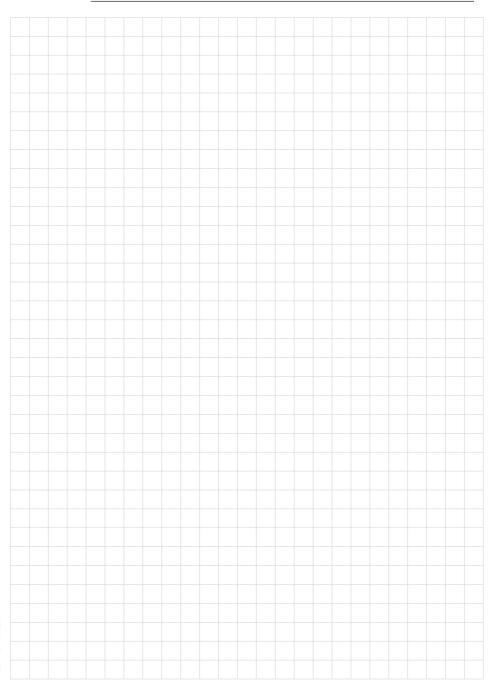
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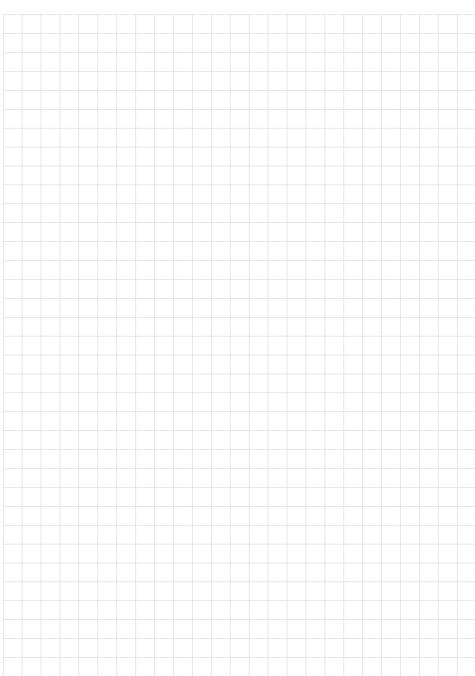
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